

# BBG-1002-UDX



Multi-Input Standalone Up-Down-Cross Converter/ Frame Sync/Audio Embed/De-Embed with Multi-Input Auto-Changeover

## **Product Manual**

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Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> BBG-1002-UDX 3G/HD/SD-SDI Standalone Up-Down-Cross Converter/Frame Sync/Audio Embed/De-Embed with Multi-Input Auto-Changeover. The BBG-1002-UDX is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your BBG-1002-UDX, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

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# Introduction

## **Overview**

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the BBG-1002-UDX 3G/HD/SD-SDI Standalone Up-Down-Cross Converter/Framesync/Audio Embed/De-Embed with Multi-Input Auto-Changeover. unit (also referred to herein as the BBG-1002-UDX).

**This manual** consists of the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Introduction" Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the BBG-1002-UDX.
- Chapter 2, "Installation" Provides instructions for installing the BBG-1002-UDX and setting up its network access.
- Chapter 3, "Setup/Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the BBG-1002-UDX.

**This chapter** contains the following information:

- Cobalt Reference Guides (p. 1-1)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-2)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- BBG-1002-UDX Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-19)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-23)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24)

## **Cobalt Reference Guides**

From the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> web home page, go to **Support>Reference Documents** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, device firmware updates, example processing UI setups and other topics.

**1** Manual Conventions

## **Manual Conventions**

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the BBG-1002-UDX itself. Examples are provided below.

• Device display messages are shown like this:

BBG-1002-UDX

Connector names are shown like this: SDI IN A

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **BBG-1002-UDX** refers to the BBG-1002-UDX 3G/HD/SD-SDI Standalone Up-Down-Cross Converter/Framesync/Audio Embed/ De-Embed with Multi-Input Auto-Changeover unit.
- **Frame** refers to the HPF-9000, OG3-FR, 8321, or similar 20-slot frame that houses Cobalt® or other cards.
- **Device** and/or **Card** refers to a Cobalt<sup>®</sup> or other card.
- **System** and/or **Video System** refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the BBG-1002-UDX and other cards/devices operate.
- Functions and/or features that are available only as an option are denoted in this manual like this:



Most options are covered in this manual. However, if your card has DashBoard tabs that are not described in this manual it indicates that the optional function/feature is covered in a separate Manual Supplement.

You can download a pdf of the option supplement by entering the option code on the Cobalt web page search window (for example, +T-SLATE) and then clicking on **Product Downloads** to view or download the supplement pdf.

**Introduction** Manual Conventions

## Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

## Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

### **Cautions**

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

#### **Notes**

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

## **Labeling Symbol Definitions**

$\triangle$	Important note regarding product usage. Failure to observe may result in unexpected or incorrect operation.
	Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices.  If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components.
	Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following:  • Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste.  • Collect this product separately.  • Use collection and return systems available to you.

## **Safety Summary**

## Warnings

! WARNING!

To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

#### **Cautions**

**CAUTION** 

This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.

**CAUTION** 

This device contains no user-serviceable components. Refer servicing to authorized personnel.

**CAUTION** 

This device is intended for use ONLY with specified power supplies. Power connection to unauthorized sources may cause product damage, unreliable operation, and invalidate warranty.

CAUTION

The BBG-1002-UDX FPGA is designed for a normal-range operating temperature around 85° C core temperature. Operation in severe conditions exceeding this limit for non-sustained usage are within device operating safe parameters, and can be allowed by setting this control to Disable. However, the disable (override) setting should be avoided under normal conditions to ensure maximum device protection.

## **EMC Compliance Per Market**

Market	Regulatory Standard or Code
United States of America	FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part15, Subpart B, Class A
Canada	ICES-003
International	CISPR 24:2010 IEC 61000-4-2:2008 IEC 61000-4-3:2006 with A1:2007 and A2:2010 IEC 61000-4-4:2004 IEC 61000-4-6:2008 IEC 61000-6-3:2006 with A1:2010 CISPR 22:2008

## **BBG-1002-UDX Functional Description**

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the BBG-1002-UDX. The BBG-1002-UDX up/down/cross converter also optionally includes AES/ analog audio support and CVBS video I/O. In addition to a basic signal presence input failover function, a Quality Check option allows failover to alternate inputs based on user-configurable subjective criteria such as black or frozen frame. Two discrete character burn strings and timecode burn can be inserted on output video, with each string inserted as static text and/or insert only upon LOS. A moving-box insertion can be enabled to serve as a dynamic raster confidence check even in cases where the input video image is static or lost. The BBG-1002-UDX uses a built-in web server that allows control/monitor over computers or smart devices.

The BBG-1002-UDX also provides ARC processing and timecode/closed-captioning conversion from packet-based timecode formats and CEA608/708 HD formats to HD ATC, SD\_ATC, and SD VITC-based (waveform) timecode. Closed captioning from CEA708 to HD formats and line 21 SD closed captioning are available on the processed HD-SD-SDI outputs.

### **BBG-1002-UDX Input/Output Formats**

The BBG-1002-UDX provides the following inputs and outputs:

- Inputs:
  - 3G/HD/SD SDI IN A thru SDI IN D four 3G/HD/SD-SDI inputs.
     SDI IN A or SDI IN B can be set to failover to A or B in absence of opposite channel of this pair.
- Outputs:
  - **3G/HD/SD-SDI OUT (1-4)** four 3G/HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs. Each output can be independently set as processed output video or selected input video reclocked.
  - RLY BYP B –3G/HD/SD-SDI which outputs a copy of SDI OUT 1 under normal conditions, or passive outputs the SDI input on SDI IN B as a relay failover if device power is lost.
  - Certain models also provide analog audio inputs/outputs, and coaxial AES inputs/outputs that allow audio embed/de-embed.
     Certain models also provide an CVBS analog video input and output.

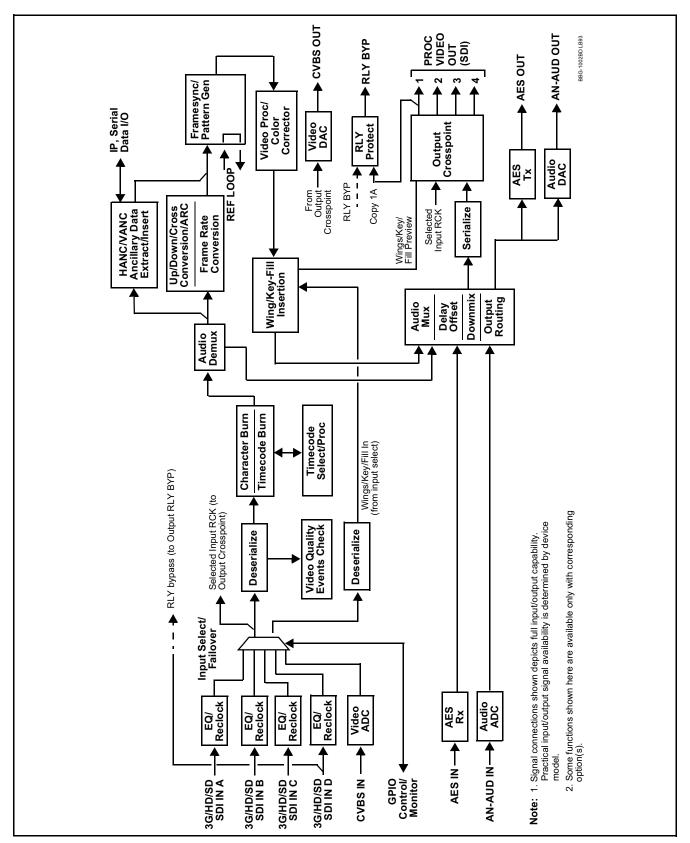


Figure 1-1 BBG-1002-UDX Functional Block Diagram

## **Video Processor Description**

The BBG-1002-UDX features a up/down/cross-convert scaler, frame sync, and user-adjustable aspect ratio control and zoom control. The BBG-1002-UDX video subsystem also provides the functions described below.

#### Input Video Select/Quality Check Functions

A GUI-based control allows each of the device video inputs to be independently set as 3G/HD/SD-SDI or CVBS SD analog video. Either mode preserves waveform and/or packet-based ancillary data for extraction and usage later in the processing chain.

The input can be selected using DashBoard manual control, set to failover to an alternate input upon loss of the target input, and can be externally selected via a GPIO interface. An input Allowed Rasters and Allowed Frame Rates filter allows inputs to be filtered (screened) for only user-allowed raster sizes and frame rates, with unallowed raster/rates being rejected as an input (input unlock). Reclocked copies of any SDI input can be outputted when selected as a choice on the output crosspoint.

**Option** (Option +QC). Quality Check allows subjective criteria such as black/frozen frame events to propagate an event alert. This alert can be used by the device Presets function to invoke video routing changes, GPO, and other actions.

#### **Timecode Processor**

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from input video source, and in turn allow individual timecode strings to be embedded and/or burned into the output video. The function can monitor any of the video inputs of the device for supported timecode formats such as ATC\_LTC or ATC\_VITC for down-conversions to HD, and ATC\_VITC or VITC waveform (with selectable odd/even field line number control) for SD SDI or CVBS inputs. Waveform VITC timecode can also be extracted from a reference input and used as the output timecode value. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used; if the preferred format is not detected, the device uses other formats (where available) as desired. An internally-generated free-run timecode can be also be embedded on output video if desired.

The function also provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

**Option** When licensed with option **+LTC**, this function also can receive and translate audio LTC timecode (from Emb Ch 1-16) for insertion as SMPTE 12M ATC timecode formats onto the output video as described above.

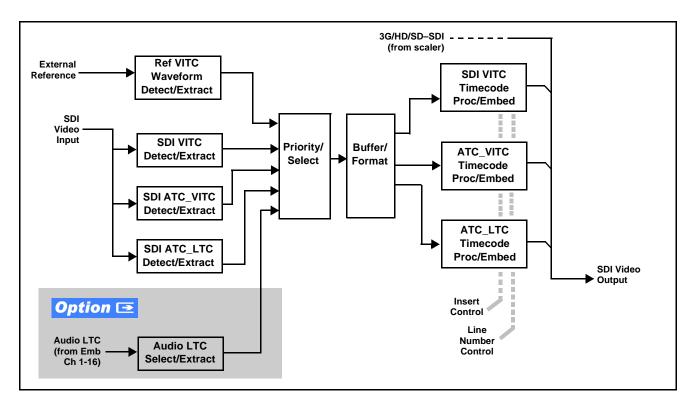


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

## **Frame Sync Function**

This function provides for frame sync control using a looping reference input that can use black burst or tri-level sync signals distributed within the plant, or use the input video as a frame sync reference.

This function also allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

Frame sync can select from either of two device frame reference sources, or free-run input video sync. Selectable failover allows alternate reference selection should the initial reference source become unavailable or invalid. In the event of input video loss of signal, the output can be set to disable video, go to black, go to an internal test signal generator pattern, or freeze to the last intact frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

An internal test signal generator provides a selection of various standard patterns such as color bars, sweep patterns, and other technical patterns. The test patterns can be applied to the output video upon loss of input or manually inserted at any time.

#### **Scaler Function**

The scaler function provides up/down/cross-conversion to 3G/HD/SD from multiple SD and 3G/HD video formats and multiple frame rates, and cross-conversion between interlaced and progressive formats, with auto-format detect/down-conversion of SMPTE 424M/292M/259M formats.

The scaler function also provides aspect ratio conversion that provides a choice from several standard aspect ratios. User-defined settings allow custom user-defined H and V aspect ratio control. Reticule insertion provides safe action area marking as well as other reticule functions and patterns.

The scaler provides special modes that allow de-interlacing to be bypassed in certain cases to reduce processing latency. Also provided are selections to optimize 3:2 pulldown conversion where timecode or other timing references can be relied upon to indicate frame transitions.

Frame Rate Conversion. Option (Option +FRC) Linear Frame Rate Conversion provides conversions between most SD/HD/3G formats – 25/50, 29.97/30/59.94/60, and 23.98/24 (both film and PsF), and also provides conversions between 50, 59.94, and 60 Hz frame rates. (Figure 1-3 shows the input/output conversions available.) A user FRC Level Control allows bypassing the FRC for cases where FRC is not needed (thereby preserving lowest processing latency), or selecting from basic frame rate conversion (where frames may be duplicated or dropped as required), and finally three levels of non-dup/drop true conversion where a transitioning frames is blended from a preceding frame to the subsequent frame.

The aggressiveness levels provide for a subjective balance of detail accuracy and motion fluidness, where selection of the aggressiveness level can be best chosen for the type of content. **+FRC** is available as a software option for devices purchased new and as a field upgrade.

Outputs —	525i 59.94	625i 50	720p 23.98	720p 24	720p 25	720p 29.97	720p 30	720p 50	720p 59.94	720p 60	1080i 50	1080i 59.94	1080i 60	1080PsF 23.98	1080PsF 24	1080PsF 25	1080PsF 29.97	1080PsF 30	1080PsF 23.98	1080p 24	1080p 25	1080p 29.97	1080p 30	1080p 50	1080p 59.94	1080p 60
525i 59.94	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
625i 50	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 23.98	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 24	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 25	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 29.97	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 30	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 50	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 59.94	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
720p 60	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080i 50	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080i 59.94	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080i 60	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
1080PsF 23.98	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080PsF 24	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠
1080PsF 25	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080PsF 29.97	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠
1080PsF 30	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080p 23.98	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠
1080p 24	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080p 25	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
1080p 29.97	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080p 30	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠
1080p 50	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1080p 59.94	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠
1080p 60	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Figure 1-3 Option +FRC Standards Conversion Matrix

## Wings Insertion

Wings insertion allows a symmetrical L-R wings insertion to be integrated into the program video output. Wings video is accommodated using a separate wings SDI input. The wings user interface displays wings timing relative to the output video, allowing wings timing offset to be adjusted such that wings can be properly framed. (This function does not provide timing offset control of the wings video; offset must be provided by a external frame sync card or device controlling the wings video feed.)

The wings L/R insertion width can be manually configured, or can be set to automatically track with aspect ratio as set by the device.

## **Key/Fill Insertion Option ⊡**

Option **+KEYER** provides for three of the device SDI video inputs to be used as respective program video, key, and fill inputs. Providing back-end (post scaler) keying, this function provides chroma keying using the **KEY VID IN** signal. The **FILL VID IN** signal provides the fill video that is inserted in the area "cleared out" by the key. The keying user interface displays key and fill timing relative to the output video, allowing timing offset to be adjusted such that key and fill can be properly framed. (The option and its host device does not provide timing offset control of the key/fill video; offset must be provided by external frame sync cards or devices controlling the key and fill video feed.) The program video input when using keying accommodates either an SDI or an analog video input; key and fill inputs are SDI only.

Alpha threshold keyer modes allow full-color key/fill from cost-effective generic sources such as a standard PC (with appropriate HDMI-to-SDI output conversion) hosting simple .bmp, .jpeg, or .png graphic files. In these modes, a common key/fill SDI input provides both the key and fill input.

**EAS Text Crawl Generation** Option Option Option +EAS provides for automated keying Emergency Alert System (EAS) text crawls in the active program video output. The function receives its text stream via a device serial data input. The EAS crawl start can be set to trigger upon receiving the serial data message, or be set to use a GPI to trigger start of the EAS crawl.

Embedded in the received serial data are commands which set the message severity to be shown by the keyed crawl (severity is correlated to user-specified text color and background color for the crawl). User controls allow control of the crawl speed and repeat of the crawl burn-in (if desired). Refer to +TTS Manual Supplement OPT-SW-PHXEAS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with the option.

