

9081 HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing and Dolby[®] Decoding Option

Product Manual

Cobalt Digital Inc.



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Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt [®] 9081 HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing and Dolby [®] Decoding Option. The 9081 is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your 9081, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Overview

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9081 HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing card (also referred to herein as the 9081).

Note: This manual also covers the 9081 equipped with Dolby[®] decoding as an option (denoted by option code **+DEC**). Where applicable, descriptions related exclusively to a card equipped with option **+DEC** are denoted by **+DEC only**. In all other aspects, all 9081 cards function identically as described in this manual.

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1, "Introduction"** Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 9081.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing the 9081 in a frame, and optionally installing 9081 Rear I/O Modules.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the 9081.

This chapter contains the following information:

- 9081 Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- 9081 Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-16)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-19)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-20)

9081 Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build.

The Software Version of your card can be checked by viewing the **Card Info** menu in DashBoardTM. See Checking 9081 Card Information (p. 3-7) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information. You can then check our website for the latest software version currently released for the card as described below.

Check our website and proceed as follows if your card's software does not match the latest version:

Card Software earlier than latest version	Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available.
	You can update your card with new Update software by going to the Support>Firmware Downloads link at www.cobaltdigital.com. Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then uploading it to your card through DashBoard [™] .
	Software updates are field-installed without any need to remove the card from its frame.
Card Software newer than version in manual	A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated and specifications and/or functionality have changed as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card.
	If your card shows features not described in this manual, you can check for the latest manual (if applicable) and download it by going to the Support>Documents>Product Information and Manuals link at www.cobaltdigital.com.

Cobalt Reference Guides

From the Cobalt[®] web home page, go to **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, and other topics.

Manual Conventions

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the 9081 itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:



• Connector names are shown like this: **SDI OUT**

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **9081** refers to the 9081 HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing and Dolby[®] Decoding Option card.
- Frame refers to the HPF-9000, OG3-FR, 8321, or similar 20-slot frame that houses Cobalt[®] or other cards.
- **Device** and/or **Card** refers to a COMPASSTM card.
- System and/or Video System refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the 9081 and other COMPASSTM cards operate.
- Functions and/or features that are available only as an option are denoted in this manual like this:



Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

Cautions

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

Notes

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

Labeling Symbol Definitions

\triangle	Attention, consult accompanying documents.
	Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices. If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components.
	 Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following: Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collect this product separately. Use collection and return systems available to you.

Safety Summary

Warnings



To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

Cautions

CAUTION	This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.
CAUTION	This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear® frame. Refer to the frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products.
CAUTION	Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling.
CAUTION	If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9081 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.
CAUTION	If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

9081 Functional Description

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the 9081. The 9081 frame synchronizer also includes embedded audio support and routing and a video processor. The 9081 also handles AFD code detection and processing, and closed captioning support.

(+DEC only) +DEC option also performs $Dolby^{\otimes} E$ and $Dolby^{\otimes} Digital^{TM}$ decoding.

Note: Some of the functions described below are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Control Panels user interfaces. Refer to User Control Interface (p. 1-13) for user interface descriptions.

9081 Input/Output Formats

The 9081 provides the following inputs and outputs:

- Inputs:
 - HD/SD SDI IN dual-rate HD/SD-SDI input
- Outputs:
 - SDI OUT four dual-rate HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs
 - RCK OUT four reclocked HD/SD-SDI input copies
 - DOLBY META (+DEC only) RS-485 Dolby[®] metadata output can consist of input video or Dolby[®] decoder metadata output.
- **Note:** The input/output complement listed above represents the maximum capability of the 9081. The practical input/output complement is determined by the particular Rear I/O Module used with the 9081. Refer to 9081 Rear I/O Modules (p. 1-15) for more information.

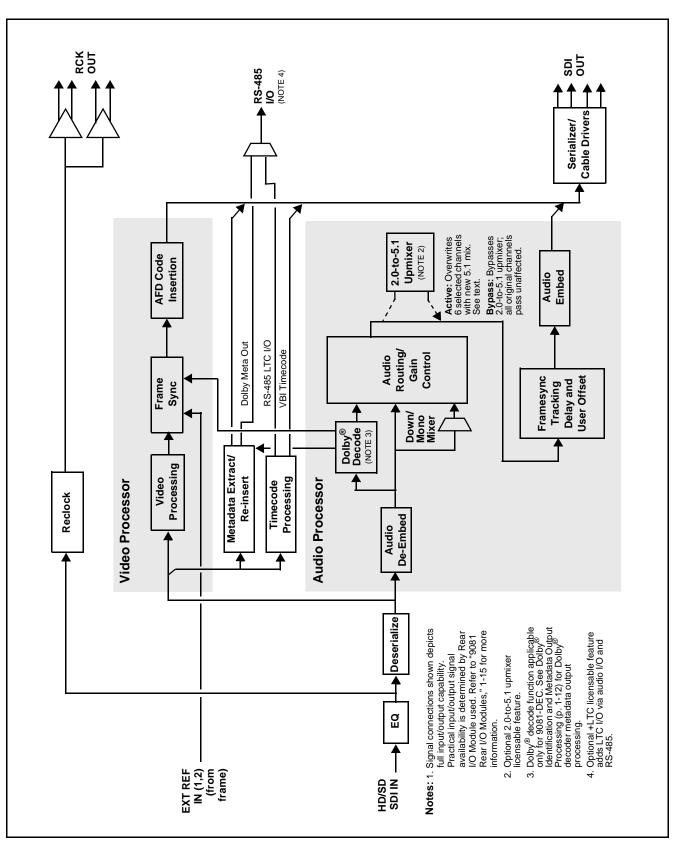


Figure 1-1 9081 Functional Block Diagram

Video Processor Description

Video Processor

The 9081 provides full color processing control (luma gain and lift, chroma saturation, and color phase) of the output video.

Frame Sync Function

This function provides for frame sync control using either one of two external **EXT REF IN (1,2)** reference signals distributed with the card frame, or the input video as a frame sync reference.

This function allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

A video/audio delay offset function allows adding or reducing audio delay from the matching video delay. This function is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. A Reset Framesync function resets the frame sync following any horizontal or vertical offset changes, clearing any buffered audio and video and re-establishing the frame sync. The 9081 re-establishes video/audio sync following framesync changes by applying an offset in small, progressive amounts to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. A user-selectable hard resync function allows setting a threshold at which hard resync is applied if audio-video offset exceeds the threshold. Hard resync provides fastest snyc-up suitable for off-air manipulation. Conversely, a threshold setting that avoids hard resync allows glitch-free on-air manipulation.

In the event of input video loss of signal, this function provides for disabling the video, going to a desired color raster, or freezing to the last intact frame (frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

(**+DEC only**) When Dolby[®] data is received and actively routed into embedded output channels, the frame sync function delays the video by one frame (as required by the Dolby[®] decode processing delay) to maintain video/ audio sync.

AFD Inserter

This function provides for assignment and insertion of AFD codes into the SDI output video. Using this function, AFD codes in accordance with the standard 4-bit AFD code designations can be applied to the output video.

This function checks for any existing AFD code within the received video input. If a code is present, the code is displayed. When used in conjunction with a separate downstream card capable of providing AFD-directed scaling, the image can in turn be scaled in accordance with the AFD coding embedded by this card.

The function also allows the selection/changing of the AFD code and ancillary data line number for the outputted AFD code.

Timecode Processor

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from the input video, and in turn re-insertion of timecode data into the output SDI. The function can monitor the SDI video input of the card for supported timecode formats, and then select and prioritize among SDI VITC, SDI ATC VITC, and SDI ATC LTC timecode sources. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired.

The function provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

Option Solution +LTC allows bidirectional transfer and conversion between VBI formats over SDI and audio LTC, as well as RS-485 LTC. Audio LTC can be received or sent over a selected balanced analog audio input, or as digital audio over a selected embedded audio input.

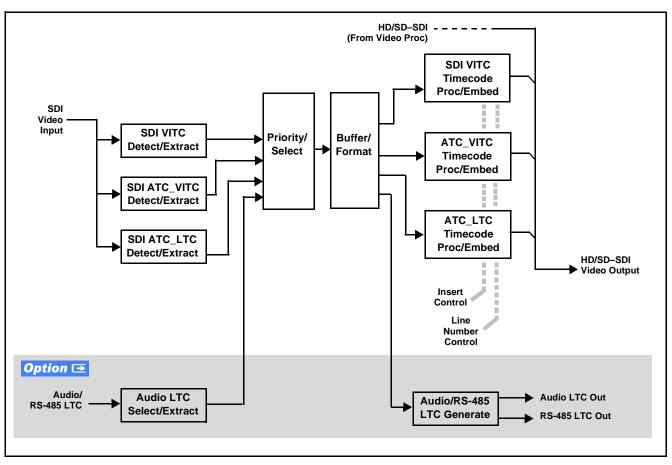


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

Audio Processor Description

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. The router function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video
- Four independent internal tone generators (described below)
- Digital silence (mute) setting
- Internal Down Mix and Mono Mixer outputs (described below)
- (+DEC only) Decoded Dolby[®] channels

The router function provides 16 channels of embedded audio on the **SDI OUT** outputs. The router acts as an audio cross point. Each of the 16 embedded output channels can receive signal from any one of 16 embedded audio input channels, four internal tone generators, or several mixer outputs. Unused output channels can be mapped to a "Silence" source. Each output also provides gain adjustment and selectable polarity inversion. Output audio rates are always 48 kHz locked to the selected reference.

(**+DEC only**) In addition to the audio sources described above, the up to 10 decoded Dolby[®] channels are available as input sources.

As set with the default settings, the routing between embedded input channels and output channels is basic 1-to-1 (embedded input channel 1 input is routed to embedded output channel 1, and so on). Other sources (described below) for each channel are selected using the card edge controls or a remote control system.

Audio Down Mix and Mono Mix Function

(See Figure 1-3.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded audio sources serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into stereo pair Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

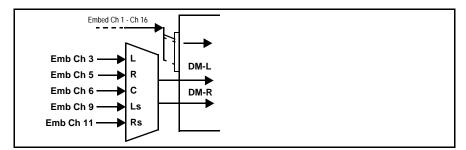


Figure 1-3 Audio Down Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

The Mono Mixer function generates an additional mono-mixed channel from two selected embedded input channels serving as left and right inputs. The resulting mono mix channel is available as an audio source for any of the 16 destination embedded output channels.

Loudness Processor (Option +LP) Option

Note: Loudness processor function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt[®] price lists as **+LP**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

If your card was purchased with option **+LP**, loudness processor manual supplement "5.1 and Stereo Loudness Processing Options for Compass[®] Cards (+LP51, +LP20) Manual Supplement" (OPT-SW-LP-MS) is included in your documentation package. Supplement OPT-SW-LP-MS can be downloaded from our website or requested using the Cobalt contact information in this manual.

2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function Option 📼

Note: Upmix function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt[®] price lists as **+UM**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function receives a normal PCM stereo pair from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function and upmixes the pair to provide 5.1 channels (Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Low Frequency Effects (LFE), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs)). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected embedded channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo L and R inputs with new L and R signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to up mix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

- If the upmixer detects signal level **below** a selected threshold on **all four** of the selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content.
- If the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the four selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed, allowing the original channels to pass unaffected.

The examples in Figure 1-4 show the automatic enable/disable up-mixing function applied to example selected channels **Emb Ch 1** thru **Emb Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS). Note also that this function is applied **after** the Audio Delay and Audio Routing/Gain Control functions.

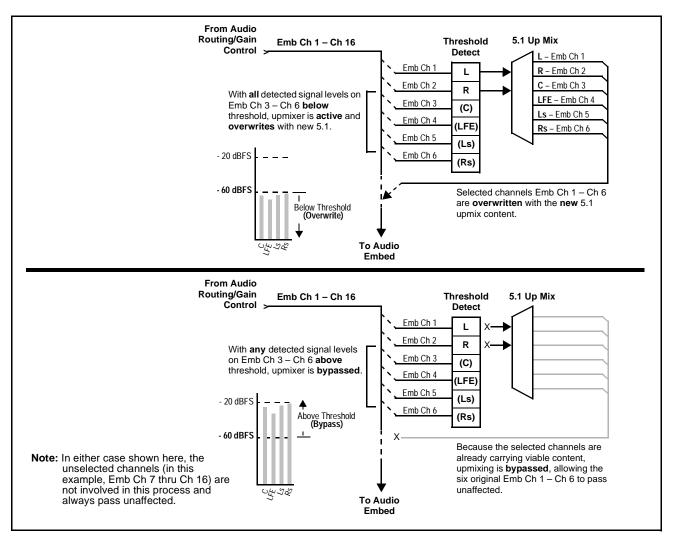


Figure 1-4 Up Mix Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

Tone Generator Function

The 9305 contains four built-in tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4). Each of the four tone generators can be set to a different frequency, and are available as audio sources for each embedded channel audio output. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz).