#### **Closed Captioning Processor**

This function provides support for closed captioning setup. The function allows the selection of the ancillary data line number where the ancillary closed caption data is outputted when the output is HD. When receiving HD-SDI, both CEA 608 and CEA 708 are supported, with CEA 608 and CEA 708 (containing CEA 608 packets) converted to line 21 closed captioning on outputs down-converted to SD.

## 

Option **+COLOR** converts the YCbCr SDI input video to the 4:4:4 RGB color space (where the color correction is applied), and then back to YCbCr SDI on the output. Controls are available to adjust each RGB level independently for both white levels (gain) and black levels (offset). Gamma can also be independently adjusted for each RGB channels. Various controls can be ganged to provide adjustment for all three color channels simultaneously.

## Ancillary Data Processor Option Option

This function provides full VANC/HANC ancillary data de-embedding and embedding for 3G/HD/SD-SDI streams. Direct access to DID and SDID locations allows extraction or insertion of user data such as camera PTZ, SCTE 104, closed-captioning read/insert, GPI/GPO via ANC, or other specialized user payloads. Data can be extracted and inserted within the device, bypassing the scaler (Bridge mode), or inserted and/or extracted to and from the device via serial or IP interfaces connecting to external devices/systems. A rear panel connector bank with a dedicated IP port can be used with the ancillary data processor function for data insertion or extraction via IP

## AFD ARC Processor Option Option

(See Figure 1-4.) Option **+AFD** allows extracted Aspect Ratio Control (ARC) data from the input video (in either AFD, WSS, or VI formats) and provides:

- Format translation between AFD, WSS, and VI ARC formats.
- H/V cross-conversion matrix in which a received code directs a same or other user-selectable alternate H/V ratio on the output for any of several H/V ratios.
- Directs scaler automatic active ARC in response to received and/or converted ARC code (Scaler Follows ARC).

The input video is checked for ARC formats and can be set to provide a trigger upon when a selected ARC format is received, the code associated with the received format can be applied to the output as a translated format (for, example, from WSS to AFD). Received H/V codes can also be applied through an H/V conversion matrix that allows alternate H/V ratios for a given received input code. The ARC code format priority works in that AFD has highest priority, with WSS or VI selectable as the next priority. In conjunction with a user-accessible cross-matrix table, the received code then in turn directs any of several user-selectable H/V settings to be inserted on the output video as AFD, WSS, and/or VI codes. AFD, WSS and/or VI can be rejected for input consideration. The selected output H/V ratio can be set to automatically apply this aspect ratio to the program video.

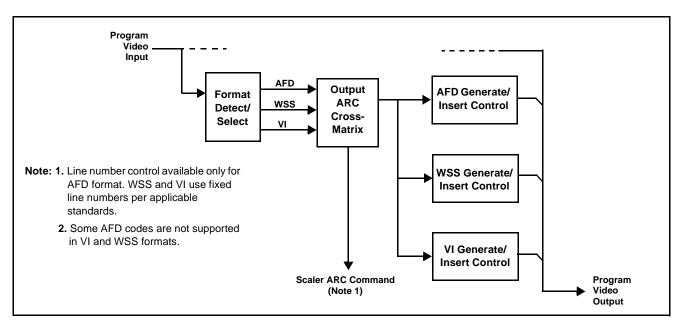


Figure 1-4 AFD ARC Processor

### **Character/Image Burn-in Functions**

User text and timecode (as selected using the timecode function) can be burned into the output video. Burn-in attributes such as size, position, background, color, and opacity are user-configurable. Two discrete character burn strings can be inserted on output video, with each string inserted as static text and/or insert only upon LOS. A moving-box insertion can be enabled to serve as a dynamic raster confidence check even in cases where the input video image is static or lost.

Option Options +T-SLATE and +LOGO respectively provide for automated trouble slate and logo (such as ID "bug") into the output video raster. Refer to +LOGO / +T-SLATE Manual Supplement OPT-SW-PHXLTS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with either of these options.

## Video Quality Events Detect Function Option Option

Option +QC provides a Video Quality Events user interface and an Event Triggers user interface for setting an area of concern across the program raster which can be monitored for frozen or black video events. Threshold controls allow setting the sensitivity of the function, while engage and disengage threshold timing controls allow setting how fast the event detection engages and releases when triggered. The Event Triggers user interface allows instructing the device as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

### **Closed Captioning Events Detect Function**

An **Event Triggers** user interface can detect Closed Caption Presence and Closed Caption Absence events. The **Event Triggers** user interface in turn allows instructing the device as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

## Ancillary Data Processor Option Option

This function provides full VANC/HANC ancillary data de-embedding and embedding for 3G/HD/SD-SDI streams. Direct access to DID and SDID locations allows extraction or insertion of user data such as camera PTZ, SCTE 104, closed-captioning read/insert, GPI/GPO via ANC, or other specialized user payloads. Data can be extracted and inserted within the device (Bridge mode), or inserted and/or extracted to and from the device via serial or IP interfaces connecting to external devices/systems. A rear I/O module with a dedicated IP port can be used with the ancillary data processor function for data insertion or extraction via IP.

This option also provides SMPTE 337 embed/de-embed, which allows serial user data to be embedded and de-embedded over unused embedded audio pairs.

### Video Output Crosspoint

A four-output video matrix crosspoint allows independently applying the device processed video output or reclocked input to any of the four device discrete coaxial outputs (**SDI OUT 1** thru **SDI OUT 4**).

An additional output (RLY BYP B) provides a relay-protected output that outputs a copy of SDI OUT 1 crosspoint selection in normal operation. In power loss failover RLY BYP B passive outputs the signal connected to SDI IN B.

## **Audio Processor Description**

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. This function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video input (default 1-to-1 routing to SDI output)
- The processor function provides group enable/disable and de-embedding of the 16-channel embedded audio SDI input.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> Discrete audio I/O channel count is dependent on model.

(See Figure 1-5.) The audio processing subsection is built around a device internal 16-channel bus. This 16-channel bus receives inputs from an input routing crosspoint that routes de-embedded (and discrete AES and analog audio inputs) over the 16-channel device bus. Correspondingly, at the output end of the 16-channel bus is an output routing crosspoint that in turn distributes the 16-channel bus signals to embedded (and discrete AES and analog audio) outputs.

An Input Audio Status display shows the presence and peak level of each input audio channel received by the device. For digital audio inputs, payload is identified (PCM or data such as Dolby® Digital or E), as well as sample rate for discrete AES inputs. Discrete AES inputs can have sample rate conversion applied to align these inputs with the output timing (received sample rates from 32 kHz to 96 kHz are supported). An audio silence check can detect, on any channel, audio that persists below a specified loudness exceeding a configurable time span. This check can propagate an alert to the device Presets function to invoke audio routing and other changes.

As such, the audio subsection provides a full crosspoint between all supported audio inputs and output formats.

In addition to SDI embedded audio channel sources, analog pair inputs and coaxial AES inputs are available on certain models. For digital audio inputs, payload is identified (PCM or data such as Dolby® Digital or E), as well as sample rate for discrete AES inputs. Discrete AES inputs can have sample rate conversion applied to align these inputs with the output timing in cases where AES audio is not synchronous with input video. This model also provides an analog audio output pair and a coaxial AES output which can receive any embedded channel.

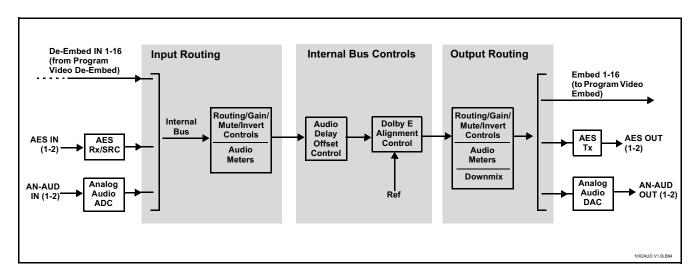


Figure 1-5 Basic Audio Processing Block Diagram

Option (Option +CQS). Clean and Quiet Switching allows SDI input selection to be changed from one source to another while ducking audio during controlled input video switching transitions to provide silence between input switches. The cross-fade is queued for the next available RP168 switch line following the switch command.

Note:

- Clean audio switching is assured only for intentional, controlled switches via user control. Clean audio switching cannot be assured for failover switches.
- Clean switching requires that both SDI signals (switch from and switch to) be stable and present.
- Clean audio switching function is designed for PCM audio. This function does not assure clean decoded audio when switching from/to Dolby or other non-PCM audio.

#### **Audio Down Mix Function**

(See Figure 1-6.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded channels serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into stereo pair Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed to any embedded audio pair as desired (or de-embedded to an AES or analog audio output).

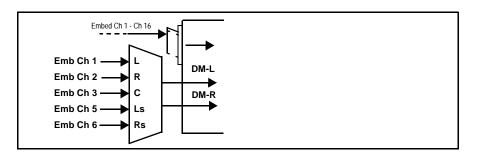


Figure 1-6 Audio Down Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

**Flex Buses.** For both input and output nodes before and after the device internal buses, flex buses provide flexible-structure mixer in which any of 16 summing nodes (**Flex Mix Bus A** thru **Flex Mix Bus P**) can receive any device audio input, thereby allowing several customizable mixing schemes. Similarly, any of the 16 device internal bus signals can be applied to an output flex bus mixer. The output flex bus allows cross-sourcing from both **Path 1** and **Path 2** embedded internal Audio Bus sources to the Path 1 and Path 2 discrete output audio crosspoints.

Option (Option +CQS). Clean and Quiet Switching allows SDI input selection to be changed from one source to another while ducking audio during controlled input video switching transitions to provide silence between input switches. The cross-fade is queued for the next available RP168 switch line following the switch command.

Note

- Clean audio switching is assured only for intentional, controlled switches via user control. Clean audio switching cannot be assured for failover switches.
- Clean switching requires that both SDI signals (switch from and switch to) be stable and present.
- Clean audio switching function is designed for PCM audio. This function does not assure clean decoded audio when switching from/to Dolby or other non-PCM audio.

**Text-To-Speech.** Option (Option +TTS) Cobalt Digital +TTS is a complete 21CVAA digital text-to-speech generation / audio insertion solution for embedded and discrete audio systems. +TTS is available as a software option for new BBG-1002-UDX units. For field upgrade, the unit must be returned to the factory for option installation.

+TTS interfaces with industry standard Windows Share folder systems to receive non-proprietary text, XML, or similar plain text files, and converts and inserts realistic human-voice audio into user-configured audio channels (typically an SAP channel pair intended for this playout). +TTS allows for prioritization based on the organization's discretion (for example, severe weather alerts out-prioritizing school closings). Alert tones are inserted over the main program channels to alert the visually impaired that emergency content is to occur on the SAP channel. Alerts can be played a configurable number of times, and alerts with higher priority can interrupt current lists for breaking news. Once the interrupt message is broadcast, +TTS automatically reverts to normal audio programming. Refer to +TTS Manual Supplement OPT-TTS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with the option.

Audio Events Detect Function. Option Option QC provides a Audio Detect Events user interface and an Event Triggers user interface for checking user-selected channels to detect audio silence conditions. The Event Triggers user interface in turn allows instructing the device as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

#### **Control and Data Input/Output Interfaces**

#### **GPI Interface**

Two independent ground-closure sensing GPI inputs (**GPI 1** and **GPI 2**; each sharing common ground connection as chassis potential) are available. Associated with each GPI user control is a selection of one of 32 user-defined presets in which GPI activation invokes a control preset. Because the GPI closure invokes a user-defined preset, the resulting setup is highly flexible and totally user-defined. Invoking a user preset to effect a change involves setup communication limited **only** to the items being changed; the device remains on-line during the setup, and the called preset is rapidly applied.

GPI triggering can be user selected to consider the activity on discrete GPI ports, or combinations of logic states considering both GPI inputs, as well as be set for level or edge triggering. This flexibility allows multistage, progressive actions to be invoked if desired. Indication is provided showing whenever a GPI input has been invoked.

#### **GPO Interface**

Two independent phototransistor non-referenced (floating) contact pairs (GPO 1/1 and GPO 2/2) are available. A GPO can be invoked by setting a GPO to be enabled when a preset is in turn applied (i.e., when a preset is invoked (either manually or via event-based loading), the GPO is correspondingly also activated.

#### Serial (COMM) Ports

The BBG-1002-UDX is equipped with two, 3-wire serial ports (**COM 1 - Serial Port 1**, **COM 2 - Serial Port 2**). The ports provide for SMPTE 2020 de-embedding to an output port, and provide RS-485 LTC I/O (when licensed with option **+LTC**), and can be used with the Ancillary Data Processor option for data insertion or extraction. Either port can be configured as RS-232 Tx/Rx or RS-422 non-duplexed Tx or Rx.

## +SCTE104 Insertion Option **⊡**

Option +SCTE104 provides generation and insertion of SCTE 104 messages into baseband SDI. Message send can be triggered from automation GPI or other event action modes. The option can also execute actions based on SCTE 104 messages received by the device, as well as send triggered SCTE 104 packets to other downstream systems. The user interface is based on common SCTE 104 operations: Splice Start Normal, Splice Start Intermediate, Splice End Normal, Splice End Intermediate, and Splice Cancel (splice\_request\_data variants), offering full control of splice start, end, and cancel as well as pre-roll and break duration offsets. (A Manual Supplement is planned for this option. Please check product web page.)

#### Alarm Function

The device can be set to monitor input video/audio for input errors such as input LOS, frozen or black frame, loss of reference, closed captioning ancillary data loss, and/or per-channel audio absences. These alarms can be propagated as a general error or warning message, and can be downloaded as basic .txt logs or via a Syslog function. User setup tables configure the alarm severity escalation as well as trigger holdoff/release and other thresholds as applicable.

#### **User Control Interface**

BBG-1002-UDX uses an HTML5 internal web server for control/monitoring communication, which allows control via a web interface with no special or unique application on the client device. Connection to the device to the network media connection is via a standard 10/100/1000 RJ-45 Ethernet connection. The device can also be controlled using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> remote control, where it appears as a frame connection.

## **Technical Specifications**

Table 1-1 lists the technical specifications for the BBG-1002-UDX 3G/HD/SD-SDI Standalone Up-Down-Cross Converter/Framesync/Audio Embed/De-Embed with Multi-Input Auto-Changeover unit.

Table 1-1 Technical Specifications

Item	Characteristic
Note: Inputs/outputs are a function in son offered.	ne cases of model. See descriptions below for I/O complements
Part number, nomenclature	• BBG-1002-UDX 3G/HD/SD-SDI Stand-alone Up/Down/Cross Converting Frame Sync and Embedded Audio Proc with (4) 3G/ HD/SD-SDI Input BNCs w/ (1) Relay Protect), (4) 3G/HD/SDI Output BNCs, GPIO/COMM (RJ-45 connector), (1) Gigabit Ethernet, Looping Reference and Redundant DC Power Inputs (includes one BBG-1000-PS Power Supply)
	• BBG-1002-UDX-B 3G/HD/SD-SDI Stand-alone Up/Down/Cross Converting Frame Sync and Audio Embedder/De-Embedder with (1) 3G/HD/SD-SDI Input BNC, (1) CVBS Input BNC, (1) AES Input BNC, (2) Balanced Analog Inputs, (1) 3G/HD/SDI Output BNC, (1) CVBS Output BNC, (1) AES Output BNC, (2) Balanced Analog Audio Outputs, (1) Gigabit Ethernet, Looping Reference I/O and Redundant DC Power Inputs (includes one BBG-1000-PS Power Supply)
	• BBG-1002-UDX-C 3G/HD/SD-SDI Stand-alone Up/Down/Cross Converting Frame Sync and Audio Embedder/De-Embedder with (1) 3G/HD/SD-SDI Input BNC, (1) CVBS Video In BNC, (2) AES In BNCs, (2) Balanced Analog Audio Inputs, (1) 3G/HD/SDI Output BNC, (1) CVBS Video Out BNC), (2) AES Out BNCs, (2) Balanced Analog Audio Outputs, (1) Gigabit Ethernet, Looping Reference I/O and Redundant DC Power Inputs (includes one BBG-1000-PS Power Supply)
	• BBG-1002-UDX-D-DIN 3G/HD/SD-SDI Stand-alone Up/Down/ Cross Converting Frame Sync and Audio Embedder/ De-Embedder with (4) 3G/HD/SD-SDI Inputs, (2) Balanced Analog Audio In, (6) AES Inputs, (4) 3G/HD/SDI Outputs w/ (1) relay protect, (4) AES Outputs, GPIO/COMM (RJ-45 connector) (1) Gigabit Ethernet, Looping Reference and Redundant DC Power Inputs (includes one BBG-1000-PS Power Supply; All coaxial connectors DIN 1.0/2.3)
	BBG-1002-D-HDBNC 3G/HD/SD-SDI Stand-alone Up/Down/ Cross Converting Frame Sync and Audio Embedder/ De-Embedder with (4) 3G/HD/SD-SDI Inputs, (2) Balanced Analog Audio In, (6) AES Inputs, (4) 3G/HD/SDI Outputs w/ (1) relay protect, (4) AES Outputs, GPIO/COMM (RJ-45 connector) (1) Gigabit Ethernet, Looping Reference and Redundant DC Power Inputs (includes one BBG-1000-PS Power Supply; all coaxial connectors HDBNC)
Power consumption	< 18 Watts maximum. Power provided by included AC adapter; 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz. Second DC power connection allows power redundancy using second (optional) AC adapter.
Installation Density	Up to 3 units per 1RU space

Table 1-1 Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic
Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage):	32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing
Dimensions (WxHxD):	5.7 x 1.4 x 14.7 in (14.5 x 3.5 x 37.3 cm) Dimensions include connector projections.
Weight:	6 lb (2.8 kg)
Ethernet communication	10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX via HTML5 web interface
Front-Panel Controls and Indicators	Backlit LCD display and menu navigation keys. Display and controls provide unit status display and full control as an alternate to web GUI control.
Serial Digital Video Input	Number of inputs:
	Up to (4), with manual select or failover to alternate input. Input B uses relay bypass to output RLY BYP B.
	Data Rates Supported:
	SMPTE 424M, 292M, SMPTE 259M-C
	Impedance:
	75 $\Omega$ terminating
	Return Loss:
	> 15 dB up to 1.485 GHz
	> 10 dB up to 2.970 GHz
Analog Video Input	Number of Inputs:
	One SD analog CVBS
	Impedance:
	75 Ω
AES Audio Inputs	Standard:
	SMPTE 276M
	Number of Inputs:
	Up to (6) unbalanced; AES-3id
	Impedance: $75 \Omega$
Angle v Andie Instite	
Analog Audio Inputs	Number of Inputs:
	Up to (2) balanced using 3-wire removable Phoenix connectors; 0 dBFS => +24 dBu
Input Select/Auto-Changeover Failover (option +QC)	Failover to alternate input on loss of target input. Failover invoked upon LOS and/or (with option +QC) user configurable parametric criteria such as black/frozen frame or audio silence.
	<ul> <li>Black frame trigger configurable for black intensity threshold and persistence time.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Frozen frame trigger configurable for frozen percentage difference and persistence time.</li> </ul>

Introduction Technical Specifications

Table 1-1 Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic						
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video	Number of Outputs:						
Outputs	Up to (4) 3G/HD/SD-SDI BNC						
	Impedance:						
	75 Ω						
	Return Loss:						
	> 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz						
	Signal Level:						
	800 mV ± 10%						
	DC Offset:						
	$0 \text{ V} \pm 50 \text{ mV}$						
	Jitter (3G/HD/SD):						
	< 0.3/0.2/0.2 UI						
	Minimum Latency (scaler and frame sync disabled):						
	SD: 127 pixels; 9.4 us						
	720p: 330 pixels; 4.45 us						
	1080i: 271 pixels; 3.65 us						
	1080p: 361 pixels; 2.43 us						
Analog Video Output	Number of Outputs:						
	One SD analog CVBS						
	Impedance:						
	75 Ω						
Embedded Audio Output	16-ch embedded. User crosspoint allows routing of any embedded channel to any embedded channel output. Multi-frequency tone generator for each audio output. Master delay control; range of -33 msec to +3000 msec.						

Table 1-1 Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic
AES Audio Outputs	Standard:
	SMPTE 276M
	Number of Outputs:
	Up to (4) unbalanced; AES-3id
	Impedance:
	75 Ω
Analog Audio Outputs	Number of Outputs:
	Two balanced using 3-wire removable Phoenix connectors; 0 dBFS => +24 dBu
Frame Reference Input	Looping 2-BNC connection. SMPTE 170M/318M "Black Burst", SMPTE 274M/296M "Tri-Level"
	Return Loss: >35 dB up to 5.75 MHz
GPIO/COMM	(2) GPI; (2) GPO; opto-isolated
	GPO Specifications:
	Max I: 120 mA
	Max V: 30 V
	Max P: 120 mW
	GPI Specifications:
	GPI LO @ Vin < 1.5 V
	GPI HI @ Vin > 2.3 V
	Max Vin: 9 V
Redundant (or spare) AC power supply	BBG-1000-PS

## **Warranty and Service Information**

## **Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty**

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby<sup>®</sup> modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

#### **Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center**

2506 Galen Drive Office: (217) 344-1243 Champaign, IL 61821 USA Fax: (217) 344-1245 www.cobaltdigital.com Email: info@cobaltdigital.com

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Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- · Technical support
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Fax:	(217) 344-1245
Web:	www.cobaltdigital.com
General Information:	info@cobaltdigital.com
Technical Support:	support@cobaltdigital.com

# Installation

## **Overview**

This chapter contains the following information:

- Installing the BBG-1002-UDX (p. 2-1)
- Rear Panel Connections (p. 2-2)
- GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog Audio Connections (p. 2-5)

## Installing the BBG-1002-UDX

- Note: Where BBG-1002-UDX is to be installed on a mounting plate (or regular table or desk surface) without optional frame Mounting Tray BBG-1000-TRAY, affix four adhesive-backed rubber feet (supplied) to the bottom of BBG-1002-UDX in locations marked with stamped "x". If feet are not affixed, chassis bottom cooling vents will be obscured.
  - Where BBG-1002-UDX is to be installed with optional frame Mounting Tray BBG-1000-TRAY, do not affix adhesive-backed feet.

#### **Installing Using BBG-1000-TRAY Optional Mounting Tray**

BBG-1000-TRAY allows up to three BBG-1002-UDX to be mounted and securely attached to a 1 RU tray that fits into a standard EIA 19" rack mounting location. Install BBG-1002-UDX unit into tray as described and shown here.

- If installing BBG-1002-UDX using optional frame Mounting Tray BBG-1000-TRAY, install BBG-1002-UDX in tray as shown in Figure
- Connect the input and output cables as shown in Figure 2-3.

**Rear Panel Connections** 

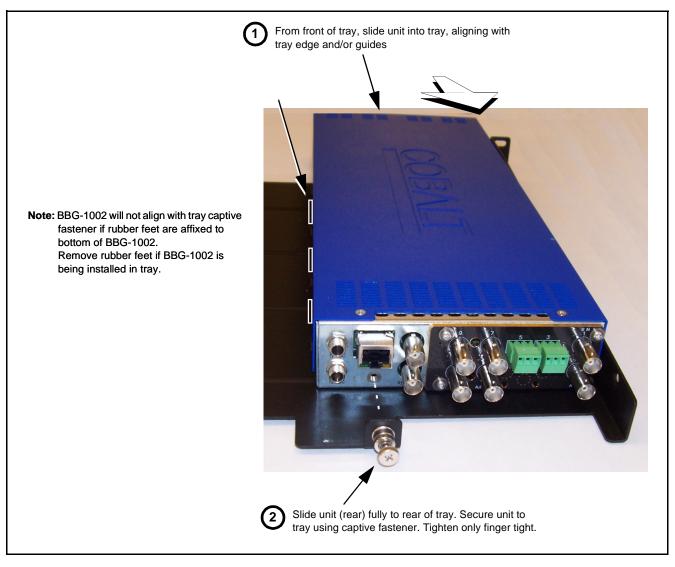


Figure 2-1 Mounting BBG-1002-UDX Using Frame Mounting Tray

#### **BBG-1002-UDX Unit Dimensions**

Figure 2-2 shows the BBG-1002-UDX physical dimensions and mounting details for cases where BBG-1002-UDX will be installed in a location not using the optional BBG-1000-TRAY mounting tray.

## **Rear Panel Connections**

Perform rear panel cable connections as shown in Figure 2-3.

- Note: The BBG-1002-UDX BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC video inputs or outputs.
  - External frame sync reference signal (if used) must be terminated if a looping (daisy-chain) connection is not used. Unterminated reference connection may result in unstable reference operation.

**Installation** Rear Panel Connections

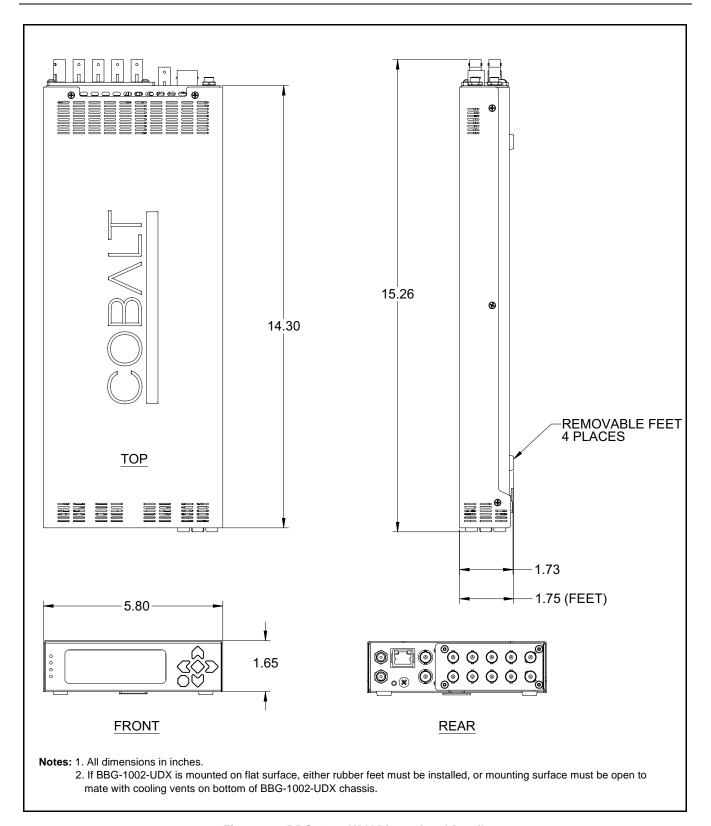
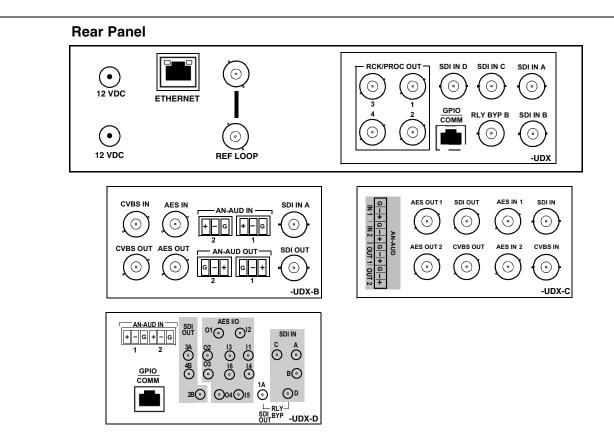


Figure 2-2 BBG-1002-UDX Dimensional Details



Connector	Function						
12 VDC	Dual DC power IN connectors (diode-isolated). Single AC adapter (supplied) can be connected to either connector. Dual adapters can be connected to provide power redundancy.						
10/100/1000 ETHERNET	Gigabit Ethernet control/monitoring connection. Communication activity status is shown by integral status LEDs.						
REF LOOP Looping 75Ω reference connection for connection to house black burst or tri-level reference connections							
BBG-1002-UDX Co	nnectors						
SDI IN A thru SDI IN D	(4) 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs						
RCK/PROC OUT 1 thru RCK/PROC OUT 4	(4) 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs; each GUI selectable as selected-input reclocked or processed out						
RLY BYP	(1) relay-protected SDI processed output BNC. Outputs a copy of SDI OUT 1 under normal conditions, or passive outputs the SDI input on SDI IN D as a relay failover if device power is lost.						
COMM/GPIO	RJ-45 connector that provides the following:  - Multi-format serial interface  - Two opto-isolated GPI inputs  - Two opto-isolated open-collector drivers  Note: See Figure 2-4 for connector pinouts.						
CVBS IN	CVBS analog video input BNC						
AN-AUD IN	Analog balanced audio inputs						
AES IN	AES input BNC						
SDI OUT	3G/HD/SD-SDI processed out BNC						
CVBS OUT	CVBS analog video output BNC						
AN-AUD OUT	Analog balanced audio outputs						
AES OUT	AES output BNC						

Figure 2-3 BBG-1002-UDX Rear Panel Connectors

## GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog Audio Connections

Figure 2-4 shows connections to the device multi-pin terminal block connectors. These connectors are used for serial comm, GPIO, and balanced analog audio connections.

**Note:** It is preferable to wire connections to plugs oriented as shown in Figure 2-4 rather than assessing orientation on rear module connectors. Note that the orientation of rear module 3-wire audio connectors is not necessarily consistent within a rear module, or between different rear modules. If wiring is first connected to plug oriented as shown here, the electrical orientation will

be correct regardless of rear module connector orientation.

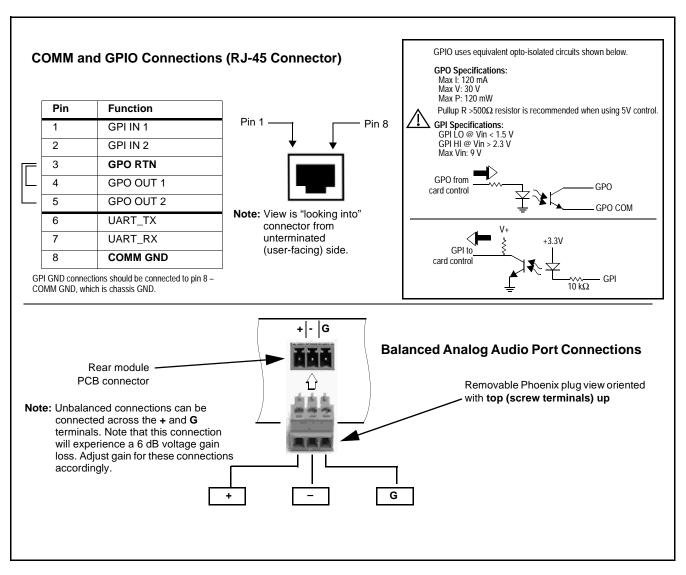


Figure 2-4 COMM, GPIO, and Analog Audio Connector Pinouts

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# Setup/Operating Instructions

## **Overview**

This chapter contains the following information:

- BBG-1002 Front Panel Display and Menu-Accessed Control (p. 3-1)
- Connecting BBG-1002 To Your Network (p. 3-3)
- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-5)
- Checking BBG-1002-UDX Device Information (p. 3-8)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-9)
- BBG-1002-UDX Function Menu List and Descriptions (p. 3-10)
- Uploading Firmware Using Web Interface and GUI (p. 3-81)
- Front Panel User Menus (p. 3-82)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-84)

Perform the setup procedures here in the sequence specified. All procedures equally apply to all models unless otherwise noted.