Dolby[®] Decoding (+DEC only) **Option D**

Note: Although the 9081 with the Dolby[®] decoder can provide Dolby[®] Digital[™] (AC-3) decoding, discussion and examples here describe only Dolby[®] E decoding.

When Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] DigitalTM is present on an embedded audio pair, the decoder produces up to 10 decoded channels (according to the Dolby[®] sub-format received from the metadata). All resulting channels are available as inputs to the audio router.

Dolby® Identification and Metadata Output Processing

(See Figure 1-5.) All embedded channels are checked by the 9081 for valid Dolby[®] status. When a valid Dolby[®] encoded embedded pair is detected, the channel pair carrying the Dolby[®] format is displayed as "Present, Dolby E" or "Present, Dolby Digital", as applicable. (The decoder always uses the metadata associated with its respective pair.) A selected encoded channel pair can then be directed to the Dolby[®] decoder. The decoder then displays the Dolby[®] bitstream format and program configuration (for example, "Dolby E 20-bit 5.1+2" indicating 5-channel surround with LFE channel and stereo monitor pair) for the selected pair, as defined by its metadata.

Metadata can be embedded on the SDI output, sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired. Similarly, the **DOLBY META** output can provide RS-485 metadata for downstream devices or systems. Metadata on the **DOLBY META** RS-485 output can also be sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired.

Audio Decoding

(See Figure 1-5.) Based on the channels carrying the Dolby[®] encoded pair and the format defined within, the Dolby[®] decoder provides up to 10 decoded audio channels (**Dolby Ch 1** thru **Dolby Ch 8**; **Dolby Mix 1**, **Dolby Mix 2**). Each channel can be routed just as any other audio channel described in this section.

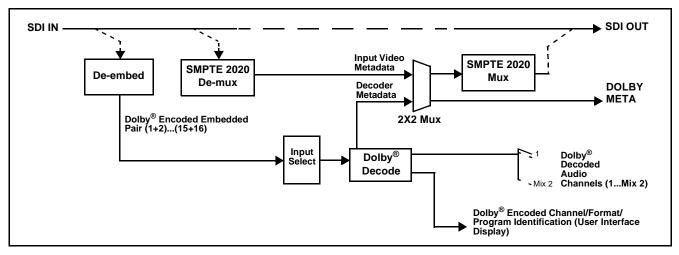


Figure 1-5 Dolby[®] Decoding and Metadata Output Processing

User Control Interface

Figure 1-6 shows the user control interface options for the 9081. These options are individually described below.

Note: All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.

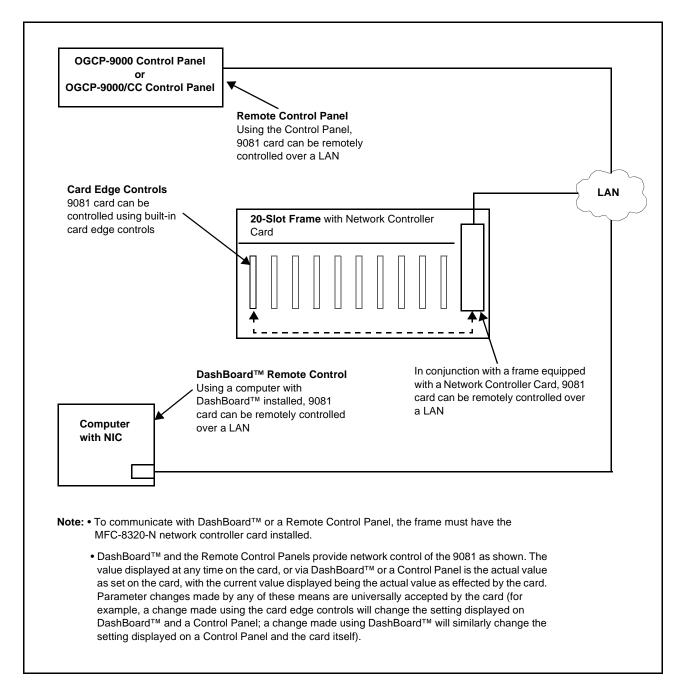


Figure 1-6 9081 User Control Interface

- **Built-in Card Edge User Interface** Using the built-in card edge controls and display, card control settings can be set using a front panel menu which is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".
- Note: Some of the 9081 functions described in this manual are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel user interfaces.
 - **DashBoard™ User Interface** Using DashBoard™, the 9081 and other cards installed in openGear®¹ frames such as the Cobalt[®] HPF-9000 or 8321 Frame can be controlled from a computer and monitor.

DashBoardTM allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoardTM, so the control interface is always up to date.

The DashBoardTM software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website: <u>www.cobaltdigital.com</u> (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoardTM user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide **Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM)** provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS[™] cards using DashBoard[™]. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

> Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents> Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-20).

 Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000, OGCP-9000/CC and WinOGCP Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000, OGCP-9000/CC, and WinOGCP Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of the cards within the 20-slot frame.

The remote control panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.

The remote control panels are totally compatible with the openGear[®] control software DashBoardTM; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other.

^{1.} openGear® is a registered trademark of Ross Video Limited. DashBoardTM is a trademark of Ross Video Limited.

9081 Rear I/O Modules

The 9081 physically interfaces to system video and audio connections using a Rear I/O Module. Figure 1-7 shows a typical 9081 Rear I/O Module.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 9081 Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-1) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the 9081 card edge connections to industry standard connections that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

In this manner, the particular inputs and outputs required for a particular application can be accommodated using a Rear I/O Module that best suits the requirements. The required input and outputs are broken out to the industry standard connectors on the Rear I/O Module; the unused inputs and outputs remain unterminated and not available for use.

The full assortment of 9081 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9081 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-4) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

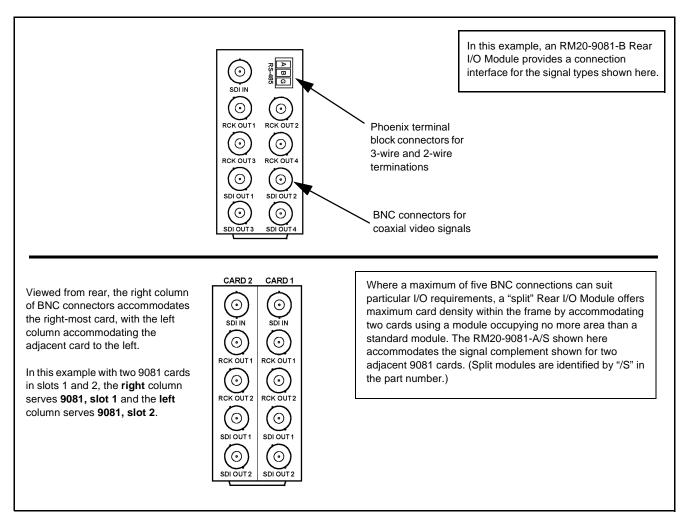


Figure 1-7 Typical 9081 Rear I/O Modules

Audio and Video Formats Supported by the 9081

The 9081 supports all current SMPTE standard SD and HD video formats. Table 1-1 lists and provides details regarding the audio and video formats supported by the 9081.

Item	Description/Specification	
Input / Output Video	Raster Structure:	Frame Rate:
	1080PsF	23.98; 24
	1080p	23.98; 24
	1080i ⁽¹⁾	25; 29.97; 30
	720p	23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94; 60
	486i ⁽¹⁾	29.97
	575i ⁽¹⁾	25
Embedded Audio	The 9081 supports all four groups (16 channels) of embedded audio at full 24-bit resolution in both SD (with extended data packets) and HD.	
(1) All rates displayed as frame rat	es; interlaced ("i") field rates are two times the r	rate value shown.

Technical Specifications

Table 1-2 lists the technical specifications for the 9081 HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing and Dolby[®] Decoding Option card.

Item	Characteristic
Part number, nomenclature	9081 – HD/SD Frame Sync with Embedded Audio Processing
Installation/usage environment	Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear® modular system definition.
Power consumption	< 9 Watts maximum
Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage):	32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing
Frame communication	10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX.

Table 1-2	Technical Specifications	
	reenneur epeenneurene	

Item	Characteristic
Indicators	Card edge display and indicators as follows:
	• 4-character alphanumeric display
	Status/Error LED indicator
	Input Format LED indicator
Controls	Card edge switches as follows:
	Menu Enter pushbutton switch
	Menu Exit pushbutton switch
	Up/down selection toggle switch
Internal Tone Generators	Four built-in tone generators, each configurable for 18 discrete sine wave frequencies ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz.
	Generator source signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.
Resolution	10-bit video data path
Serial Digital Video Input	Data Rates Supported:
	SMPTE 292 HD-SDI: 1.485 Gbps or 1.485/1.001 Gbps
	SMPTE 259M-C SD-SDI: 270 Mbps
	Impedance:
	75 Ω terminating
	Equalization (HD):
	328 ft (100 m) Belden 1694A
	Equalization (SD):
	1000 ft (305 m) Belden 1694A
	Return Loss:
	> 15 dB at 5 MHz – 1.485 GHz
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video	Number of Outputs:
Outputs	Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2
	Impedance:
	75 Ω
	Return Loss:
	> 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz
	> 12 dB at 270 MHz – 1.485 GHz
	Signal Level:
	800 mV ± 10%

Table 1-2	Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs (cont.)	DC Offset: 0 V ± 50 mV Jitter (HD): < 0.15 UI (all outputs) Jitter (SD): < 0.10 UI (all outputs) Overshoot: < 0.2% of amplitude
Pre-Processor (Reclocked) Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 Ω
Reference Video Input	Number of Inputs: Two non-terminating (looping) Frame Reference inputs Standards Supported (HD): 720p 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94 1080i 25; 29.97 1080p 23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30 1080p/sF 23.98; 24 Standards Supported (SD): 486i 29.97 (NTSC); 575i 25 (PAL) Signal Level: 1 Vp-p nominal Signal Type: Analog video sync (black burst or tri-level) Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 30 dB to 30 MHz Allowable Maximum DC on Ref Input: ±1.0 V

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications — continued

Warranty and Service Information

Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby[®] modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center

2406 E. University Avenue	Office: (217) 344-1243
Urbana, IL 61802 USA	Fax: (217) 344-1245
www.cobaltdigital.com	Email: info@cobaltdigital.com

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Contact Cobalt Digital Inc.

Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- Technical support
- Upcoming trade show information

Phone:	(217) 344-1243
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General Information:	info@cobaltdigital.com
Technical Support:	support@cobaltdigital.com

Chapter 2

Installation and Setup

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

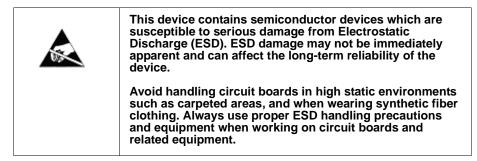
- Installing the 9081 Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-1)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3)
- Setting Up 9081 Network Remote Control (p. 2-6)

Installing the 9081 Into a Frame Slot

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling.

CAUTION



Note: If installing the 9081 in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9081 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

Note: Check the packaging in which the 9081 was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and should be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the 9081 into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the 9081 is to be installed.
- **2.** Open the frame front access panel.
- **3.** While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- 4. Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- 6. Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- **7.** Close the frame front access panel.
- 8. Connect the input and output cables as follows:
 - If the 9081 is being installed in a PN 8310-BNC or 8310-C-BNC frame, refer to the label on the connector bank corresponding to the card's slot location for connector designations.
 - If the 9081 is being installed in a frame using a 9081 Rear I/O Module, connect cabling in accordance with the appropriate diagram shown in Table 2-1, "9081 Rear I/O Modules" (p. 2-5).
- 9. Repeat steps 1 through 8 for other 9081 cards.
- **Note:** External frame sync reference signals are received by the card over a reference bus on the card frame, and not on any card rear I/O module connectors. The frame has BNC connectors labeled **REF 1** and **REF 2** which receive the reference signal from an external source such as a house distribution.