**Note:** All instructions here assume BBG-1002 is physically connected to the control physical network as described in Chapter 2. Installation.

## **BBG-1002 Front Panel Display and Menu-Accessed Control**

Figure 3-1 shows and describes the BBG-1002 front panel displays and menu-accessed user interface controls. Initial network setup is performed using these controls.

- STATUS LED illuminated green shows unit power is OK and unit is functional. - INPUT LOCK LED illuminated green shows at least one video input is locked to video. - REF STATUS LED illuminated green shows valid reference is being received. - COMM LED illuminated green shows Ethernet connection is OK. O STATUS Menu: Options O INPUT ▲Status ▶Network Settings O REF ▼Character Burner O COMM BBG1000\_FPUI\_SCPD2014P8 Alphanumeric display shows configuration items, and shows and allows changes of settings when a menu item is ▲ and ▼ arrows denote scroll up or down to access the menu item. > arrows denotes a menu item is accessed to be selected (in the example above, Network Settings). Press the 🍑 button to now access and enter the menu item. When this button is pressed, the selected menu item is displayed, along with its sub-menus. In this example showing the Network Settings menu, Menu: Network Settings as menu item is displayed (indicating this is the actively selected menu item) and its sub-menus are now displayed: Menu: Network Settings ▶ IP: 10.99.11.162 ▼ Netmask: 255.255.25.0 ▼ Gateway: 10.99.11.1 In this example, with ▶ pre-selecting the IP: sub-menu, pressing the �� button again opens the IP: sub-menu. ΙP The carets above and below a character indicate this character is ready for editing. Use the and buttons to decrement or increment the value. 010.099.011.162 Use the and buttons to navigate to other characters.

To exit a sub-menu or a menu, press the  $\bigcirc$ x button. This locks in any changes and proceeds to the last-selected sub-menu or menu item. Repeatedly press the button to step up through sub-menus and then to other menus. Access other menu items using the  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  buttons.

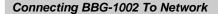
The display backlight automatically brightens with any navigation arrow activity, and then goes dim after a few moments.

Figure 3-1 BBG-1002 Front Panel Display and Menu Controls

## **Connecting BBG-1002 To Your Network**

BBG-1002 ships with network protocol set to DHCP and populates its address with an addressed allocated by your DHCP server. If your network does not have a DHCP server, the BBG-1002 address field will be blank, and a static address must then be assigned. All initial network settings are performed using the Front Panel Display menu-accessed control (as described on the previous page). Refer to this page for instructions of using the front-panel menu navigation.

Access the Network Settings menu and configure network settings as follows:



- Power-up BBG-1002 and connect Ethernet cable connection to media. Wait for BBG-1002 to complete booting. When Product: BBG-1002 ... is displayed, device is ready for configuration.
- 2. Press and access the **Network Settings** menu. Current network settings are displayed (as configured by host DHCP server).

**Note:** It is recommended to now change the settings to use a static IP address of your choice. The following steps describe using a static IP address.

- 3. In Network Settings > Mode, change setting to Mode: Static.
- 4. Configure the following fields as desired and appropriate for your network connection (examples shown below).

Menu: Network Settings IP: 10.99.16.105

Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 10.99.16.1

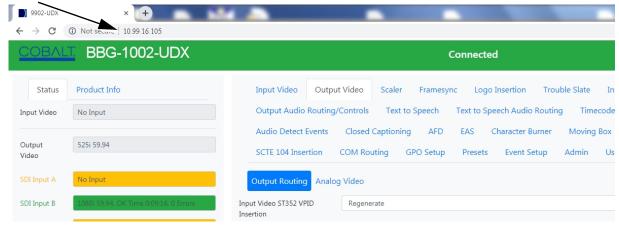
Mode: Static

5. Press (X) to commit changes and exit the setup menu.

Note: Current IP address of BBG-1002 can now be checked from the front panel by accessing this at any point.

6. At this point, BBG-1002 can now be accessed with a web browser pointing to the configured address. Browse to the configured address and check connectivity.

Web browser pointing to configured address displays BBG-1002



### Finding a BBG-1002 Device in DashBoard

(See Figure 3-2) If BBG-1002 is configured with an address within a network also available via DashBoard, a BBG-1002 device appears as a frame entity in the DashBoard Basic Tree View.

**Note:** BBG-1002 DashBoard remote control is also available by opening the device in DashBoard similar to opening an openGear<sup>®</sup> card.

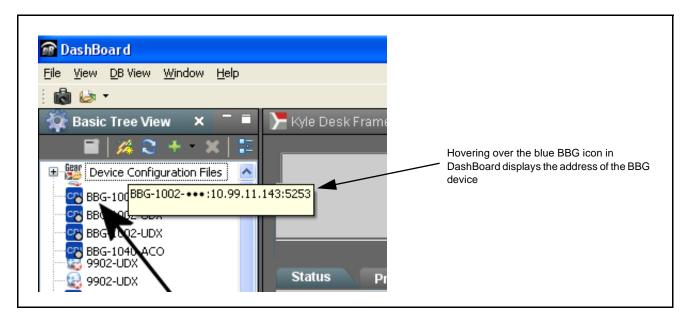


Figure 3-2 Finding BBG-1002 Using DashBoard

## **Control and Display Descriptions**

This section describes the web user interface controls for using the BBG-1002-UDX.

The format in which the BBG-1002-UDX functional controls appear follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

#### Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the BBG-1002-UDX device are organized into function **menus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-3 shows how the BBG-1002-UDX device and its menus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between devices, function menus, and parameters.

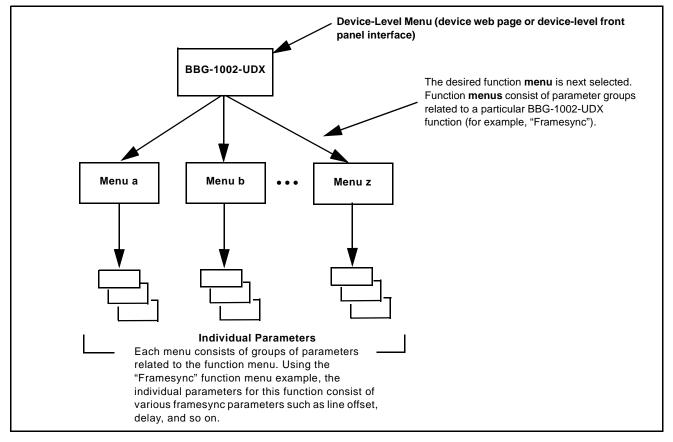


Figure 3-3 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

#### Web User Interface

(See Figure 3-4.) The device function menu is organized using main menu navigation tabs which appear on the left side of any pane regardless of the currently displayed pane. When a menu tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists.

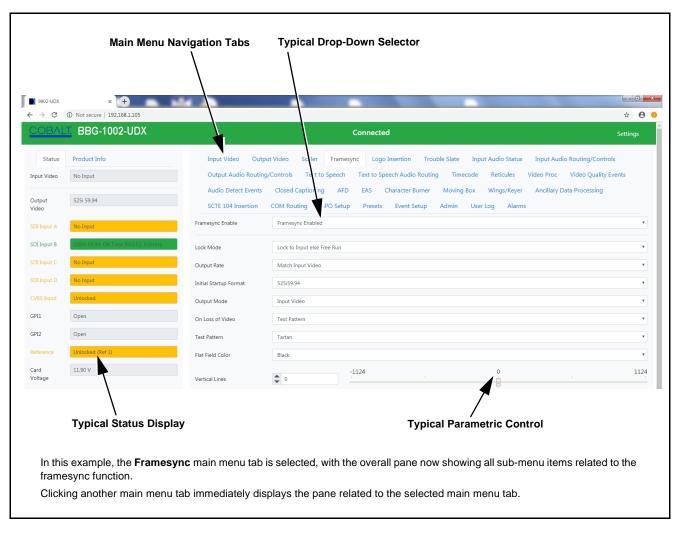


Figure 3-4 Typical Web UI Display and Controls

### **Display Theme**

(See Figure 3-5.) The BBG-1002 user interface theme selection offers light and dark themes suited for various users and environments.

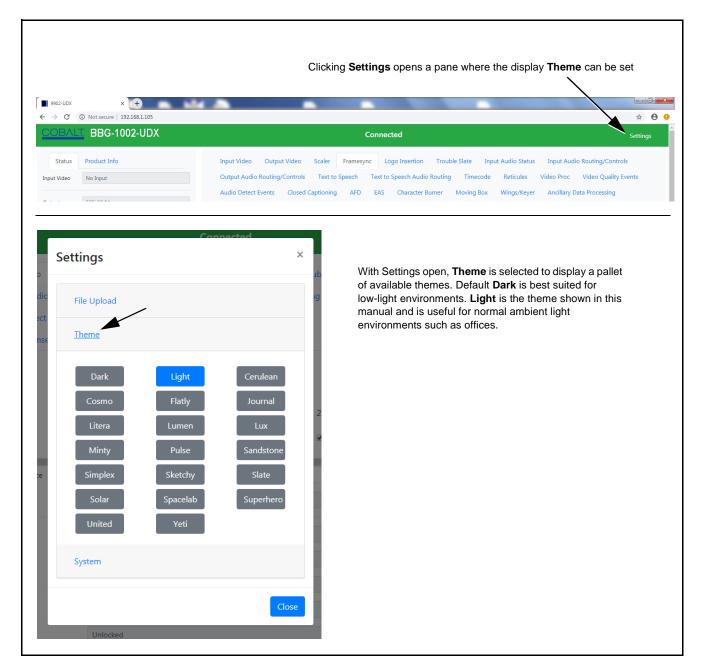


Figure 3-5 Web UI Display Themes

## **Checking BBG-1002-UDX Device Information**

The operating status and software version the BBG-1002-UDX device can be checked by clicking the **Status** main menu tab. Figure 3-6 shows and describes the BBG-1002-UDX device information status display.

**Note:** Proper operating status is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-6. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-84) for corrective action.

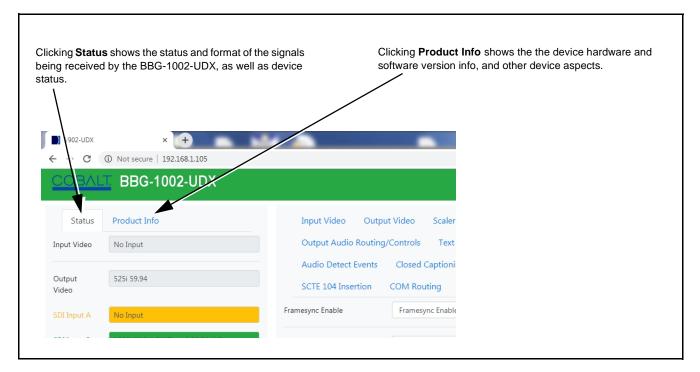


Figure 3-6 BBG-1002-UDX Device Info/Status Utility

## **Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges**

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the device.

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

	Default Line No. / Range		
ltem	SD	HD	
AFD	12 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)	
ATC_VITC	13 (Note 2)	9/8 (Note 2)	
ATC_LTC	_	10 (Note 2)	
Dolby <sup>®</sup> Metadata	13 (Note 2)	13 (Note 2)	
SDI VITC Waveform	14/16 (Note 2)	_	
Closed Captioning	21 (locked)	10 (Note 2)	

#### Notes:

- 1. The device does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
- 2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

For	mat	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting
525	i i	12-19	720p	9-25	1080p	9-41
625	ii	9-22	1080i	9-20		

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-7 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

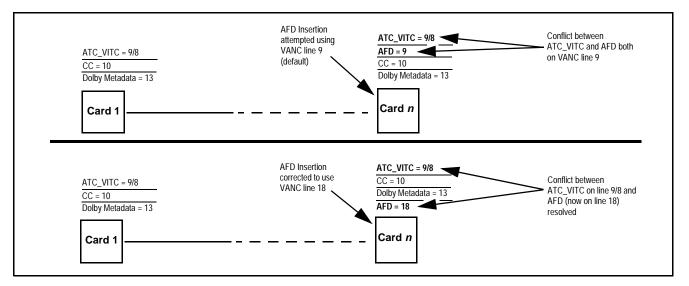


Figure 3-7 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Example

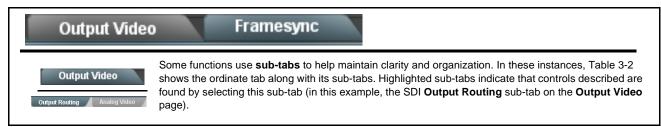
# **BBG-1002-UDX Function Menu List and Descriptions**

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each BBG-1002-UDX function menu item and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided.

#### Note:

- Option For any DashBoard tabs on device not appearing in this manual, this indicates the function is an option and covered in a separate Manual Supplement. Please refer to product or option web page Product Downloads for pdf Manual Supplements covering these options.
- User interface depictions here may show DashBoard UI. Web UI is similar.

On the web GUI itself and in Table 3-2, the function menu items are organized using main menu tabs as shown below.



The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function menu item can be found.

Function Menu Item	Page	Function Menu Item	Page
Input Video Controls	3-11	Reticules	3-48
Output Video Mode Controls	3-12	Character Burner	3-51
Scaler	3-13	Moving Box Insertion	3-56
Framesync	3-17	Wings Insertion	3-57
Input Audio Status	3-20	Keyer	3-58
Input Audio Routing/Controls	3-21	Ancillary Data Proc Controls	3-61
Video Quality Events	3-26	COMM Ports Setup Controls	3-66
Audio Detect Events Setup Controls	3-27	Presets	3-68
Video Proc/Color Correction	3-28	GPO Setup Controls	3-70
Output Audio Routing/Controls	3-31	Event Setup Controls	3-71
AFD/WSS/VI Code Insertion Controls	3-36	Admin (Log Status/Firmware Update)	3-75
Timecode	3-42	User Log	3-76
Closed Captioning	3-47	Alarms Setup Controls	3-77

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List

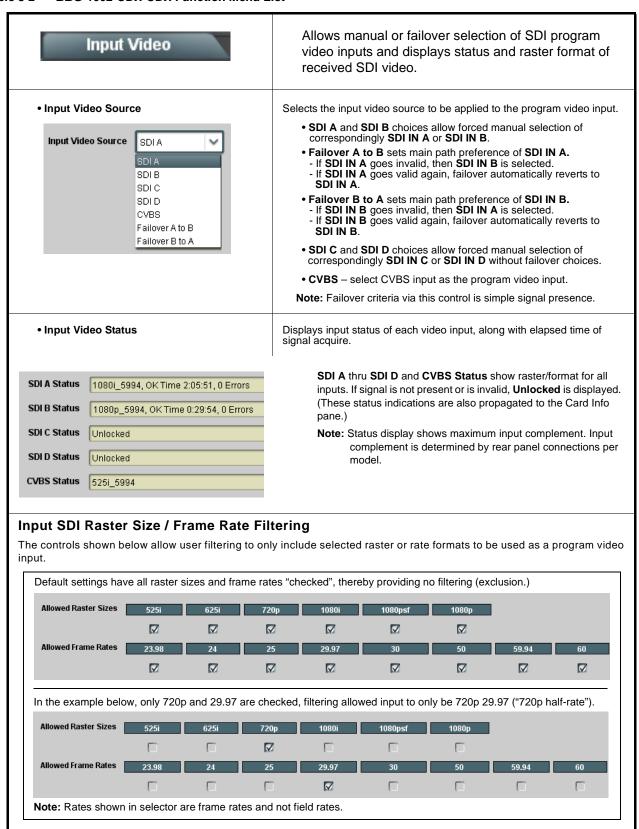


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

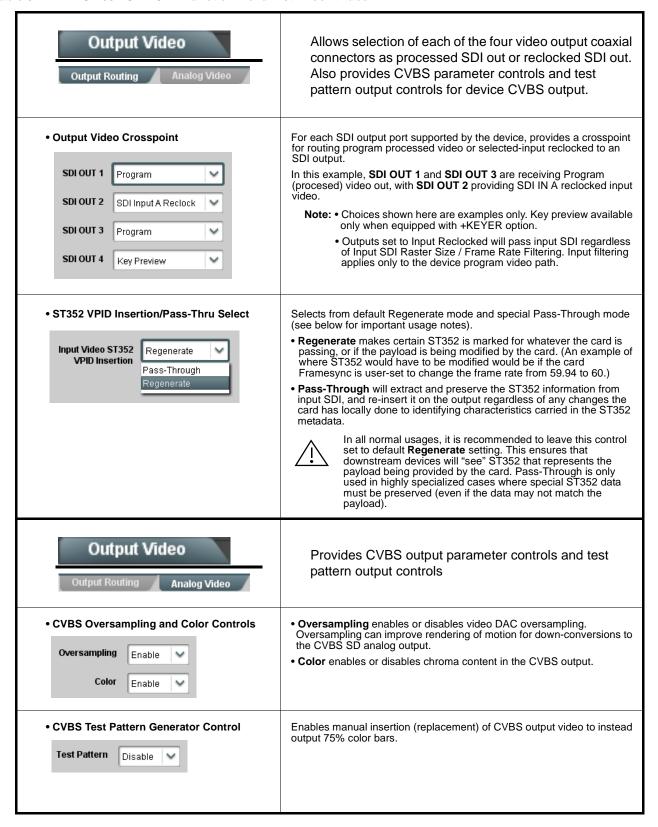


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

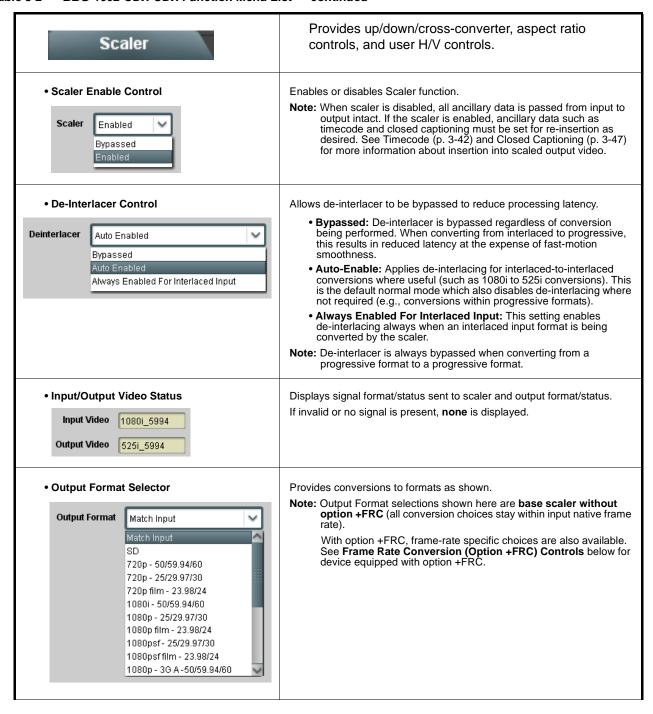


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

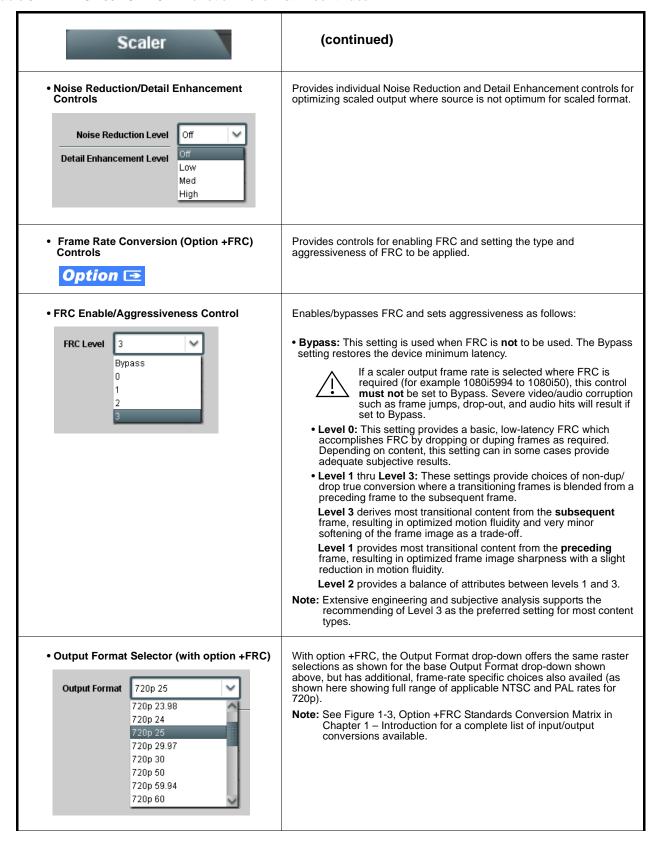


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

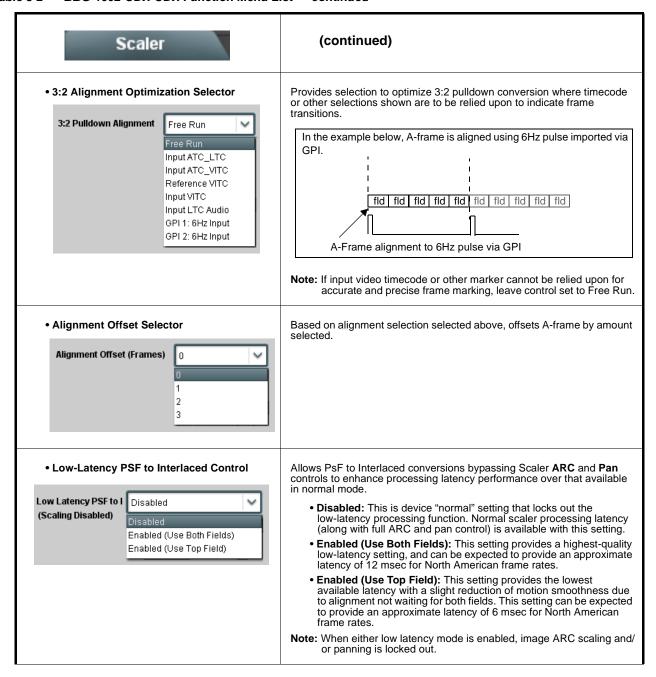


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

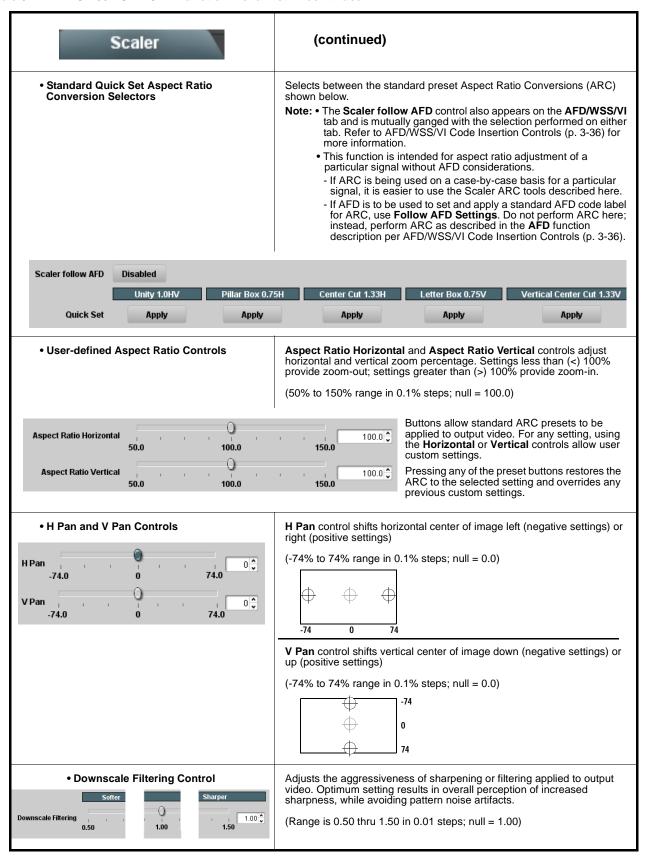


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

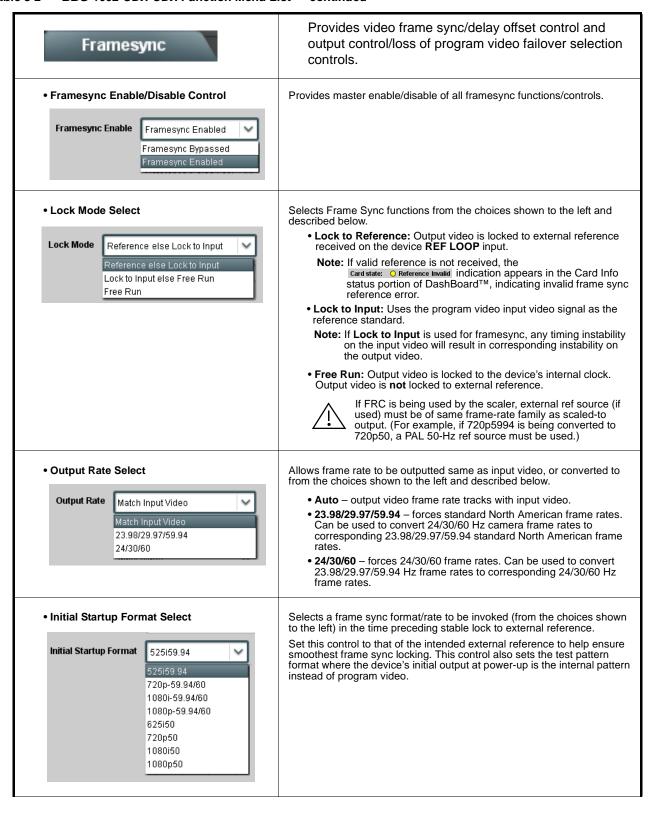


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

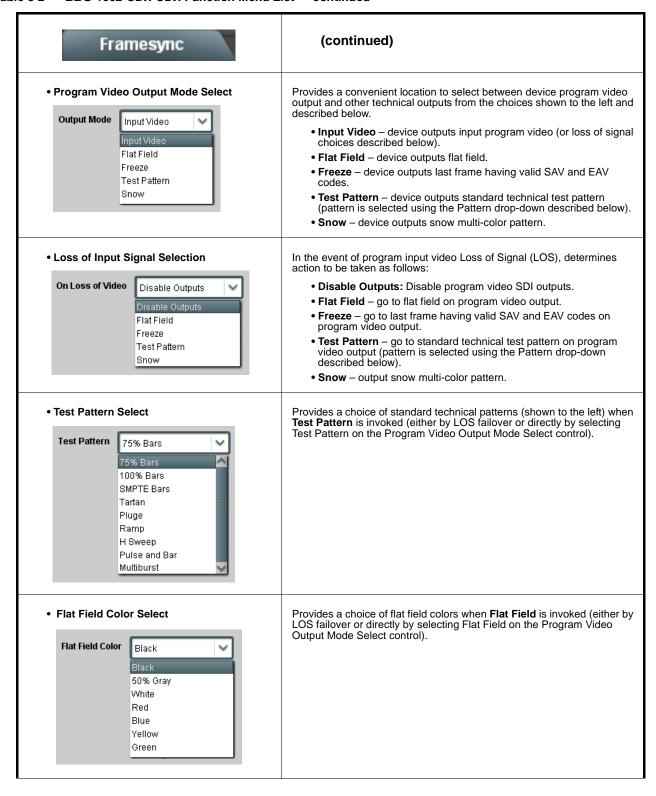


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

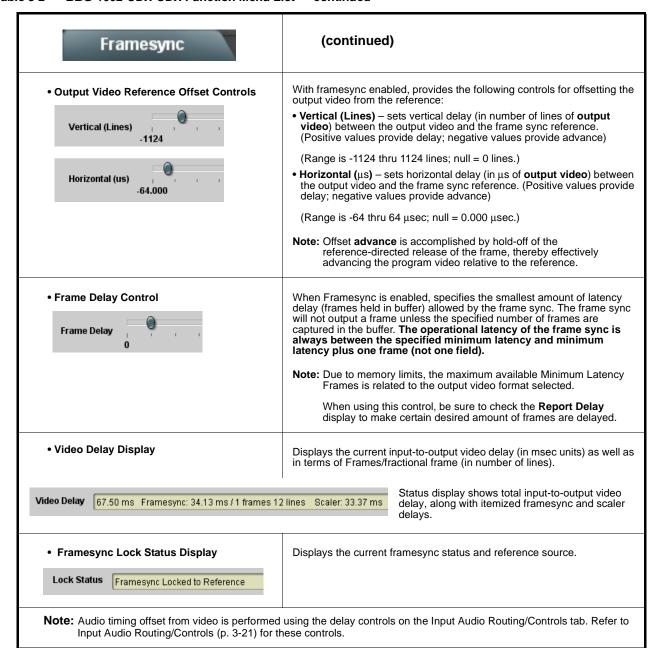


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

### Input Audio Status

Displays signal status and payload for embedded and discrete audio received by the device.

Individual signal status and peak level displays for embedded audio input pairs, and AES/analog input pairs as described below.

- Absent: Indicates embedded channel or AES pair does not contain recognized audio PCM data.
- Present PCM: Indicates AES pair or embedded channel contains recognized audio PCM data.
- Dolby E: Indicates embedded channel or AES pair contains Dolby® E encoded data.
- Dolby Digital: Indicates embedded channel or AES pair contains Dolby® Digital encoded data.
  - Note: Dolby status displays occur only for valid Dolby® signals meeting SMPTE 337M standard.
    - AES Dolby-encoded inputs that are routed directly to device are directed via a special path that automatically bypasses SRC. However, AES inputs to other destinations (e.g., AES embedding) are first applied through SRC.
      These paths disable SRC if Dolby-encoded data is detected. To avoid a possible "Dolby noise burst" if an input on
      these paths changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recommended to set the AES SRC control for the pair to SCR Off for
      an AES input that is expected to carry a Dolby signal.