Note:	The 9081 BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.
Note:	To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.
	10. If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Cobalt [®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM)".
Note:	If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard [™] , no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard [™] and be ready for use.

Installing a Rear I/O Module

Note: This procedure is applicable only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed in the slot where the 9081 is to be installed. If installing the 9081 in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the 9081 is to be installed.
- 2. In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-1.

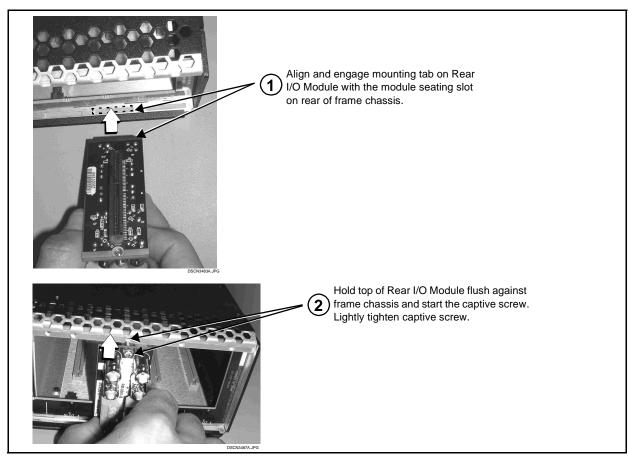


Figure 2-1 Rear I/O Module Installation

9081 Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 9081.

Note: Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.

Table 2-19081 Rear I/O Modules

9081 Rear I/O Module	Description
RM20-9081-A	Provides the following connections:
	 HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)
	 Four HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT 1 thru RCK OUT 4)
Image: Circle of the circle	• Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 thru SDI OUT 4)
RM20-9081-B	Provides the following connections:
	 HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)
	 Four HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT 1 thru RCK OUT 4)
	 RS-485 Dolby[®] metadata/LTC I/O output (RS-485)
Image: Construction of the sector of the	• Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 thru SDI OUT 4)

9081 Rear I/O Module	Description
RM20-9081-A/S CARD 2 CARD 1	Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9081 cards:
	HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)
	 HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT 1 and RCK OUT 2)
	 Buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2)
	Note: RM20-9081-A/S Rear I/O Module compatible only with 20-slot frames.
SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 1	
SDI OUT 2 SDI OUT 2	
RM20-9081-AS.PNG	

 Table 2-1
 9081 Rear I/O Modules — continued

Setting Up 9081 Network Remote Control

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt[®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS[™] cards using DashBoard[™]. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-20).

 If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Chapter 3

Operating Instructions

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the 9081 Card via Remote Control (p. 3-5)
- Checking 9081 Card Information (p. 3-7)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8)
- 9081 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-9)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-42)

Control and Display Descriptions

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays (both on-card and remote controls) for using the 9081 card. The 9081 functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the 9081 functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the 9081 functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

DashBoard[™] and the Remote Control Panel provide greatly simplified user Note: interfaces as compared to using the card edge controls. For this reason, it is strongly recommended that DashBoard[™] or a Remote Control Panel be used for all card applications other than the most basic cases. Card edge control codes are not included in this manual. If card-edge control is to be used, obtain a copy of "Manual Supplement - Card-Edge Control Reference Master List and Instructions for Using Compass[®] Card-edge (Local) Control Codes" (989CEC-MS.pdf) at

www.cobaltdigital.com>Support>Documents>Reference Guides.

Note: When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard[™] (or the Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the 9081 card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the 9081 card are organized into function **submenus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the 9081 card and its submenus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function submenus, and parameters.

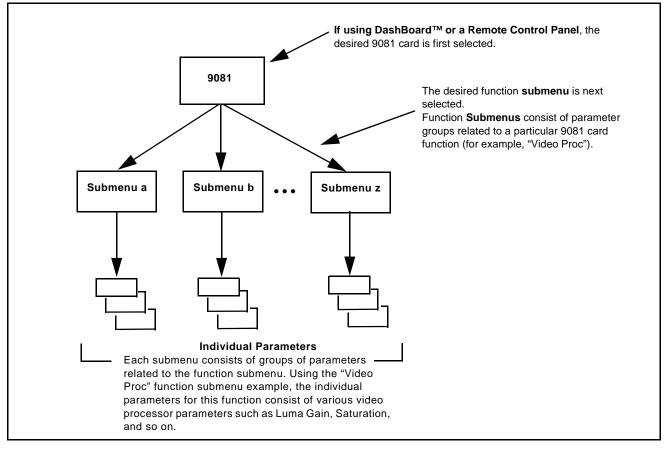


Figure 3-1 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

DashBoard[™] User Interface

(See Figure 3-2.) The 9081 function submenus are organized in DashBoardTM using tabs. When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed in DashBoardTM are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9081 card edge controls.

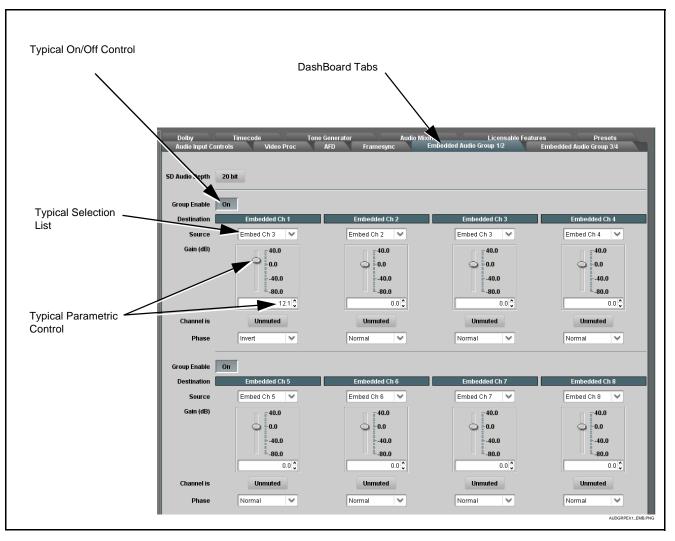


Figure 3-2 Typical DashBoard Tabs and Controls

Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces

(See Figure 3-3.) Similar to the function submenu tabs using DashBoardTM, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act like a potentiometer. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act like a rotary switch. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9081 card edge controls.)

Figure 3-3 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel as compared to using the card edge controls.

Note: Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

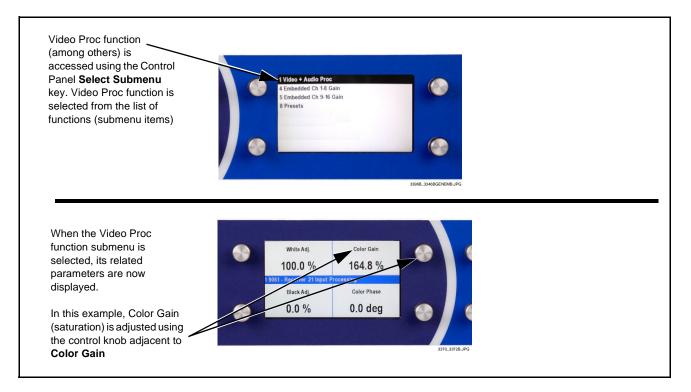


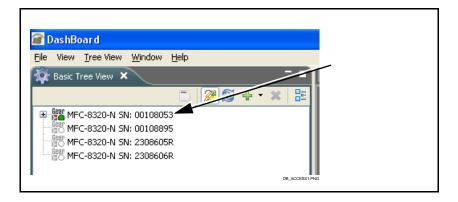
Figure 3-3 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

Accessing the 9081 Card via Remote Control

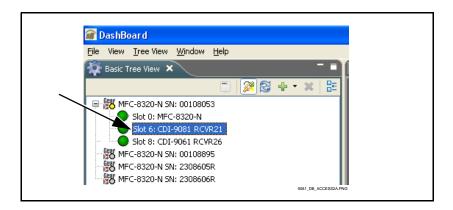
Access the 9081 card using DashBoardTM or Cobalt[®] Remote Control Panel as described below.

Accessing the 9081 Card Using DashBoard™

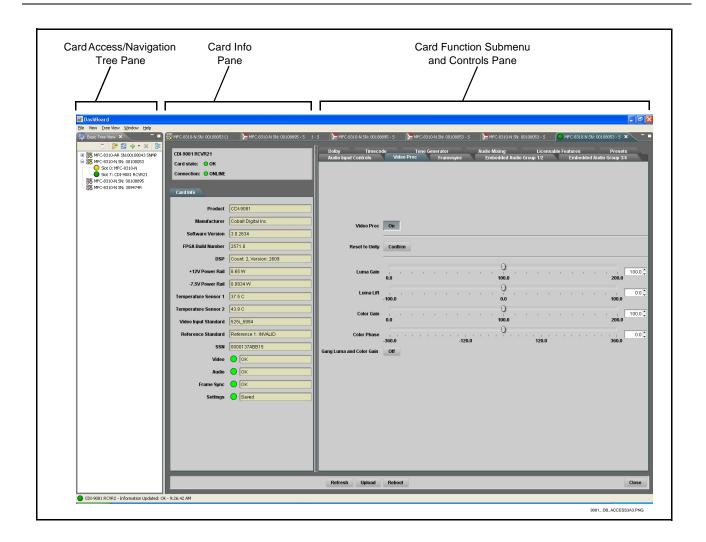
- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoardTM.
- **2.** As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the 9081 card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053").



3. As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 6: CDI-9081 RCVR21").

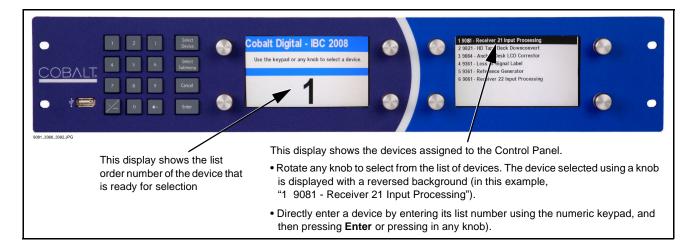


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed in DashBoardTM its function submenu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular submenu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoardTM).



Accessing the 9081 Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



Checking 9081 Card Information

The operating status and software version the 9081 card can be checked using DashBoardTM or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-4 shows and describes the 9081 card information screen using DashBoardTM and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

Note: Proper operating status in DashBoard[™] is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-4. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-42) for corrective action.

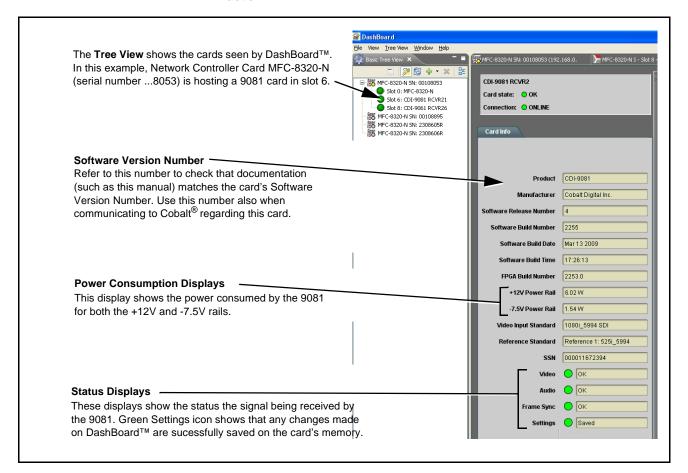


Figure 3-4 9081 Card Info Utility

Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

	Default Line No. / Range		
Item	SD	HD	
AFD	12 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)	
ATC_VITC	13 (Note 2)	9/8 (Note 2)	
ATC_LTC	—	10 (Note 2)	
Dolby [®] Metadata	13 (Note 2)	13 (Note 2)	
SDI VITC Waveform	14/16 (Note 2)	—	
Closed Captioning	21 (locked)	10 (Note 2)	

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.