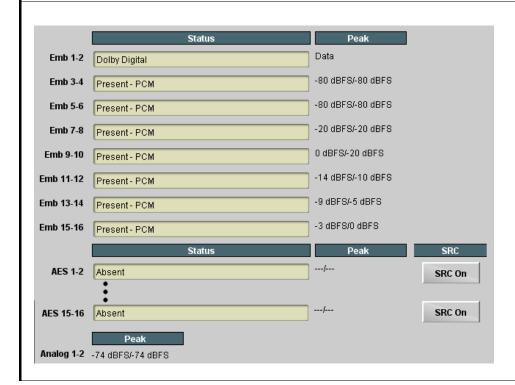


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

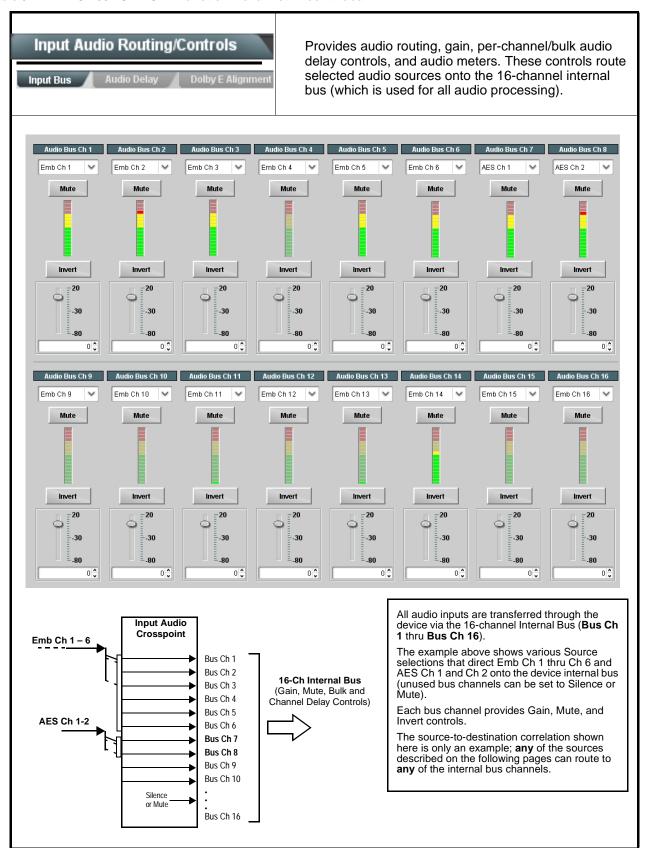


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

### Input Audio Routing/Controls (continued) Input Bus Note: • Default factory preset routing routes embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 to bus channels Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16. • Bus Ch 2 thru Bus Ch 16 have controls identical to the controls described here for Bus Ch 1. Therefore, only the Bus Ch 1 controls are shown here. • Bus Channel Source Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be routed to the card bus channel from the following choices: Audio Bus Ch 1 • Embedded input channel 1 thru 16 (Emb Ch 1 thru Emb Ch 16) • AES input channel 1 thru 16 (AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16) Emb Ch 1 • Analog input channel 1 thru 16 (Analog Ch 1 thru Analog Ch 4) • Input flex mix summed mix output nodes Flex Bus A thru P Note: AES pair and analog channel count are dependent on model. Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls Provides Mute and phase Invert channel controls, as well as peak level and Peak Level Display meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level control.) Gain controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for the corresponding Mute Mute destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB) **Note:** Although the device can pass non-PCM data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> E or AC-3, setting the gain control to any setting other than default 0 will corrupt Dolby data. Invert Invert -30 30 -80 0 0 Input Audio Routing/Controls Audio Delay - Provides bulk (all four groups/master) and individual audio bus channel delay offset controls and delay parametric displays. Audio Delay • Bulk (Master) Audio/Video Delay Control Bulk Delay control adds bulk (all four groups) audio delay from any video delay (net audio delay offset setting adds delay in addition to any delay included by other actions). This control is useful for correcting lip sync Audio Bulk Delay (msec) 219 🗘 problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. (-33 to +3000 msec range in 0.01-msec steps; null = 0 msec). Large rapid changes in bulk delay (> 500 msec) can result in momentary full-scale noise burst on output processed audio. This burst can damage monitors or other equipment if not considered. Gain on output should be reduced if performing large adjustments to delay.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

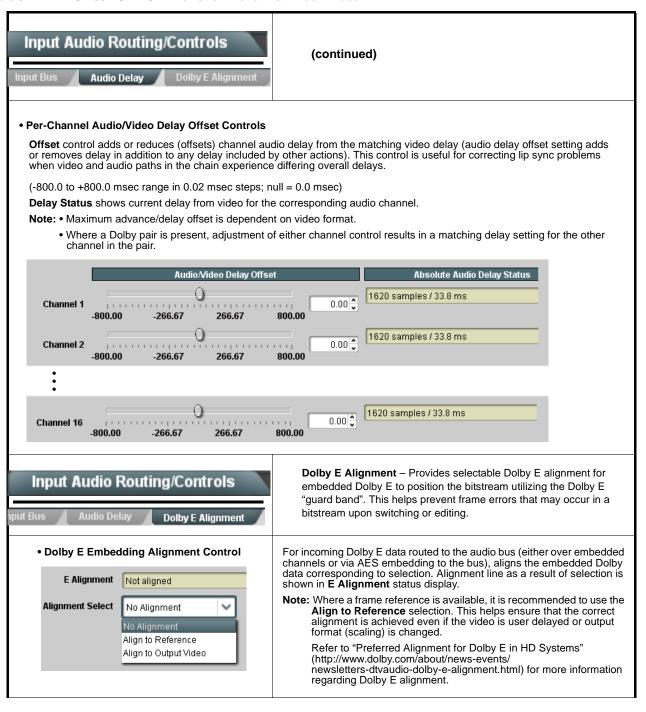


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

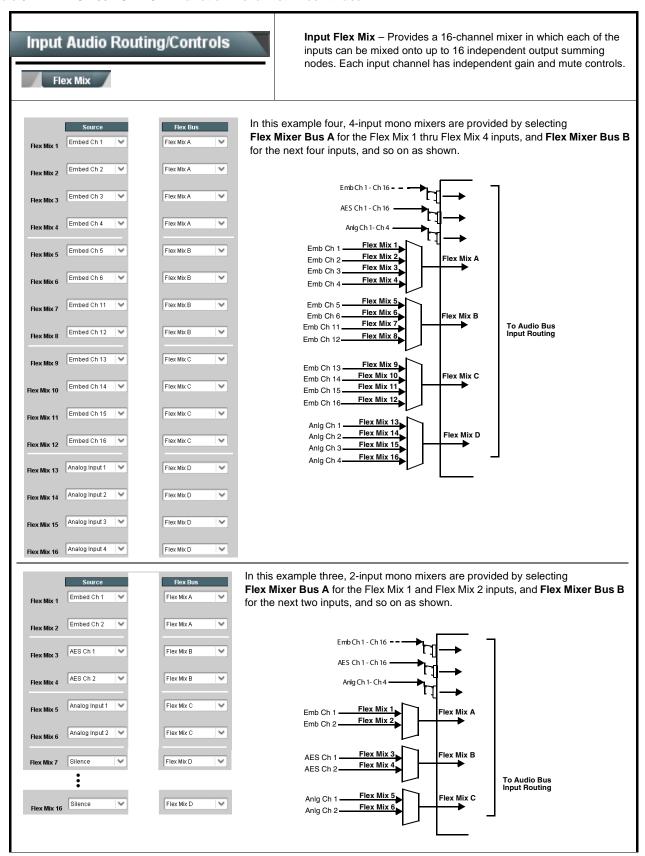
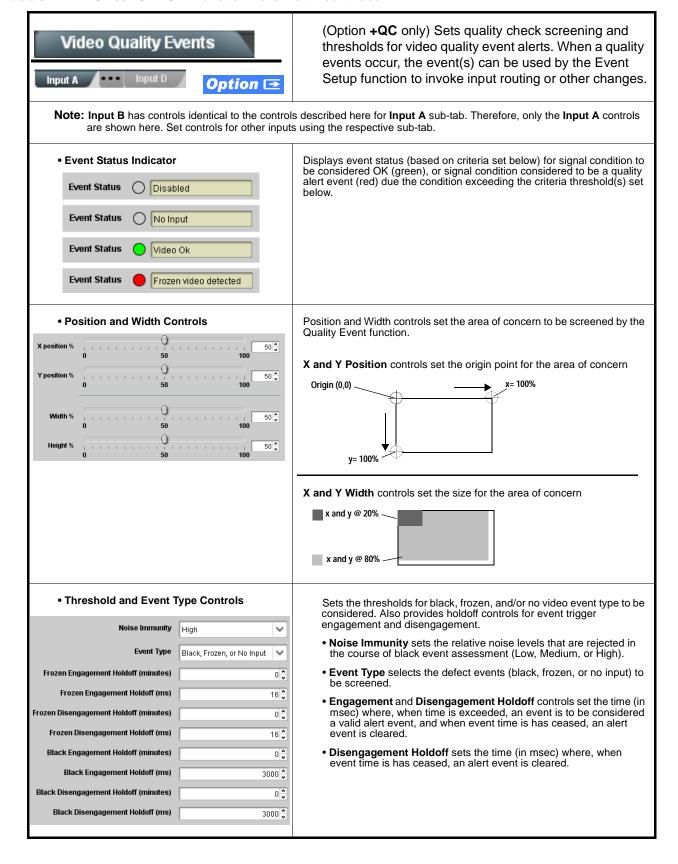


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

### Input Audio Routing/Controls (continued) Note: • Flex Mix input channels Flex Mix 2 thru Flex Mix 16 have controls identical to that described here for Flex Mix 1. Therefore, only the Flex Mix 1 controls are shown here. • For each Flex Mix input channel, its source should be considered and appropriately set. Unused input channels should be set to the Silence selection. Flex Mix Input Channel Source/Bus Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be Assignment directed to the corresponding bus channel from the choices listed below. • Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 Flex Mix Input 1 • AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16 Flex Bus Flex Bus A • Analog Ch 1 thru Analog Ch 4 The Flex Bus drop-down selects the bus (A thru P) to which the input is Source Emb Ch 1 assigned to. Note: See the examples on the previous page showing various types of mixers using multiple flex buses. Gain / Mute Control Provides relative gain (in dB) control and a channel Mute checkbox. (-80 to +20 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; unity = 0.0 dB) Mute -20 -30 -80 0 🗘 Clean and Quiet Switching (option +CQS only) - Allows SDI input Input Audio Routing/Controls selection to be changed from one source to another while ducking audio during controlled input video switching transitions to provide silence between input switches. Option [→ Clean and Quiet Switching Note: • Clean audio switching is assured only for intentional, controlled switches via user control. Clean audio switching cannot be assured for failover switches. • Clean switching requires that both SDI signals (switch from and switch to) be stable and present, and of the same SDI format and rate. • Clean audio switching function is designed for PCM audio. This function does not assure clean decoded audio when switching from/to Dolby or other non-PCM audio. Switching Enabled check box enables Clean and Quiet Switching. Duration sets the attack and decay ramp intervals (300 msec is recommended for typical use). Clean and Quiet Switching Enabled Ramp Time Duration (ms) 300 🕽

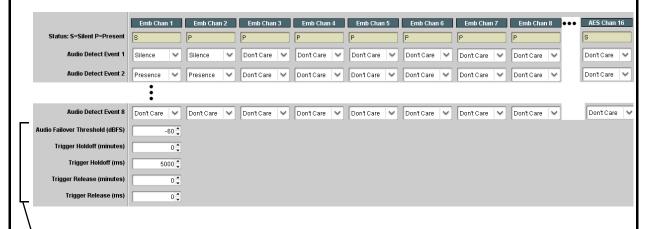




(Option +QC only) Sets audio level screening and thresholds for audio silence/presence/"DC" event alerts on embedded and/or AES discrete audio in. When an audio events occur, the event(s) can be used by the Event Setup function to invoke input routing or other changes.

Any combination of embedded and AES input channels can be selected to be screened for silence, presence, or "DC" (frozen/ static PCM value). In the example here, **Audio Detect Event 1** is set to trigger if audio on **any** of channels Emb Ch 1 thru Ch 6 fall below the selected threshold for an interval exceeding the selected threshold. Status indicators for each channel show silence (S) / presence (P) status based on the configured thresholds.

Up to eight independent audio silence/presence events can be set to be screened (with descending priority of consideration from Event 1 down to Event 8). This status here can be propagated to the **Event Setup** tab controls to issue a GPO, preset engage, or other command when audio silence events are detected.



- Audio Failover Threshold sets the dBFS level at which channel content is considered to be silent, and correspondingly also a transition back to an untriggered condition with resumption of audio for the selected embedded channels. If the selected channels maintain levels above the selected Audio Failover Threshold, no triggering is invoked.
- Trigger Holdoff sets the period of time in which selected channel silence must occur before an Audio Silence Event trigger goes true.
- Release Holdoff control sets the time in which the trigger is revoked upon an event false condition.
- Note: Default threshold and holdoff settings shown here are recommended for typical use.
  - Selections other than Don't Care work as an AND function. Where multiple selections are set, a true (trigger) condition is not propagated unless all selected channels experience the configured criteria.
     (In the example shown above, both channels Emb Ch 1 and Emb Ch 2 need to experience a Silence event for a trigger to be propagated.)

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

Video Proc  Color Correction	Provides the following Video Proc and Color Correction parametric controls.
Video Proc     Enabled	Video Proc (Enable/Disable) provides master on/off control of all Video Proc functions.  • When set to Disable, Video Proc is bypassed.  • When set to Enable, currently displayed parameter settings take effect.
Reset to Unity  Reset to Unity  Confirm	Reset to Unity provides unity reset control of all Video Proc functions.  When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.  • Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset.  • Click No to reject unity reset.
• Luma Gain  Luma Gain  0.0	Adjusts gain percentage applied to Luma (Y channel).  (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
• Luma Lift  Luma Lift  -100.0	Adjusts lift applied to Luma (Y-channel).  (-100% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; null = 0.0%)
• Color Gain Color Gain 0.0	Adjusts gain percentage (saturation) applied to Chroma (C-channel).  (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
• Color Phase  Color Phase  -360.0	Adjusts phase angle applied to Chroma.  (-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Gang Luma/Color Gain     Gang Luma/Color Gain     On	When set to <b>On</b> , changing either the <b>Luma Gain</b> or <b>Color Gain</b> controls increases or decreases both the Luma and Color gain levels by equal amounts.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

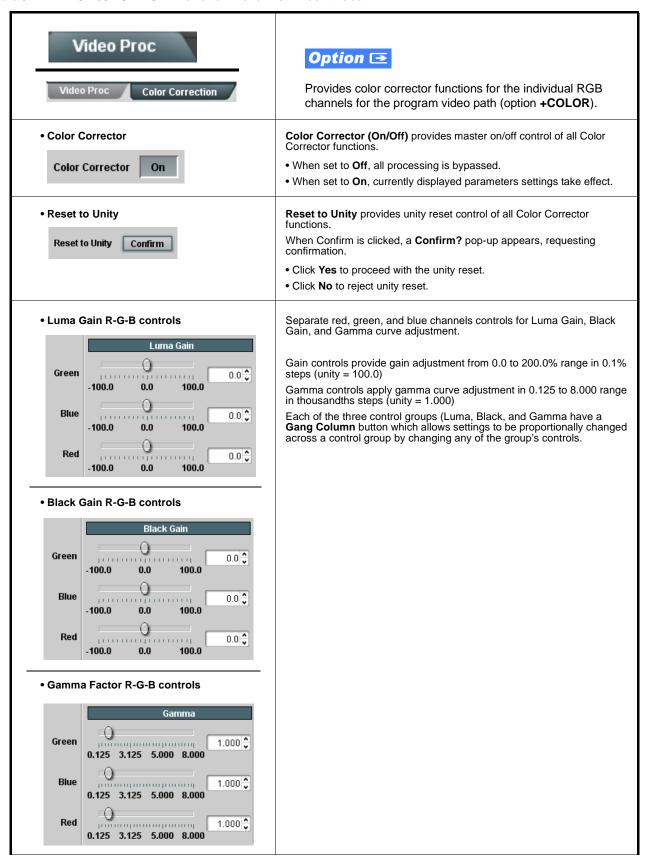


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

Video Proc  Color Correction	(continued)
Black Hard Clip  Black Hard Clip  -6.8	Applies black hard clip (limiting) at specified percentage.  (-6.8% to 50.0%; null = -6.8%)
White Hard Clip White Hard Clip 50.0	Applies white hard clip (limiting) at specified percentage. (50.0% to 109.1%; null = 109.1%)
White Soft Clip White Soft Clip 50.0	Applies white soft clip (limiting) at specified percentage. (50.0% to 109.1%; null = 109.1%)
Chroma Saturation Clip     Chroma Saturation Clip     50.0	Applies chroma saturation clip (limiting) chroma saturation at specified percentage.  (50.0% to 160.0%; null = 160.0%)

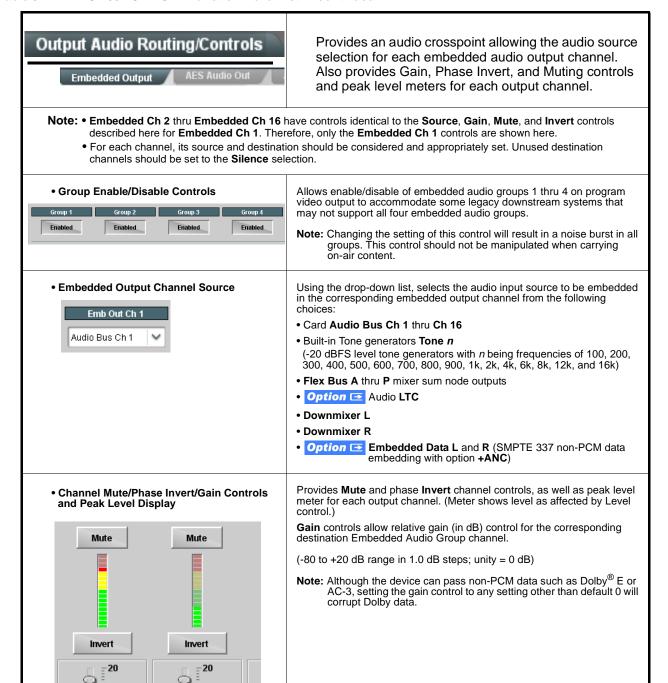
30

0.