2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting
525i	12-19	720p	9-25	1080p	9-41
625i	9-22	1080i	9-20		

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-5 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

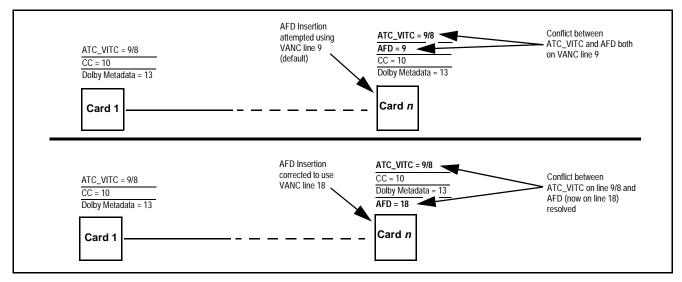


Figure 3-5 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Conflict and Resolution

9081 Function Submenu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 9081 function submenu and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoard[™] to access each function and its corresponding submenus and parameters.

Note: All numeric (scalar) parameters displayed on DashBoard[™] can be changed using the slider controls, arrows, or by numeric keypad entry in the corresponding numeric field. (When using numeric keypad entry, add a return after the entry to commit the entry.)

On DashBoardTM itself and in Table 3-2, the function submenu items are organized using tabs as shown below.



The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function submenu item can be found.

Function Submenu Item	Page	Function Submenu Item	Page
Audio Input Controls	3-10	Dolby Decoder (+DEC only)	3-28
Video Proc	3-11	Dolby E Metadata (+DEC only)	3-30
AFD	3-12	Dolby D Metadata (+DEC only)	3-31
Framesync	3-13	Tone Generator	3-37
Embedded Audio Group 1/2	3-18	Audio Mixing	3-32
Embedded Audio Group 3/4	3-22	Licensable Features	3-37
Timecode	3-24	Presets	3-38

Table 3-29081 Function Submenu List

Audio Input Controls	Displays signal status for the 16 embedded audio channels. Also provides global unity routing/parameter control resets.
Status Displays	 Individual signal status displays for embedded audio channels 1-16 as follows: Not Present: Indicates embedded channel does not contain recognized audio PCM data. Note: Channel displaying Not Present may still carry usable audio data with Unlocked being displayed due to invalid headers. Present, Professional: Indicates embedded channel contains recognized audio PCM data. Present, Dolby E: Indicates embedded channel contains Dolby[®] E encoded data. Present, Dolby Digital: Indicates embedded channel contains Dolby[®] Digital encoded data. Note: Dolby status displays shown to the left only occur for valid Dolby[®] signals meeting SMPTE 337M standard. (9081 only) The 9081 card does not perform Dolby[®] processing on the signal. Although the 9081 controls will appear to be usable for this signal tag, the signal is passed through with all gain and polarity controls set to unity. (+DEC only) When Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] DigitalTM is present on an embedded audio pair, the decoder can provide up to 10 decoded channels (according to the Dolby[®] sub-format and received metadata). All decoded channels are available as inputs to the audio router.
Apply Audio Unity Settings Confirm	Applies embedded unity channel selection. To apply the unity reset, click the Confirm button. When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation. • Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset. • Click No to reject unity reset. When confirmed, the destination channel controls are default reset as follows: • Gain is to unity • Phase control is set to Normal • Channel is set to Unmuted

Table 3-2	9081 Function Submenu List — continued

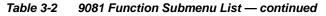
Video Proc	Provides the following Video Proc parametric controls
Video Proc Video Proc On	 Video Proc (On/Off) provides master on/off control of all Video Proc functions. When set to Off, all processing is bypassed. When set to On, currently displayed parameter settings take effect.
Reset to Unity Reset to Unity Confirm	 Reset to Unity provides unity reset control of all Video Proc functions. When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation. Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset. Click No to reject unity reset.
• Luma Gain Luma Gain 0.0	Adjusts gain percentage applied to Luma (Y channel). (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
• Luma Lift Luma Lift -100.0	Adjusts lift applied to Luma (Y-channel). (-100% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; null = 0.0%)
• Color Gain	Adjusts gain percentage (saturation) applied to Chroma (C-channel). (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
Color Phase Color Phase -360.0	Adjusts phase angle applied to Chroma. (-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Gang Luma and Color Gain Gang Luma and Color Gain On	When set to On , changing either the Luma Gain or Color Gain control increases or decreases both the Luma and Chroma levels by equal amounts.

	AFD		ignment of AFD ne SDI output vie		mat Description)
	is function only marks the SDI output with rd or system that recognizes an AFD cod		al AFD processing i	must be perforr	ned by a downstream
• Incomi	ng AFD	Displays incomin	g AFD setting as fol	lows:	
	-	• If AFD code is p	resent, one of the 11	, four-bit AFD o	codes is displayed (as
Incoming AFD	16:9 coded frame - 1010 - 16:9 (image protect	number of the ir	ample to the left). A coming AFD code. g is present in the v		
• Output	Mode	Drop-down select existing AFD cod		on to take in pr	esence or absence of
Output Mode	Pass If Present, Else Insert Pass If Present, Else Insert Pass Incoming Code Replace Incoming Code		·		
Output	Code	· ·	signs desired AFD	to output SDI.	
Output Code	No AFD	4:3 Coded Fra			Decerintian
output couc	No AFD	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾ 1001	Description Full frame
	4:3 - 0000 - Undefined	0000	No code present Undefined	1001	16:9 (center)
	4:3 - 0010 - Box 16:9 (top)	0000	Box 16:9 (top)	1010	14:9 (center)
	4:3 - 0011 - Box 14:9 (top)	0010	Box 14:9 (top)	1101	4:3 (with alternate
	:				14:9 center)
	•	0100	Box > 16:9 (center)	1110	16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾
	16:9 - 1111 - 16:9 (w/alt 4:3 center)	1000	Full frame	1111	16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾
		16:9 Coded Fr			
		AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description
		_	No code present	1001	4:3 (center)
		0000	Undefined	1010	16:9 (image protected) ⁽²⁾
		0010	Full frame	1011	14:9 (center)
		0011	4:3 (center)	1101	4:3 (with alternate 14:9 center)
		0100	Box > 16:9 (center)	1110	16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾
		1000	Full frame	1111	16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾
		2: Image Protect conversion p have protect	umbering and definition cted implies picture corrocesses or display de ed center areas, with a andatory content.	ntent that must no vices. Alternate o	ot be cropped by center formats may
• Output	Line	Ancillary Data spa	ace. (Range is 9 thr	u 41.)	thin the video signal
Outp	ut Line 9	9 thru 41 r to certain area depe Locations • The card	ange, the actual ran ranges to prevent ir nding on video form and Ranges (p. 3-8 does not check for	ge is automatic advertent conf nat. See Ancilla) for more infor conflicts on a g	

Framesync	Provides video Frame Sync offset and audio re-sync tools.
• Framesync Enable Framesync Enable Reference 1 Reference 2 Input Video	 Disables the Frame Sync function, or selects from choices below. Off: Video path bypasses frame sync entirely; output video timing tracks with input video timing. Reference 1: Allows Frame Sync function to use external Reference 1 as the reference ("house") standard. Reference 2: Allows Frame Sync function to use external Reference 2 as the reference ("house") standard. Note: If Reference 1 or Reference 2 is selected and an appropriate external reference is not received, the Frame Sync € Reference Imaid indication appears in the Card Info status portion of DashBoard™, indicating invalid frame sync reference error. (Additionally, the card edge ERR indicator illuminates indicating the same.) External reference signals Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the card and other cards via a frame bus. Input Video: Allows full framesync functionality (such as delay offset), but instead uses the input video signal as the reference standard. Note: • If Input Video is used for framesync, any timing instability on the output video. This setting should only be used where syncing to input video is known to be reliable. Negative vertical or horizontal delay values (using the controls below) should not be used when using Input Video mode. This may result in image motion "jerkiness". To add an offset in this case, instead apply a positive value that results in the desired net offset.
Vertical Delay Control Vertical Delay (Lines) -1124	 When Framesync is enabled, sets vertical delay (in number of lines of output video timing) between the output video and the frame sync reference. (Range is -1124 thru 1124 lines.) Note: Lines refer to lines in the output video format, and not to the reference format.
• Horizontal Delay Control Horizontal Delay (us) -64.000	 When Framesync is enabled, sets (in µsec of output video timing) horizontal delay between the output video and the frame sync reference. (Range is -64.000 thru 64.000 µsec) Note: When an external framesync reference is used, the card will not produce a framesync reset until the variance between framesync reference and output video exceeds ± 2 clock periods. Therefore, a framesync reset will not result if offsets within this window are applied. To apply an offset/framesync reset within this window, first apply a relatively large offset, then apply the target smaller offset. Example: To apply a 1-period offset, first apply a 10-period positive offset and then apply a 9-period negative offset. This results in the target 1-period offset being applied to the output video.

Table 3-2	9081 Function	Submonu I	ist — c	ontinued
I able 3-2	9001 FUNCTION	Submenu L	.isi — t	onunueu

Framesync	(continued)
Input Video Mode Fixed Delay Control Input Video Mode Fixed Delay 0.000	When Framesync is enabled and set to Input Video , allows adding video delay. This is useful when compensating for processes which result in large audio delays. (Range is 0.0000 thru 300.0 msec.)
Framesync Audio SRC On/Off Control Audio SRC Off	When Framesync is enabled and set to Input Video , allows disabling audio SRC. This is required if the card is to pass non-PCM audio such as Dolby® audio to downstream devices.
• Minimum Latency Frames Control	 When Framesync is enabled, specifies the smallest amount of latency allowed by the frame sync (latency measurement in output video frames). The frame sync will not output a frame unless the specified number of frames are captured in the buffer. The operational latency of the frame sync is always between the specified minimum latency and minimum latency plus one frame (not one field). (Maximum range is 0 to 32.) Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 525i59.94 output, the practical maximum limit is 13. When using this control, be sure to check the Framesync Status display as follows: Framesync Status On Latency frames selection within limits.



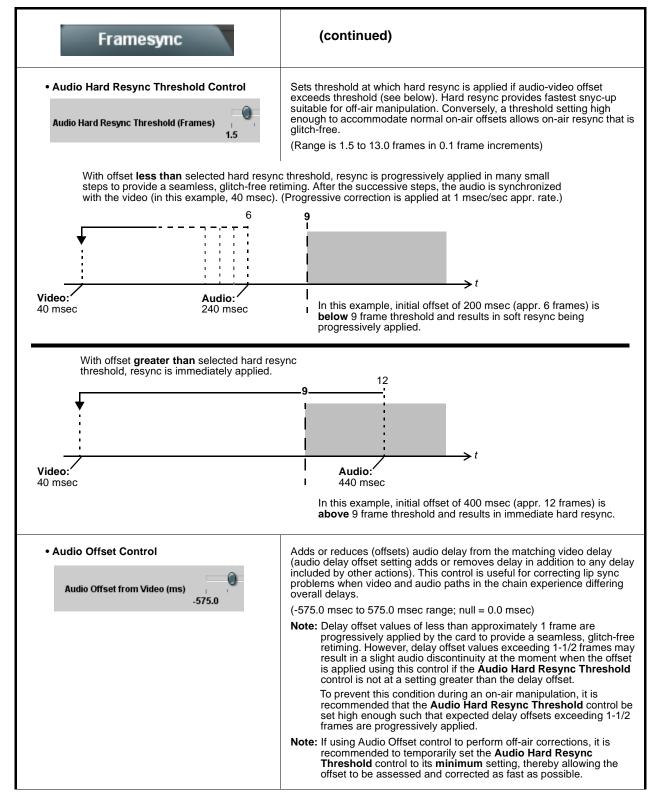
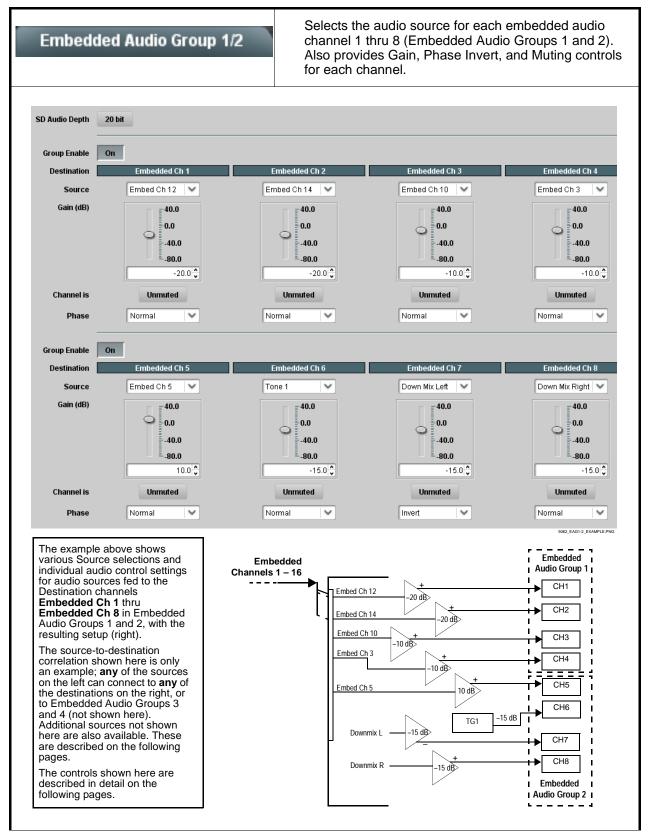


Table 3-2	9081 Function	Submenu List —	continued
	30011 01100001	Submenu List -	continueu

Framesync	(continued)
Current Audio Delay Display Current Audio Delay 2.02 ms / 0 Frames 31 lines	Displays the current input-to-output audio delay (in msec units) as well as in terms of Frames/fractional frame (in number of lines).
Video Delay Display Video Delay 0.06 ms / 0 Frames 1 lines	Displays the current input-to-output video delay (in msec units) as well as in terms of Frames/fractional frame (in number of lines).
• Framesync Status Display Framesync Status On	Displays the current framesync status as follows: Framesync Status On Framesync status OK. Framesync Status Off Framesync Enable set to Off. Framesync Status Off no valid reference detected Improper or missing framesync reference. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames set to 3 the maximum amount for this standard Latency frames selection exceeds limits. Note: See Minimum Latency Frames Control (p. 3-14) for more information about this message.
Loss of Input Signal Selection On Loss of Input Signal: Disable Outputs Disable Outputs Freeze Last Frame Freeze to Color	 In the event of input video Loss of Signal (LOS), determines action to be taken as follows: Disable Outputs: Disable all outputs. Freeze Last Frame: Freeze image to last good frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes). Freeze to Color: Freeze image to a color raster (as selected using Framesync LOS Freeze Color control). Note: Freeze Last Frame and Freeze to Color choices are functional only when frame sync is set to lock to valid reference.
• Framesync LOS Freeze Color Framesync LOS Freeze Color White Vite Vellow Cyan Green Magenta Red Blue Gray 10% Gray 50% Black Custom	In the event of LOS with Freeze to Color enabled above, sets the image raster color from choices shown to the left.

Framesync	(continued)
Custom Color Hue	Adjusts raster hue (phase angle) for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Hue	(-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Custom Color Saturation	Adjusts raster saturation level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Saturation 0.0	(0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps)
Custom Color Y Level	Adjusts raster luma level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Y Level 64	(64 to 940 range)
Reset/Resync Framesync	Reset Framesync resets the frame sync, clearing any buffered audio and video.
Reset Framesync Confirm	Resync Video and Reference resets the input processing paths for video and reference.
Resync Video and Reference Confirm	When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.
	Click Yes to reset the frame sync.
	Click No to reject reset.
	Note: These controls are not normally used or required when the card is receiving a stable, continuous frame sync reference.





Embedded Audio Group 1/2	(continued)
• SD Audio Depth	Allows option of using 24-bit audio data structure per SMPTE 272M, §3.10 (default is 20-bit per SMPTE 272M, §3.5).
SD Audio Depth 20 bit	Note: • If 24-bit depth is desired, make certain downstream equipment compatible with 24-bit SD audio data.
SD Audio Depth 24 bit	 Depth control setting applied here affects both Embedded Aud Group 1/2 and 3/4.
• Group Enable	When enabled (On), enables the embedding of the corresponding embedded audio group (Embedded Audio Group 1 or Embedded Audi Group 2).
	Embedded Audio Group 1 consists of embedded channels 1 thru
	Embedded Audio Group 2 consists of embedded channels 5 thru
	Two Group Enable buttons correspondingly enable or disable Embedo Audio Group 1 and Embedded Audio Group 2.
	Disabling a group removes the entire group of embedded audio chann while preserving the settings of the channels belonging to the group.
For each channel, its source and destina should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source	tion should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination chann Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices
should be set to the Silence selection.	
should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source Destination Embedded Ch 1	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below. Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enabl
 should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below. Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enabl an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the select
 should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source Destination	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below. Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enabl an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the select destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1)
should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Embed Ch 1	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below. Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enable an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the select destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right selections in Source drop-down allow either downmixer left or right channel to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel.
 should be set to the Silence selection. Embedded Channel Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Embed Ch 1 Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below. Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enabl an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the select destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right selections in Source drop-down allow either downmixer left or right channel to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, the Down Mix Left channel is the source for destination

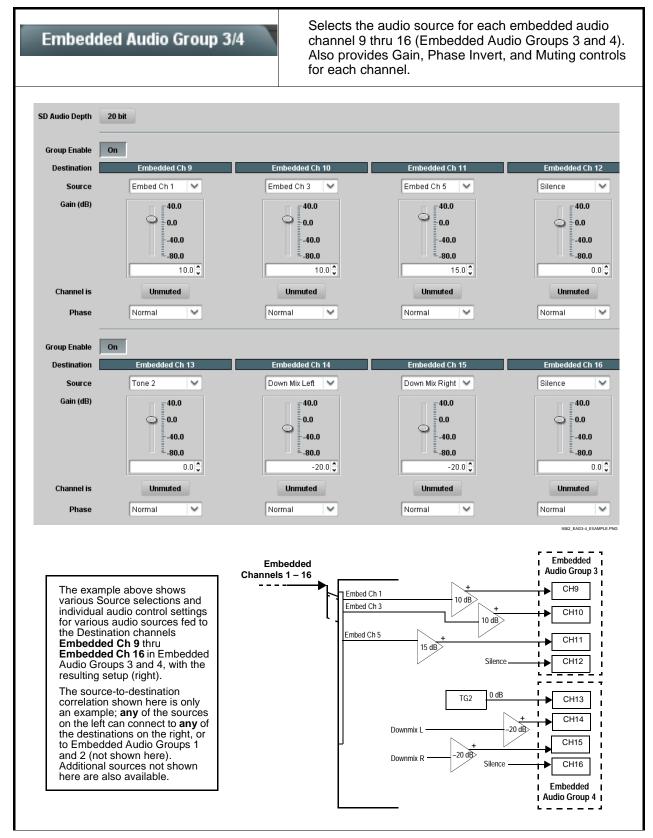
Table 3-2	9081 Function	Suhmenu List	- continued
1 abie 5-2	9001 FUNCTION	Submenu List	- conunueu

Embedded Audio Group 1/2	(continued)
Mono Mix as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Mono	 Mono selection in Source drop-down list allows mono mix content to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, the mono content is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Mono mix content is set up using Mono Mixer Selection in the Audio Mixing function). Refer to Audio Mixing function description on page 3-32 for more information.
Audio LTC as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source LTC Option	 LTC selection in Source drop-down list allows any timecode format received by the card to be outputted as audio LTC over an embedded audio output (destination) channel. (In this example, audio LTC is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: • When LTC is selected as source, Gain and Mute controls are disabled. • Refer to Timecode function description on page 3-24 for more information.
• Dolby [®] Decoded Channel as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Dolby Ch 1 • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 (+DEC only) Dolby Ch 1 thru Dolby Ch 8 range in Source drop-down list enables a Dolby[®] decoded channel to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Dolby[®] decoded Ch 1 is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Drop-down choices of Ch 1 thru Ch 8 and Mix 1/Mix 2 represent maximum channels available. Actual active channel complement is per received Dolby[®] format and upstream encoding. Inactive channels should not be used. Refer to Dolby[®] E Processing and Routing Example on page 3-40 for an example of using Dolby[®] decoding.
• Tone Generator 1 thru 4 as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Tone 1 Tone 2 Tone 3 Tone 4	 Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4 range in Source drop-down list enables one of four tone generators (Tone 1 thru Tone 4) to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Tone 1 (tone generator 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Tone generator frequencies can be independently set for the four tone generator sources. Refer to Tone Generator function description on page 3-37 for more information.

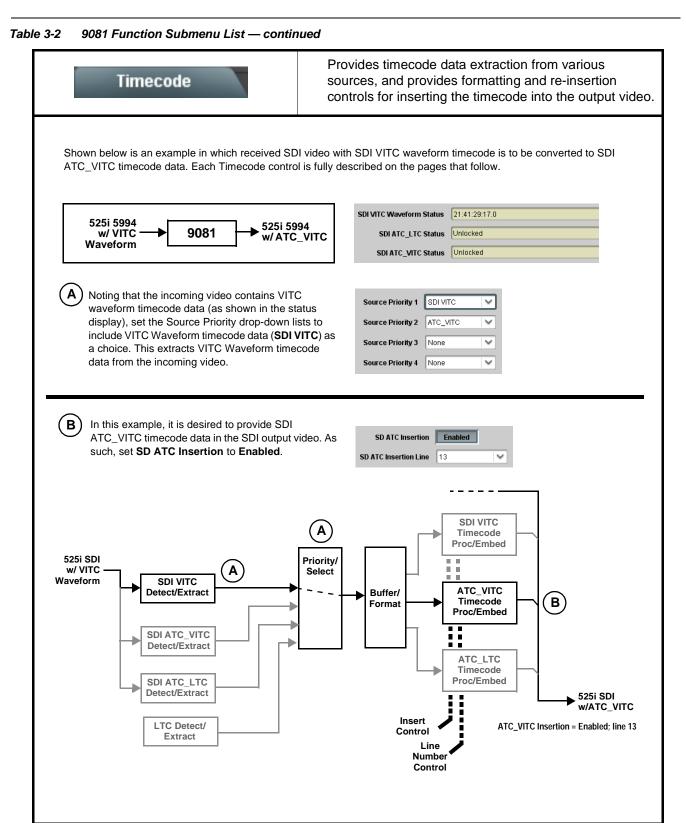
Table 3-2	9081 Function Submenu List — continued

Embedded Audio Group 1/2	(continued)
Silence (Mute) as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Silence Si	Silence selection in Source drop-down list mutes the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. Use this setting for unused destination channels. (In this example, silence (muting) is applied to Embedded Ch 1)
• Gain (dB) Gain (dB) -40.0 -80.0 21.0	Adjusts relative gain (in dB) applied to the corresponding destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (-80 to +40 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; unity = 0.0 dB)
Mute Control Channel is Unmuted Channel is Muted	Allows pushbutton On/Off channel muting while saving all other settings.
Phase Control Phase Normal Normal	Selects between Normal and Invert phase (relative to source original phase) for the destination Embedded Audio Group channel.