-30

0 0

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued





Provides an audio crosspoint allowing the audio source selection for each AES audio output channel. Also provides Gain, Phase Invert, and Muting controls and peak level meters for each output channel.

Note: • AES Out Ch 2 has controls identical to the Source, Gain, Mute, and Invert controls described here for AES Out Ch 1. Therefore, only the AES Out Ch 1 controls are shown here.

• For each channel, its source and destination should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels should be set to the **Silence** selection.

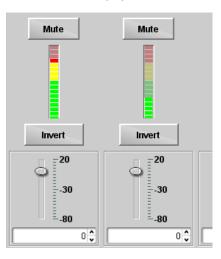
#### • AES Output Channel Source



Using the drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded output channel from the following choices:

- Card Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16
- Built-in Tone generators Tone n
   (-20 dBFS level tone generators with n being frequencies of 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1k, 2k, 4k, 6k, 8k, 12k, and 16k)
- Flex Bus A thru P mixer sum node outputs
- Option 🔁 Audio LTC
- Downmixer L
- Downmixer R

#### Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls and Peak Level Display



Provides **Mute** and phase **Invert** channel controls, as well as peak level meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level control.)

**Gain** controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for the corresponding destination AES output channel.

(-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB)

Note: Although the device can pass non-PCM data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> E or AC-3, setting the gain control to any setting other than default 0 will corrupt Dolby data.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

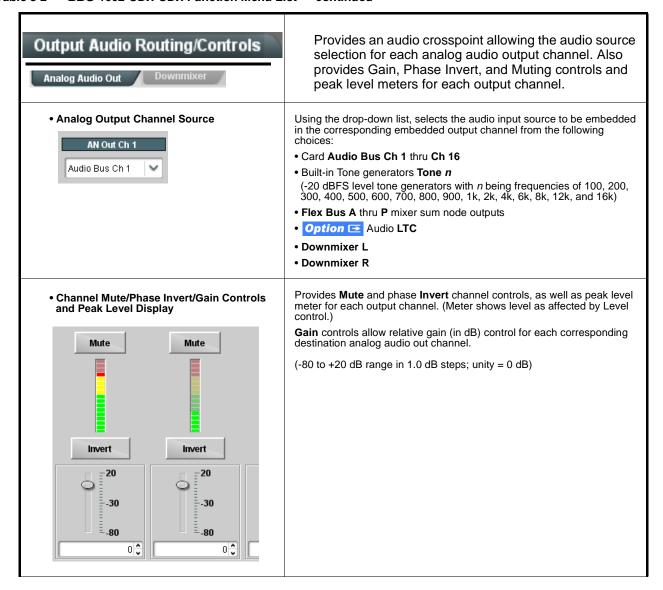


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

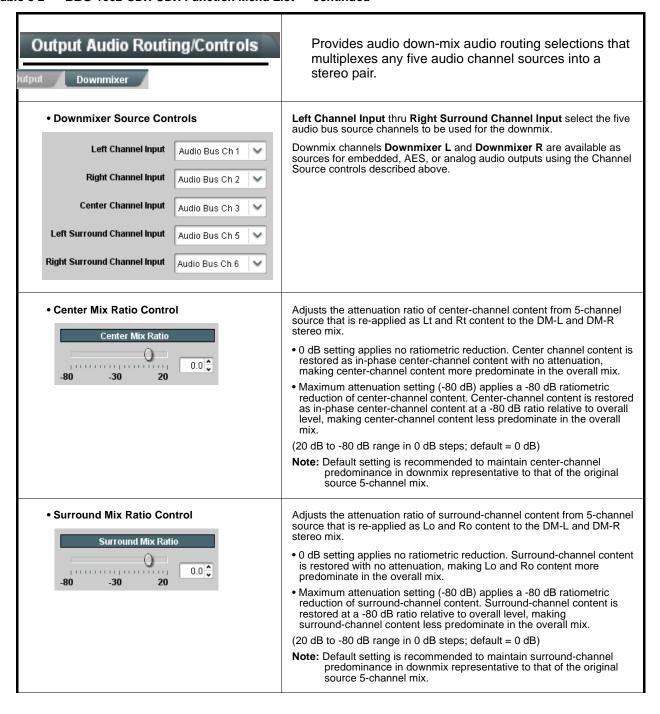


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

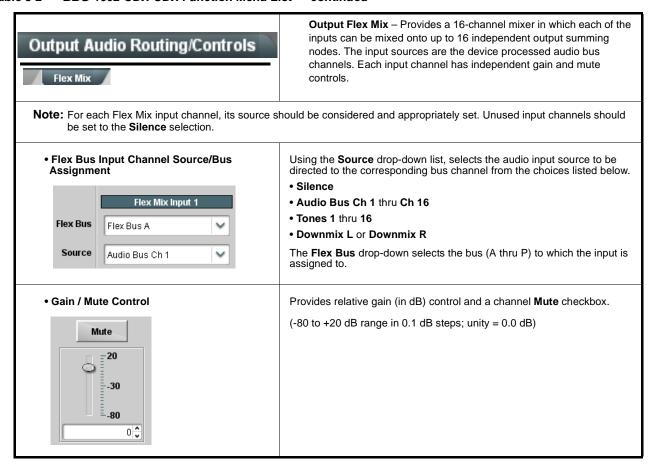


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

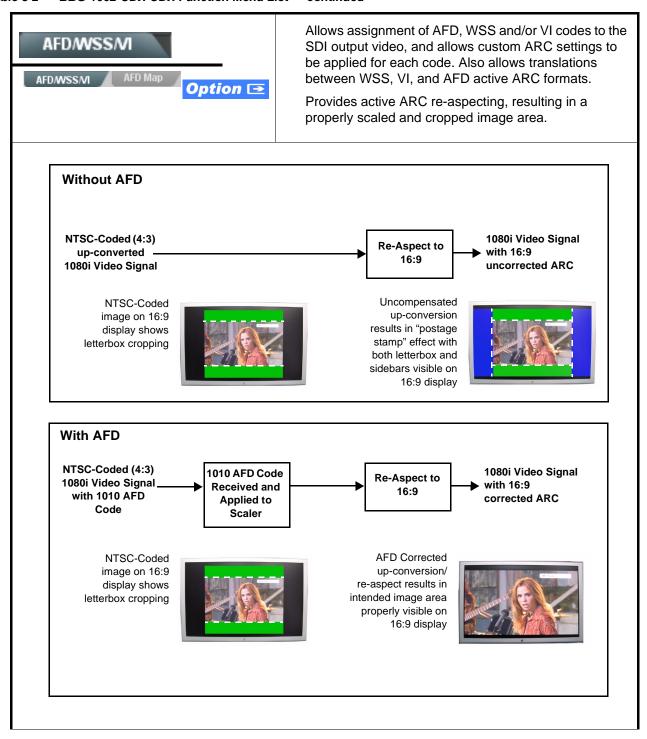
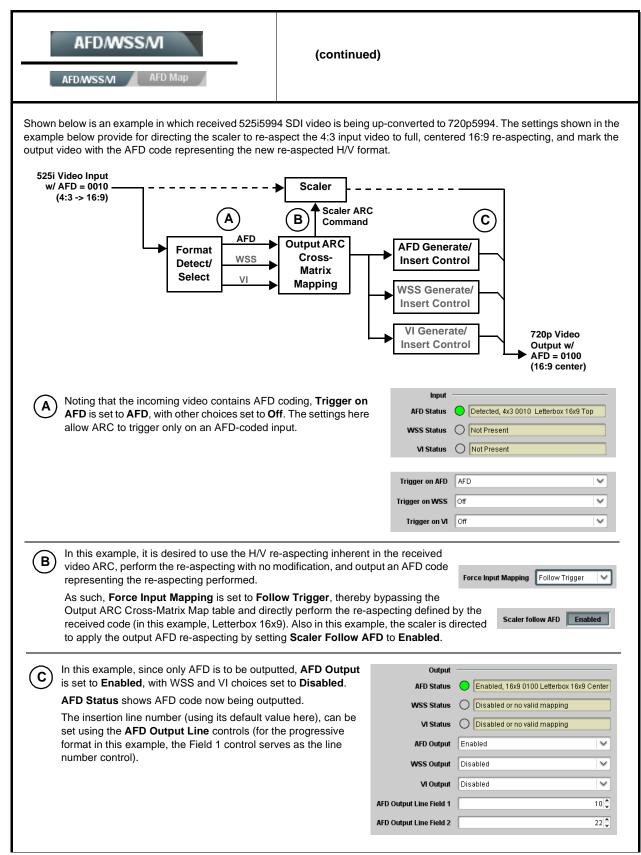


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



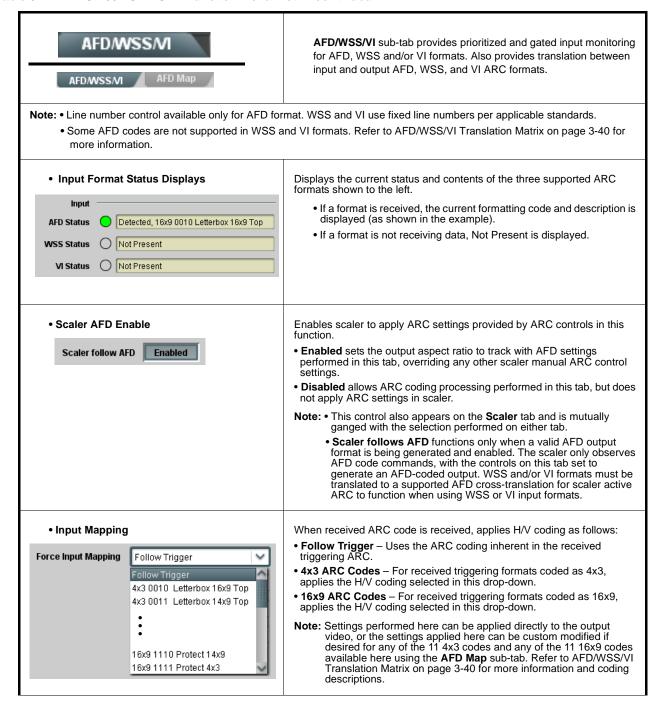


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

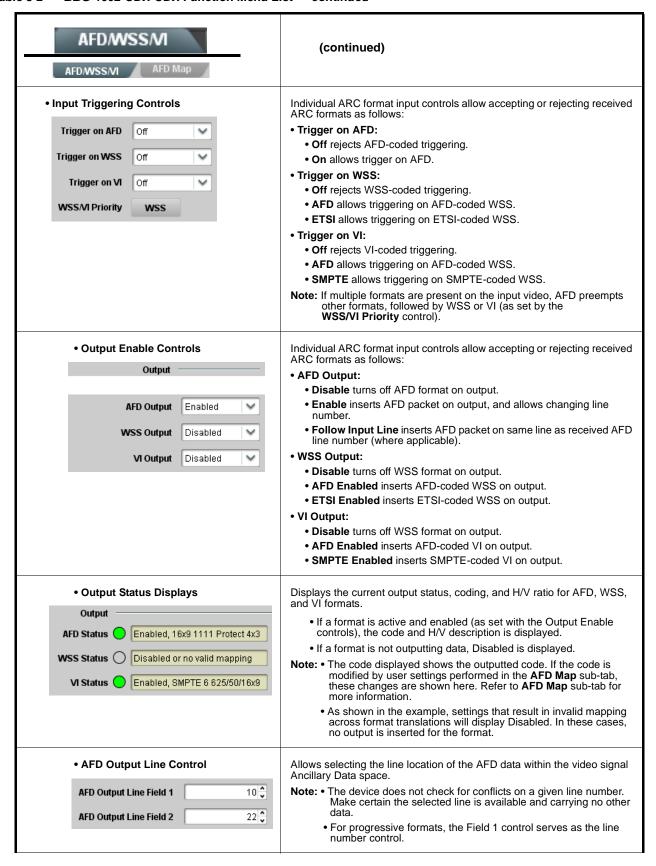


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



(continued)

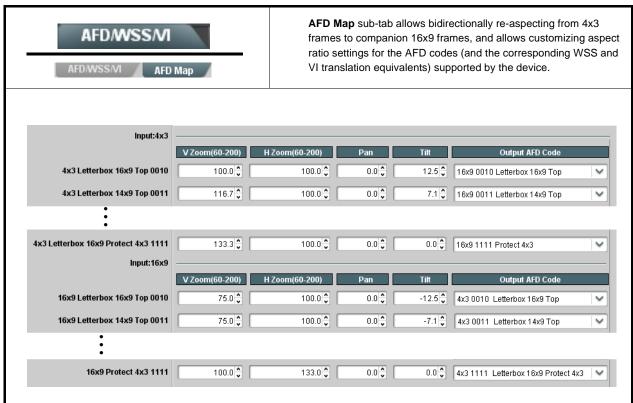
#### **AFD/WSS/VI Translation Matrix**

The table below lists valid translations between WSS, VI, and SMPTE 2016 AFD codes for both 4x3 and 16x9-coded frames.