Embedded Audio Group 3/4	(continued)
SD Audio Depth Z0 bit SD Audio Depth 24 bit	 Allows option of using 24-bit audio data structure per SMPTE 272M, §3.10 (default is 20-bit per SMPTE 272M, §3.5). Note: • If 24-bit depth is desired, make certain downstream equipment is compatible with 24-bit SD audio data. • Depth control setting applied here affects both Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4.
• Group Enable	When enabled (On), enables the embedding of the corresponding embedded audio group (Embedded Audio Group 3 or Embedded Audio Group 4).
Group Enable On	 Embedded Audio Group 3 consists of embedded channels 9 thru 12. Embedded Audio Group 4 consists of embedded channels 13 thru 16. Two Group Enable buttons correspondingly enable or disable Embedded Audio Group 3 and Embedded Audio Group 4.
	Disabling a group removes the entire group of embedded audio channels while preserving the settings of the channels belonging to the group.
described for Embedded Ch 1. Refer to E	ave controls that are identical to the Source , Gain , Mute , and Phase controls imbedded Audio Group 1/2 on page 3-18 for descriptions of these controls. ion should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels



	rols described below only appear on cards with +LTC licensed optional etween VBI-based timecode and LTC timecode on audio and RS-485
Timecode Source Status Displays	Displays the current status and contents of the three supported timecode formats shown to the left.
SDI VITC Waveform Status	 If a format is receiving timecode data, the current content (timecode
SDI ATC VITC Status 00:10:46:02.0, Field 1 Line 9, Field 2 Line 571 SDI ATC LTC Status 00:10:46:02.0, Line 10	running count and line number) is displayed. If a format is not receiving timecode data, Unlocked is displayed.
RS-485 Port LTC Control	Allows RS-485 port to be used to receive LTC, or send LTC over RS-485 port as follows:
RS-485 Port Function LTC In (Overrides Audio LTC Source)	 If RS-485 LTC is to be received via the shared RS-485 port, set the RS-485 Port Function control to LTC In.
LTC In (Overrides Audio LTC Source) LTC Output	• If RS-485 LTC is to be outputted via the shared RS-485 port, set the RS-485 Port Function control to LTC Output . The timecode string carried on the LTC output is that selected using the Source Priority controls described on the next page.
Source Priority Source Priority 1 Source Priority 2	As described here, selects the priority assigned to each of the four supported formats in the event the preferred source is unavailable. Each of the four Source Priority selection lists allows assignment of source priority from the following choices:
Source Priority 3	SDI VITC VITC None SDI VITC ATC LTC ATC VITC
	Source Priority 1 thru Source Priority 4 select the preferred format to be used in descending order (i.e., Source Priority 2 selects the second-most preferred format, and so on.
Output Status Display	Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows:
Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC)	Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC) • Output status OK (in this example, SDI VITC timecode received and outputted).
	Output Status Insertion Disabled • Timecode Insertion button set to Disabled; output insertion disabled. Note: • If timecode is not available from Source Priority selections performed, timecode on output reverts to Free Run (internal count) mode. • Because the 1's digit of the display Frames counter goes from 0 to 29, the fractional digit (along with the 1's digit) indicates frame count as follows: 0.0 Frame 0 0.1 Frame 1 1.0 Frame 3 • • • • • • • •

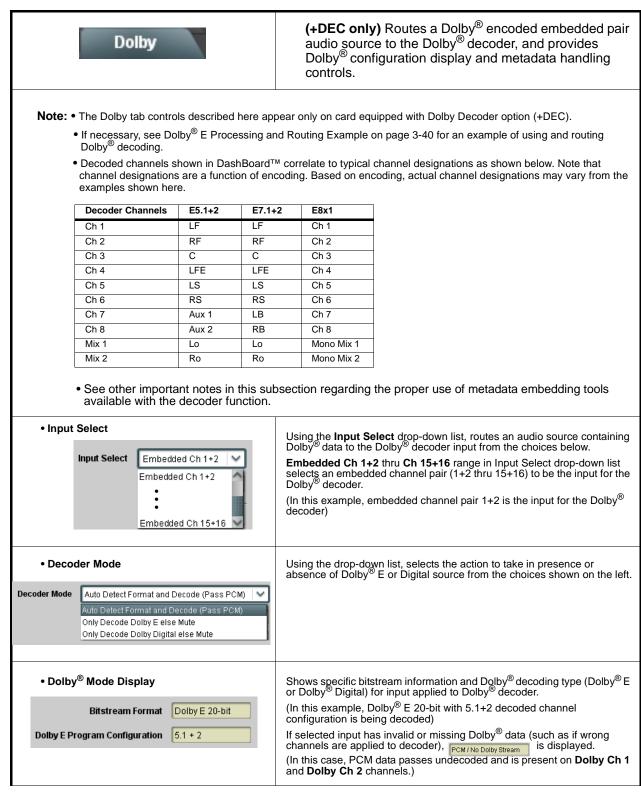
Timecode	(continued)
• Offset Controls Offset Advanced Delayed Advanced Offset Field 0 Offset Frame 0 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	 Allows the current timecode count to be advanced or delayed on the output video. Offset Advance or Delay selects offset advance or delay. Offset Field delays or advances or delays timecode by one field. Offset Frame delays or advances or delays timecode by up to 5 frames. Note: Default settings are null, with both controls set at zero as shown.
SD VITC Waveform Insertion Controls	 For SD output, enables or disables SD VITC waveform timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the VITC1 and VITC2 line numbers (6 thru 22) where the VITC waveform is inserted. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 6 thru 22 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data. • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number.
SD ATC Insertion Control SD ATC_VITC Insertion Enabled SD ATC Insertion Line 13 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	 For SD output, enables or disables SD ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 22 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.

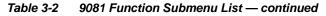
Table 3-2	9081 Function Submenu List — continued

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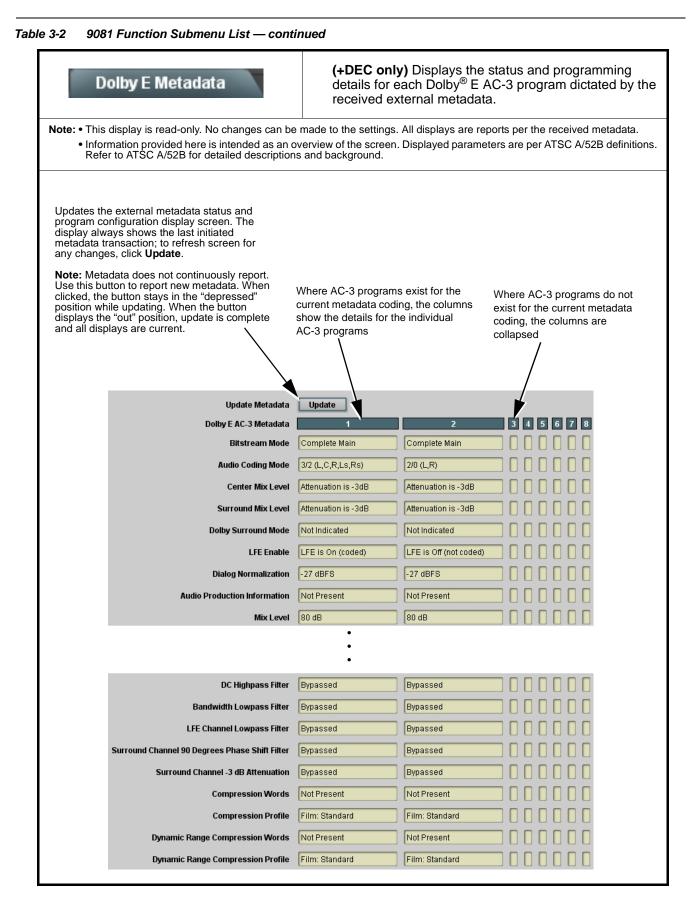
Table 3-2	9081 Function Submenu List — continued

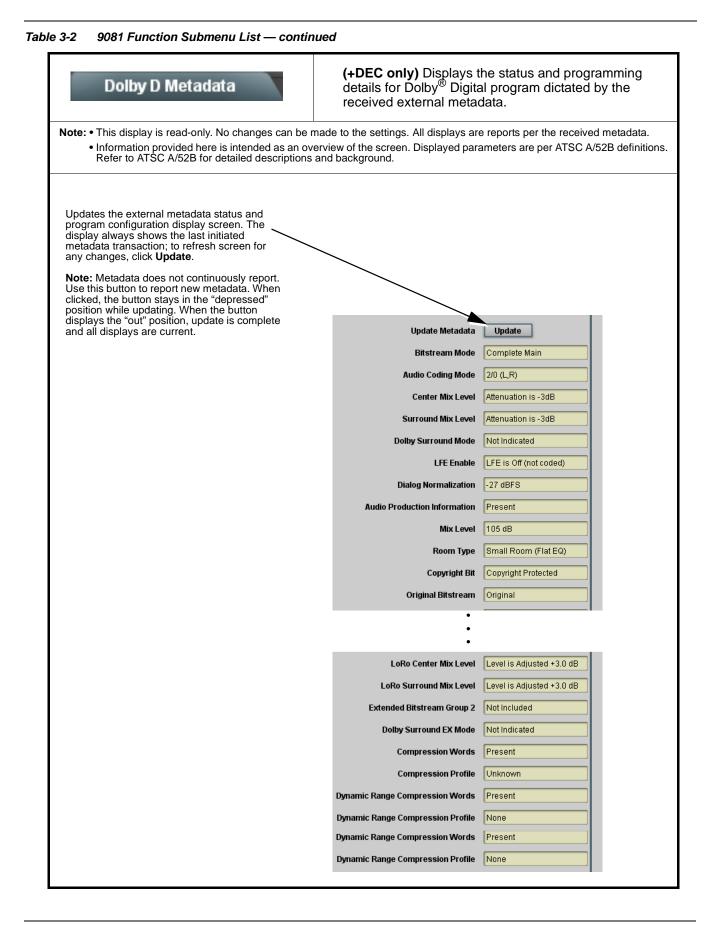
Timecode	(continued)
HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control HD ATC_LTC Insertion HD ATC_LTC Insertion Line 10 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	 For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 20 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
HD ATC_VITC Insertion Control HD ATC_VITC Insertion Insertion Line Field 1 9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 2 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	 For HD output, enables or disables ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 8 thru 20 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data. • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number.
ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled	 When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling). Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment.





Dolby	(continued)
 Dolby[®] Digital Channel and Dynamic Range Controls 	
Dolby Digital 16-bit Channel Select Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 2	Channel Select drop-down list sets the channel carrying the Dolby [®] Digital encoded signal for D1/0 formats as shown from choices on the left.
Dolby Digital Dynamic Range Control Line Mode Line Mode RF Mode Custom Bypass	Dynamic Range Control drop-down list selects from audio level compression scheme choices as shown to the left. (Line Mode is typical setting; RF Mode is used where signal may be fed through low-cost video/ audio RF modulator, in which case RF Mode helps prevent overmodulation. Refer to ATSC A/52B for more information.)
• Metadata Embedding	Metadata Embedding (On/Off) controls SMPTE 2020-1 metadata embedding in the SDI video output.
Metadata Embedding On	 When set to On, metadata from selected source is embedded in the output SDI video.
	• When set to Off , metadata is not embedded in the output SDI video.
	Note: Metadata Embedding should only be set to "On" if new metadata is to be embedded. Existing metadata on the SDI input is passed through the card unaffected, requiring no operator intervention.
Metadata Output Source	Drop-down list allows embedding and RS485 metadata routing to the choices shown to the left and described below.
Metadata Ouput Source Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video	 Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder – Routes the metadata from the Dolby[®] decoder to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped.
	 Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder – Preserves input metadata and directly re-routes it to the output SDI. Routes the metadata from the Dolby[®] decoder to only the RS485 port on card so equipped.
	 Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video – Routes the preserved input metadata to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped.
	Note: Typically, Metadata Output Source should be set to Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder, since this is the new metadata produced by the card decoder and should also be made available in the SDI stream and to any other external systems. If embedding new metadata, make certain to set its line number such that such that any old metadata for the same purpose is overwritten (i.e., new metadata set to the same line number as the old metadata to be replaced).
Metadata Output Line	Allows selection of SMPTE 2020-1 metadata line location within the VANC space for source embedding selected above.
Metadata Output Line 13	(Range is 9 thru 41; default is line #13.)
	Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information.
	 The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data unless existing metadata is to be intentionally overwritten.

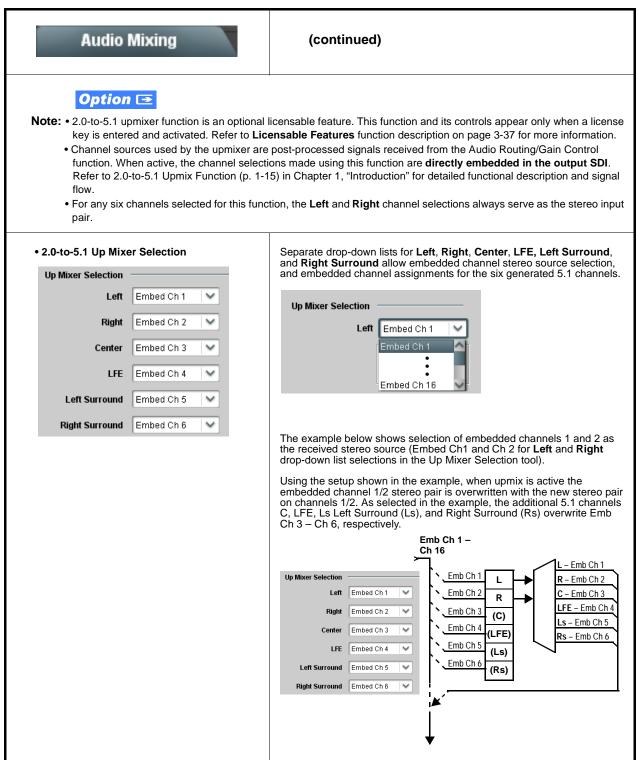




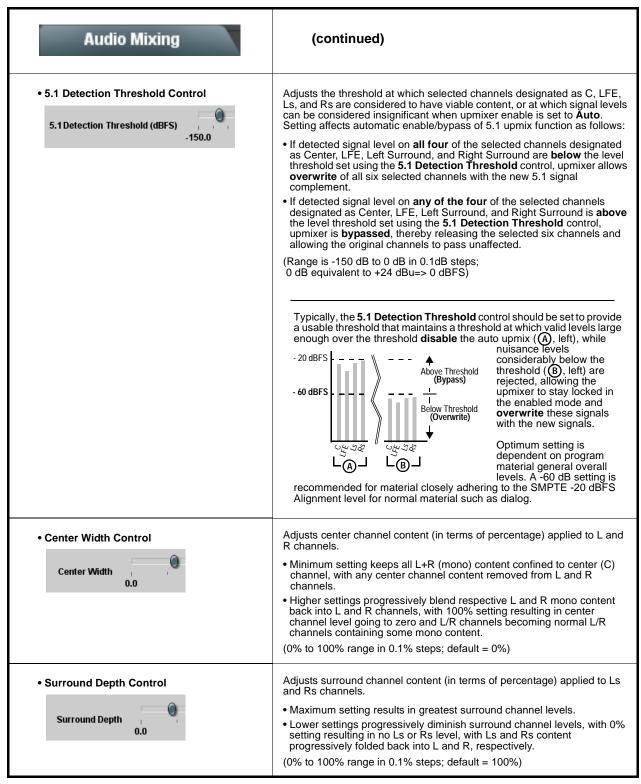
Audio Mixing	 Provides down-mix audio routing selections that multiplexes any five embedded channels into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right), or selection of any two embedded channels to be mono-mixed to serve as a monaural source. With an optional upmixer licensable feature activated, any normal PCM stereo pair can be fed to the upmixer to generate 5.1 surround sound audio which in turn can be applied to six user-selectable channels. 	
Down Mixer Selection	Separate drop-down lists for Left, Right, Center, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) inputs allow embedded channel (or silence) audio source selection for each of the five inputs as shown below.	
Left Embed Ch 1 💙	Down Mixer Selection	
Right Embed Ch 2	Embed Ch 1	
Center Embed Ch 3		
Left Surround Embed Ch 4	Embed Ch 16	
	The example below shows selection from various sources and the resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R. The two signals comprising the pair	
Right Surround Embed Ch 5	can be routed and processed the same as any other audio input source.	
	Down Mixer Selection Embed Ch 1 - Ch 16 Right Embed Ch 2 Center Embed Ch 6 Left Surround Embed Ch 6 Right Surround Embed Ch 5 Note: The stereo pair are basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information.	
Center Mix Ratio Control Center Mix Ratio (dB)	 Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix. Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. 	
-10.0	Center channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation, making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix.	
	 Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall mix. 	
	(0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB)	
	Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.	

Audio Mixing	(continued)
• Surround Mix Ratio Control Surround Mix Ratio (dB)	 Adjusts the attenuation ratio of surround-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lo and Ro content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix. Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. Surround-channel content is restored with no attenuation, making Lo and Ro content more predominate in the overall mix. Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of surround-channel content. Surround-channel content is restored at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making surround-channel content less predominate in the overall mix. (0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB) Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain surround-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.
• Mono Mixer Selection Left Embed Ch 12 V Right Embed Ch 16 V	Separate drop-down lists for Left and Right inputs allow selected embedded input channels to provide an additional mono-mixed channel. The resulting mono mix (Mono) is available as an audio source for any of the 16 destination embedded output channels as shown below. Destination Embedded Ch 1 Mono Embed Ch 16 Down Mix Left Down Mix Right Mono Tone 1 Note: Selection of any two channels for mono mixing in no way affects the source channels themselves.





Audio Mixing	(continued)
• Up Mixer Mode Control Up Mixer Controls Mode Auto Always Upmix Bypass	 Enables or bypasses upmixer as follows: Auto: Automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are below the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer. If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is bypassed and the original channels pass unaffected. Always Upmix: Manual enable turns on upmixer and overwrites content on all six selected channels with new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer regardless of original signal level or content. Bypass: Manual disable bypasses the upmixer. When bypassed, the six embedded audio channels pass unaffected.
• Up Mixer Status Display Status Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing Status Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed Status Upmixing Status Bypassed	 Shows activity status of upmixer processing as follows: Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are clear for use (as described above); upmixer is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround have content (such as existing original 5.1 or other content); upmixer is bypassed (disabled) and allows normal passage of six selected channels. Upmixing: Indicates upmixer is manually enabled (set to Always Upmix) and is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Bypassed: Indicates upmixer is manually disabled (set to Bypass) and is currently passing all selected channels unaffected.
• Auto Crossfade Speed Controls Auto Crossfade Speed Upmix to Bypass Very Slow Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Quick Instant Auto Crossfade Speed Bypass to Upmix Very Slow Very Slow Very Slow Slow Very Quick Instant Slow Medium Quick Very Slow Very Slow Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Quick Instant	Individual controls select the relative crossfade transition speed between Upmix to Bypass (going to inactive; from 5.1 to 2.0) and Bypass to Upmix (going to active; from 2.0 to 5.1) when upmixer enable is set to Auto and the active threshold (as set by the 5.1 Detection Threshold control) is crossed in either direction. To suit program material and production aesthetic preferences, several choices are available as shown to the left. Slower settings allow for a more gradual transition between modes, however with a longer interval before levels stabilize. Faster settings conversely allow for a smaller interval before levels stabilize, however with greater perceived abruptness.



Tone Generator	Sets the test tone frequency for each of four tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru 4).	
Frequency Selection Lists Tone Generator 1 Frequency Tone Generator 4 Frequency 1 KHz	Selects the frequency for each of the four tone generators. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz). Note: Unity-gain signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.	
Licensable Features	Allows activation of optional licensed features.	
Note: For card pre-ordered with licensed feature(s), the activation steps described below are not required; the feature will already be installed activated. To order features and obtain a license key, contact Cobalt [®] sales at sales@cobaltdigital.com or at the contact information in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. in Chapter 1, "Introduction". Please provide the "SSN" number of your card (displayed in the Card Info pane) when contacting us for your key.		
License Feature and Key Entry window Activate licensable feature as described below.		
Feature Unlicensed	 Enter the feature key string in the Feature Key box. Press return or click outside of the box to acknowledge entry. 	
	Note: Entry string is case sensitive. Do not enter any spaces.	
Feature Key Enter Key Here	2. In the DashBoard [™] Card Info pane, wait for the feature identification to be shown for the card product number (for example, "-UM" appearing after the card part number) and Valid Key Entered to be displayed. This indicates the key was correctly entered and recognized by the card.	
	Note: If DashBoard [™] card function submenu/control pane does not re-appear, close the card and re-open it.	
	 Click and confirm Reboot. When the card function submenu/control pane appears again, the licensable feature will be available. 	
	Note: Applying the licensable feature and its reboot has no effect on prior settings. All control settings and drop-down selections are retained.	

Presets	Allows up to 16 card user settings configuration presets to be saved in a Preset and then recalled (loaded) as desired. All current settings (including list selections and scalar (numeric) control settings such as Gain, etc.) are saved when a Preset Save is invoked.	
Card Name RCVR21 Selected Preset 1.FactPre	The Preset Name field and Preset Save button allow custom user setting configurations to be labeled and saved to a Preset for future use. The Preset Load button and the Selected Preset drop-down list allow saved presets to be selected	
Preset Name FactPre Preset Save Confirm	and loaded as desired. When a preset is loaded, it immediately becomes active with all user settings now automatically set as directed by the preset.	
Preset Load Confirm	Saved presets can be uploaded to a computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards.	
	Each of the items to the left are described in detail on	
Reset Current Preset Confirm	the following pages.	
Download Presets CDI Presets.bin	Save	
Preset Save and Load Preset Save Confirm Preset Load Confirm	 Preset Save stores all current card control settings to the currently selected preset. (For example, if Preset 1 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Save will then save all current card control settings to Preset 1) Preset Load loads (applies) all card control settings defined by whatever preset (Preset 1 thru Preset 16) is currently selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list. (For example, if Preset 3 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Load will then apply all card control settings defined in Preset 3) The above buttons have a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation. Note: Applying a change to a preset using the buttons described above rewrites the previous preset contents with the invoked contents. Make certain change is desired before confirming preset change. 	
Selected Preset	Selected Preset 1 thru Selected Preset 16 range in drop-down list selects one of 16 stored presets as ready for Save (being written to) or for Load (being applied to the card).	
Selected Preset 1.FactPre	Note: The preset names shown to the left are the default (unnamed) preset names. All 16 presets in this case are loaded identically with the factory default settings.	
0	Text entry field provides for optional entry of card name, function, etc. (as shown in this example).	
• Card Name	Note: Card name can be 31 ASCII characters maximum.	
Card Name RCVR 21 Input Processing		

nenu List — continued

Presets	(continued)
Preset Name Preset Name FactPre	With one of 16 presets selected, provides for entry of custom name for the preset (as shown in example below).
	Selected Preset 2.RCVR21 Entering text in Preset Preset Name RCVR21 Name field (in this example, "RCVR21") applies custom name to selected Preset (in this example, Preset 2)
	 Note: • Preset name can be seven ASCII characters maximum. • The Preset ID number does not need to be entered; it is added automatically.
Reset Current Preset Reset Current Preset Confirm	 Reset Current Preset resets all parameters (including preset custom name entered) of the currently selected Preset (as displayed in the Selected Preset field) to factory default settings.
	The above button has a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation.
Download Presets Download Presets CDI Presets.bin Save	Download Presets allows all 16 presets to be stored to a specified location on a network computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards.
then be uploaded back to the card. Note also that a presets file can also be uploaded t	DashBoard network to save presets. Preset files stored on a computer can to other same-model COMPASS [®] cards. In this manner, presets built up me-model cards without repeating the setup work on the other cards.
Download (save) card presets to a network computer by clicking Download Presets – Save at the bottom of the Presets page.	Upload (open) card presets from a network computer by clicking Upload at the bottom of DashBoard.
Browse to a desired save location (in this example, <i>My</i> <i>Documents</i> \Cobalt	RCVR 21 Presets bin
Presets). The file can then be renamed if desired (RCVR21 Presets in this example) before saving.	Select the desired file and click Open to load the file to the card. To upload presets saved from one card to another same-model card, simply click Upload on the other same-model card's DashBoard page and repeat the same steps here.
	 Note: • Preset transfer between card download and file upload is on a group basis (i.e., individual presets cannot be downloaded or uploaded separately). • After uploading a presets file, engagement of a desired preset is only assured by pressing the Preset Load button for a desired preset.

Dolby® E Processing and Routing Example (+DEC only)

Figure 3-6 shows an example of using the Audio Input Controls, Dolby Decoder, and Embedded Audio Group 1/2 functions to decode a received Dolby[®] E encoded pair and route the decoded channels. The example also shows routing the metadata to the DOLBY META output.

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** embedded channel pair carrying encoded Dolby[®] data can be decoded. Decoded Dolby[®] channels can in turn be routed route to **any** embedded channel destination.

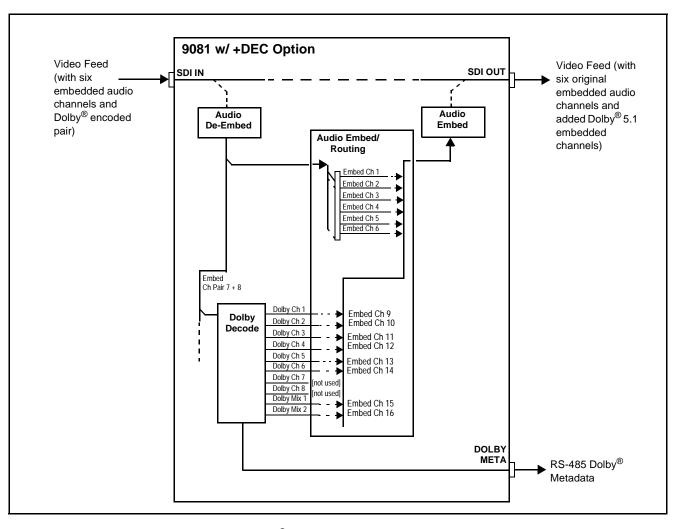


Figure 3-6 Dolby[®] E Processing Example (Sheet 1 of 2)

In the example here, Dolby[®] E 5.1 data on embedded pair 7/8 is to be decoded and embedded (using spare embedded channels 9 thru 16) along with the existing embedded audio channels (embedded channels 1 thru 6). Figure 3-6, sheet 2 shows the card control settings (using DashBoardTM) that result in this routing.

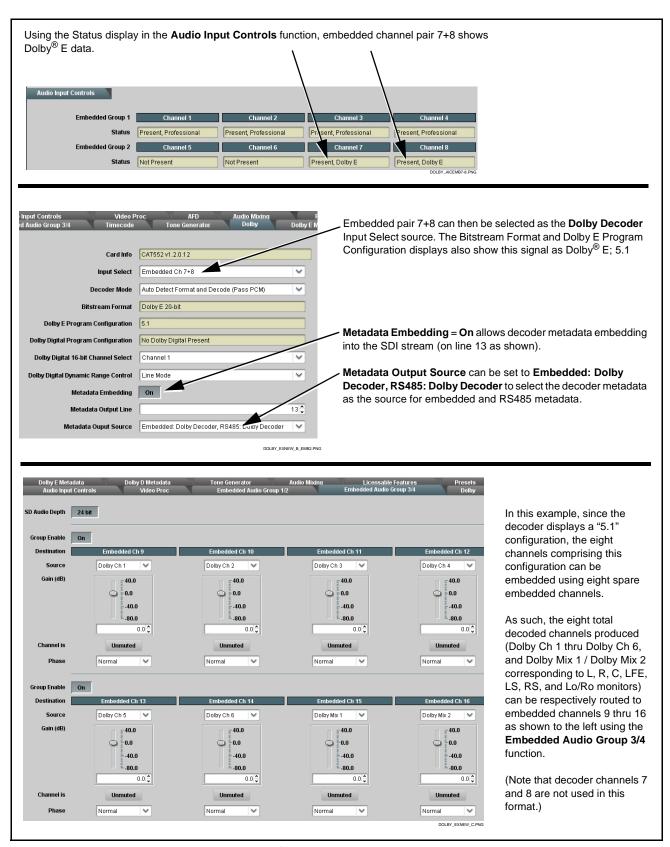


Figure 3-6 Dolby[®] E Processing Example (Sheet 2 of 2)

Troubleshooting

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the 9081 card and its remote control interface. The 9081 card requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

Error and Failure Indicator Overview

The 9081 card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the 9081 card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoardTM or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various 9081 card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

- **Note:** The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.
 - Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-46)
 - 9081 Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-47)
 - Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-50)

9081 Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-7 shows and describes the 9081 card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

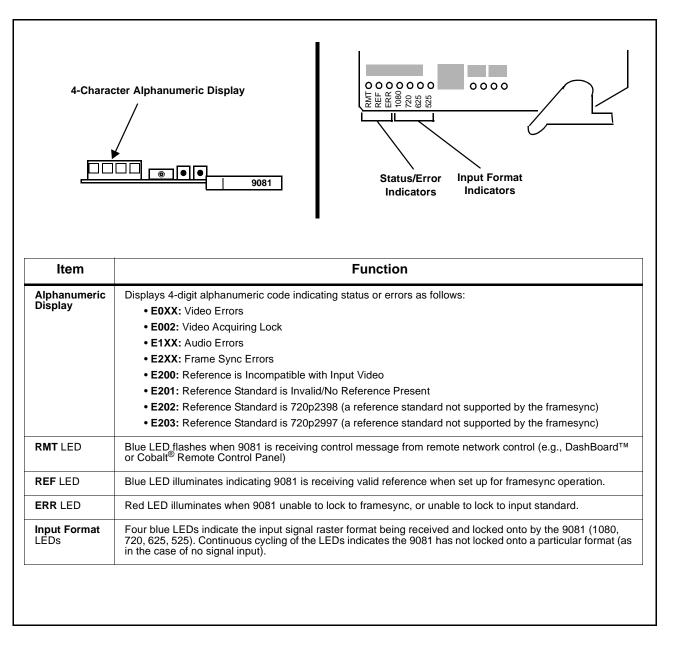


Figure 3-7 9081 Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

DashBoard[™] Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-8 shows and describes the DashBoard[™] status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 9081 card itself and remote (network) communications.

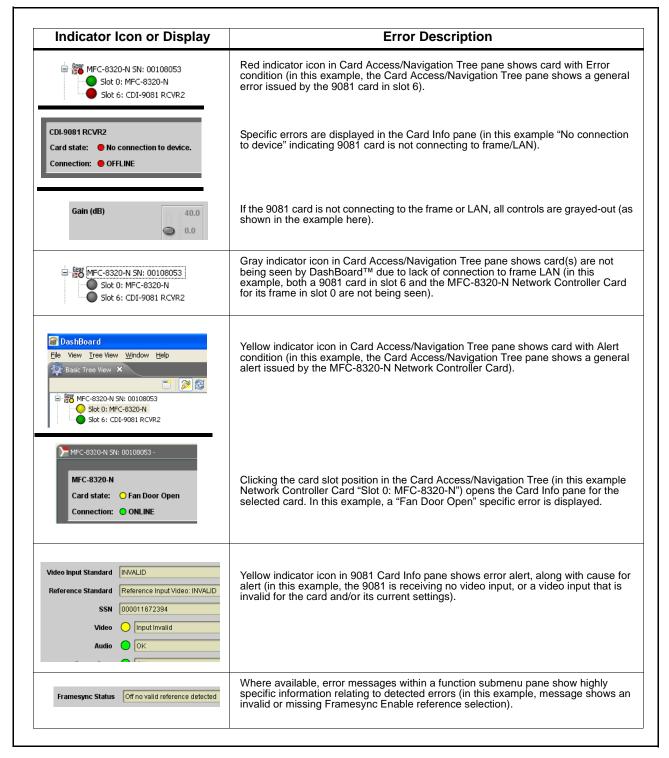


Figure 3-8 DashBoard™ Status Indicator Icons and Displays

Access Card Info panes for specific cards by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-9).

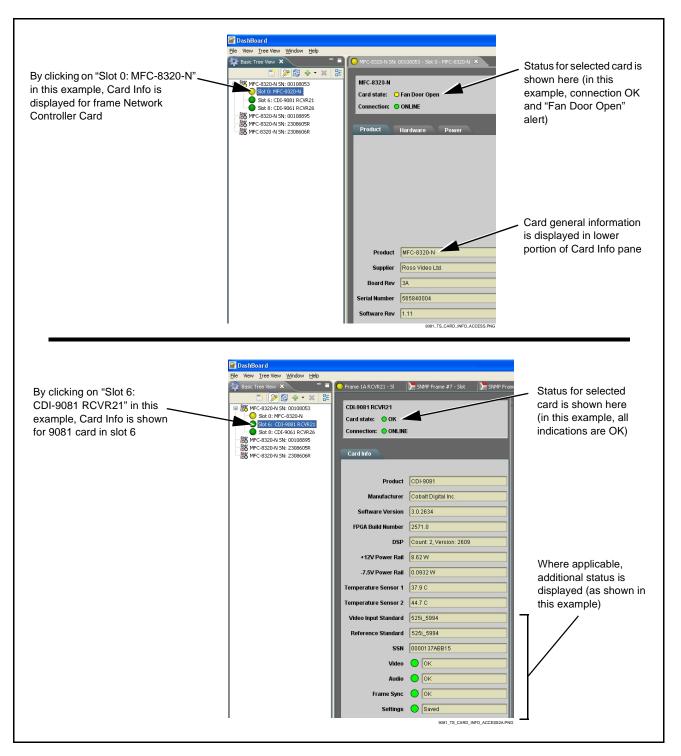


Figure 3-9 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

Item	Checks
Verify power presence and characteristics	 On both the frame Network Controller Card and the 9081, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern. Check the Power Consumed indications for both the +12 V and -7.5 V supply rails for the 9081 card. This can be observed using the DashBoard[™] Card Info pane, or using the card edge controls and indicators as shown in Figure 3-4 on page 3-7. If either of the rail supplies show no power being consumed, either the frame power supply, connections, or the 9081 card itself is defective. If either of the rail supplies show excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-16) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the 9081 card may be defective.
Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points	Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules.
Card seating within slots	Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.)
Check status indicators and displays	On both DashBoard [™] and the 9081 card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.
Troubleshoot by substitution	All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item.

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

9081 Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides 9081 processing troubleshooting information. If the 9081 card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the 9081 is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

- **Note:** The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard[™] and/or the 9081 card edge status indicators.
- **Note:** Where errors are displayed on both the 9081 card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
 DashBoard[™] shows Video yellow icon and Input Invalid message in 9081 Card Info pane. Video ○ Input Invalid Card edge Input Format LEDs show continuous cycling. 	No video input present	Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate 9081 card video input. Make certain BNC cable connections between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and signal source are OK.
 DashBoard[™] shows Frame Sync red icon and Reference Invalid message in 9081 Card Info pane. Frame Sync ● Reference Invalid Card edge red ERR indicator illuminated. 	Frame sync reference not properly selected or not being received	 If external frame sync reference is not intended to be used, make certain the Framesync Enable selection list is set to Off or Input Video as desired. If external frame sync reference is intended to be used, make certain selected external frame sync reference is active on frame sync frame bus. (External reference signals Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the 9081 and other cards via frame bus.)
		Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-13 for more information.

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
DashBoard™ shows Framesync Status error message in 9081 Framesync function submenu screen. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames	Specified Minimum Latency Frames setting exceeds 9081 card buffer space for the selected output video format	Reduce the Minimum Latency Frames setting as specified in the error message to correct the error. Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 1080i 5994 output, the maximum setting is 5. For a 1080i film (2398) output, the maximum setting is 3 (due to the increased buffer space needed for the slower frame rate). Conversely, greater maximum settings are allowed for SD formats such as 525i 5994, where the practical maximum limit is 13.
Video/audio synchronization or delay noted.	Source synchronization condition	Use the Audio Offset from Video control to compensate for video/audio delay. Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-13 for more information.
Unsmooth, "jerky" motion observed on video output with Framesync set to lock to input video.	Incompatible negative H/V delay value user setting of Vertical Delay or Hoeizontal Delay controls	Negative vertical or horizontal delay values (using the controls below) should not be used when using Input Video mode. To add an offset in this case, instead apply a positive value that results in the desired net offset.
Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode, Dolby [®] metadata, AFD) not transferred through	Control(s) not enabled	 Make certain respective control is set to On or Enabled (as appropriate).
9081.	VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items	• Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-8).
(+DEC only) Dolby [®] data indicated as Present on Audio Input Controls Status display does not process, or cannot be	Input Select in Dolby Decoder function selection not set for pair carrying locked Dolby [®] data	 Make certain intended channels carrying locked Dolby[®] data are selected as the input for the Dolby[®] decoder.
accessed as an audio source	Upstream metadata not enabled	Check upstream device or system and enable as required.

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
Audio signal(s) do not route as expected. Parameter control not available as expected.	(9081 only) Embedded audio contains Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital encoded signal	 When a valid Dolby[®] E or Dolby Digital signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an embedded audio signal, gain and polarity controls are bypassed (even though controls may appear to be functional). Gain and polarity controls are not available for this signal type. Refer to Status displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-10 for more information.
Audio not processed or passed through card.	Input audio of type that cannot be locked by 9081 card	 Embedded audio must be nominal 48 kHz input. Note: Although the Status Displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab will show audio formats other than "Present, Professional" as being locked (such as "Present, Consumer"), in any case the audio must be at nominal 48 kHz rate for lock and processing to occur.
	Enable control not turned on	• Group Enable button for Embedded Audio Group 1/2 or Embedded Audio Group 3/4 function submenu must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channels.
	Upmixer inadvertently enabled (Upmixer Licensed Feature only)	 Make certain upmixer is set to Bypass if not intended for use. Note: When manually enabled or set for automatic enable with appropriate signal levels, upmixer overwrites selected embedded channels with new data; same-channel embedded output will no longer represent same-channel embedded inputs for selected channels.

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors

Refer to Cobalt[®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-20) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

Cobalt

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