	Input				Output					
	AFD	WSS ETSI 625	WSS ETSI 525	VI	Description	AFD	WSS ETSI 625	WSS WSS TSI 625 ETSI 525		Description
	0010	4			4x3 Letterbox 16x9 Top	0010	4	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Letterbox 16x9 Top
	0011	2			4x3 Letterbox 14x9 Top	0011	2	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Letterbox 14x9 Top
	0100	5	2		4x3 Letterbox 16x9 Center	0100	5	2	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Letterbox 16x9 Center
	0101, 0110, 0111				Undefined					
	1000	0	0	0 1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Coded Frame	1000	0	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Coded Frame
Coded	1001				4x3 Center	1001	0	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Center
4:3	1010	3			4x3 16x9 Center	1010	3	2	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 16x9 Center
	1011	1			4x3 14x9 Center	1011	1	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 14x9 Center
	1100			3, 4, 7	Reserved	1100		0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	Reserved
	1101	6			4x3 Protect 14x9	1101	6	0	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Protect 14x9
	1110				4x3 Letterbox 16x9; Protect 14x9 Center	1110		2	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Letterbox 16x9; Protect 14x9 Center
	1111				4x3 Letterbox 16x9; Protect 4x3 Center	1111		2	1 (NTSC) 2 (PAL)	4x3 Letterbox 16x9; Protect 4x3 Center
	0010				16x9 Letterbox 16x9 Top	0010		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Letterbox 16x9 Top
	0011				16x9 Letterbox 14x9 Top	0011		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Letterbox 14x9 Top
	0100				16x9 Letterbox 16x9 Center	0100		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Letterbox 16x9 Center
	0101, 0110, 0111				Undefined					
oded	1000	7	1	0 5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Coded Frame	1000	7	11	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Coded Frame
16:9 Coded	1001				16x9 4x3 Center	1001		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 4x3 Center
_	1010				16x9 Center Protect 16x9	1010	7	1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Center Protect 16x9
	1100				Reserved	1100		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	Reserved
	1101				16x9 4x3 Protect 14x9	1101		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 4x3 Protect 14x
	1110				16x9 Protect 14x9	1110		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Protect 14x9
	1111				16x9 Protect 4x3	1111		1	5 (NTSC) 6 (PAL)	16x9 Protect 4x3

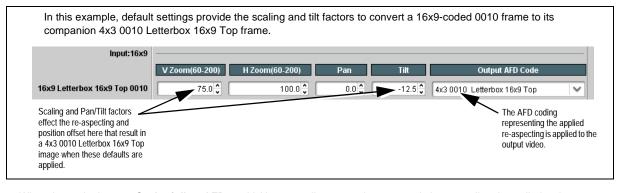
Note: Shaded cells indicate invalid translation which cannot be used.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



Separate control groups for 4x3 and 16x9 coded input frames allow custom ARC (as well as pan/tilt) for various coded frames.

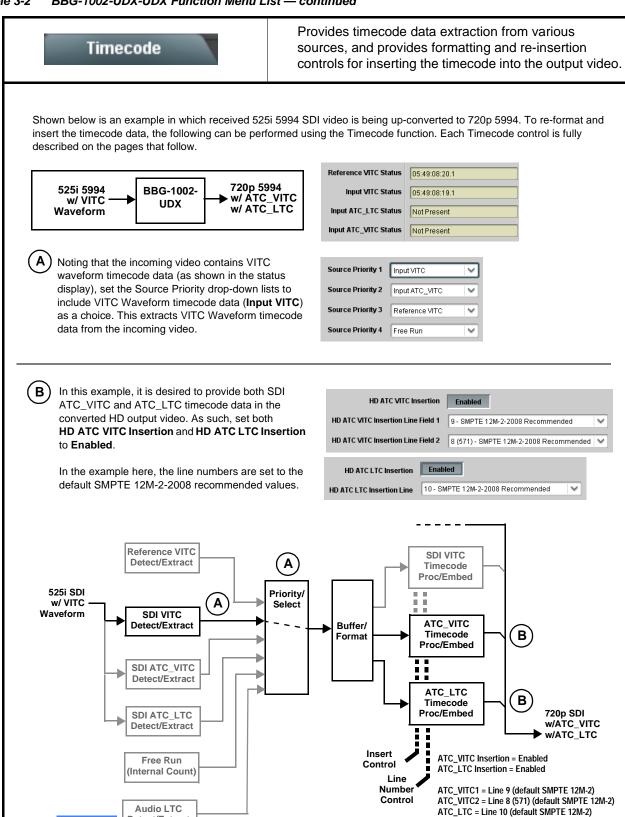
• By default, each row is set for its companion re-aspected output, along with output AFD code for the companion output (i.e., 4x3 frames get re-aspected to a companion 16x9 re-aspecting and AFD code, and similarly 16x9 frames get re-aspected to a companion 4x3 re-aspecting and AFD code).



- When the scaler is set to **Scaler follow AFD** any V, H, pan, or tilt custom changes made here are directly applied to the output video.
- To simply output an AFD code (without any re-aspecting to be done by the device) set the **No Input** row to the desired code to be outputted (in this example, "16x9 Letterbox 16x9 Center; 0100").



Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



Detect/Extract

Option 🗷

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

#### (continued) Timecode Option **→** Audio LTC controls described below only appear on devices with +LTC licensed optional feature. This feature allows audio LTC from an audio channel to be used as a timecode source, with conversion to a selected SMPTE 12M format on the output video. • Timecode Source Status Displays Displays the current status and contents of the four supported external timecode formats shown to the left. Reference VITC Status 06:09:15:06.0 • If a format is receiving timecode data, the current content (timecode running count and line number) is displayed. Input VITC Status 06:09:15:05.0 • If a format is not receiving timecode data, Not Present is displayed. Input ATC\_LTC Status | Not Present Input ATC\_VITC Status 06:09:15:05.0 Field 1 Line 13, Field 2 Line 278 Selects source to be used by device to receive LTC as listed below. LTC Input Control • RS-485 over COM1 or COM 2 • Audio LTC over Emb Ch 1 thru Ch 16 LTC Input COM 1 (RS485) Audio LTC over AES Ch 1 thru Ch 16 COM 1 (RS485) Audio LTC over Analog audio Ch 1 thru Ch 8 COM 2 (RS485) Note: • Audio LTC Source must be appropriately set to receive and Embed Ch 1 process received LTC. • If COM 1 or COM 2 is used for LTC receive, the port function must be set for LTC. See COMM Ports Setup Controls (p. 3-66) Analog Input 8 for more information. • Device audio inputs will not center inputs with DC offset. If input has DC offset, the source may need to be capacitively coupled to remove the offset. Mute LTC Control Allows LTC audio or RS-485 output to mute upon loss of selected timecode inputs. • When set to Enabled and input timecode is lost: Enabled Mute LTC Audio on input loss RS-485 LTC output goes to frozen state. Audio LTC output mutes. • When set to Disabled and input timecode is lost: • RS-485 LTC output keeps counting, with count value being free-run Audio LTC output is not muted, with count value being free-run count. **Note:** If muting upon loss of a particular input format is desired, set all Source Priority 1 thru 4 to that particular input format. If this is not done, the device failover timecode selection may substitute another format choice for the format not being received. Incoming ATC Packet Removal Control Enables or disables removal of existing input video ATC timecode packets from the output. This allows removal of undesired existing timecodes from the output, resulting in a "clean slate" where only desired Incoming ATC Packet Removal Disabled timecodes are then re-inserted into the output. (For example, if both SDI ATC\_VITC and ATC\_LTC are present on the input video, and only ATC\_LTC is desired, using the Removal control will remove both timecodes from the output. The ATC\_LTC timecode by itself can then be re-inserted on the output using the other controls discussed here.) Note: • When the Scaler is enabled, ATC packets are automatically removed. The Timecode function must be used to re-insert the timecode data into the output video. • Set this control to Enabled if Free-Run timecode is to be used. If incoming packets are not removed, output embedded SMPTE timecode may alternate between free-run and embedded SMPTE timecode valúes.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

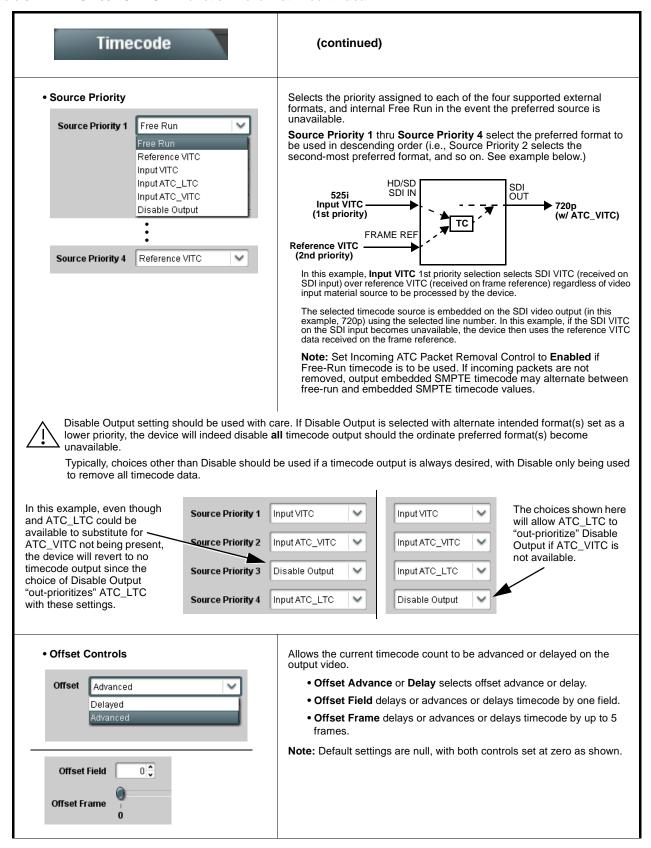


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

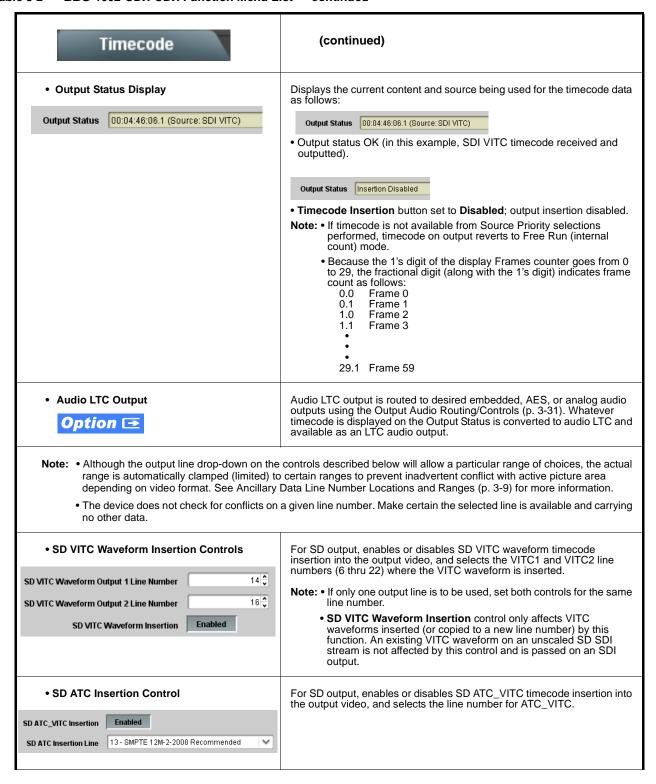


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

Timecode	(continued)
HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control  HD ATC_LTC Insertion	For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data.
HD ATC_VITC Insertion Control  HD ATC_VITC Insertion	For HD output, enables or disables ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2.
ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control  ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled	When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling).  Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment.
• Free Run Timecode Controls  Free Run Hours 7  Free Run Minutes 0  Free Run Seconds 0  Apply Free Run Values Confirm	Allows an initial (starting) count to be applied to output video timecode when Free Run insertion is enabled.  Note: • Initialization can only be applied when device is outputting Free Run timecode (as shown by Output Status displaying "Free Run").  • If failover to Free Run occurs due to loss of external timecode(s), the Free Run count assumes its initial count from the last valid externally supplied count.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

#### Closed Captioning

Provides support for closed captioning setup. Also provides controls for setting closed captioning absence and presence detection thresholds.

**Note:** When receiving HD-SDI, both CEA 608 and CEA 708 are supported, with CEA 608 and CEA 708 (containing CEA 608 packets) converted to line 21 closed captioning on outputs down-converted to SD.

• Closed Captioning Input Status

Input Status CDP Packet on Line 16

Displays incoming Closed Captioning status as follows:

- If closed captioning is present, a message similar to the example shown left is displayed. Also displayed is the VANC line number of the incoming closed captioning packet (or SD waveform-based VANC line number).
- If no closed captioning is present in the video signal, Not Present or Disabled is displayed.

Note: • Packet closed captioning status Captioning Rejected Due To message can appear due to the items described below. The closed captioning function assesses cdp\_identifier, cdp\_frame\_rate, ccdata\_present, and caption\_service\_active items contained in the packet header to make the determinations listed below. Refer to CEA-708-B for more information.

Message	Description		
Unsupported Frame Rate	Film rate closed-captioning (either as pass-through or up/down conversion) is not supported by the device.		
Data Not Present	Packet is marked from closed captioning source external to the device that no data is present.		
No Data ID	Packet from closed captioning source external to the device is not properly identified with 0x9669 as the first word of the header (unidentified packet).		

- caption service is marked as inactive display indicates bit in packet from upstream source may inadvertently be set as inactive. In this case, closed captioning data (if present) is still processed and passed by the device as normal.
- The closed captioning function does not support PAL closed captioning standards.

 Closed Captioning Remove/Regenerate and HD Insertion Line Controls

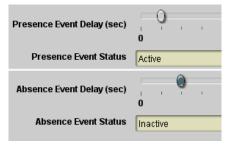


Allows removal of closed captioning packets and regeneration of packets. This is useful where closed captioning must be moved to a different line than that received on.

Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-9) for more information.

 Conflicts on a given line number are not checked. Make certain selected line is available and carrying no other data.

Presence/Absence Check Controls



Displays CC presence and/or absence event status. This status can be propagated to the **Event Setup** tab controls to issue a device GPO or other command when CC presence/absence events are detected.

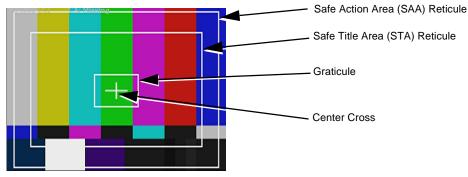
Controls for both presence and absence provide for a holdoff time (in seconds) where, when time is exceeded, an event is to be considered a valid alert event.



Allows Safe Action and/or Safe Title overlays and other static markers to be added to the output video image.

#### Typical Reticule/Overlay Marker Insertions

Any combination of the reticule/overlay markers can be applied to the output video. Sizing and other characteristics for each type of marker can be set as described below.



- **Note:** Overlay markers using this function are for setup only. When enabled, these markers are embedded in the output video and will appear in the image. Use this function **only** on preview video and not on-air video. Make certain any overlay tools are turned **off** when no longer needed.
  - Multiple overlay markers described below can be simultaneously enabled as desired.
- Insertion Master Enable/Disable

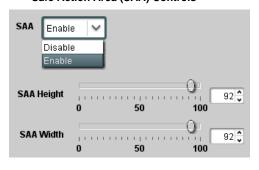
SDI Out Reticule Enable 

Analog Out Reticule Disable Disable Enable

Provides independent master enable/disable for SDI and CVBS outputs.

- When enabled, any combination of reticules or other markers described below can be inserted.
- When disabled, insertion of all reticules or other markers is disabled.

• Safe Action Area (SAA) Controls



- SAA provides enable/disable of safe action area graticule insertion.
- SAA Height and SAA Width control height and width of insertion (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).

**Note:** Reticule Size control is locked to Custom for this device, with safe action area size control as described above.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

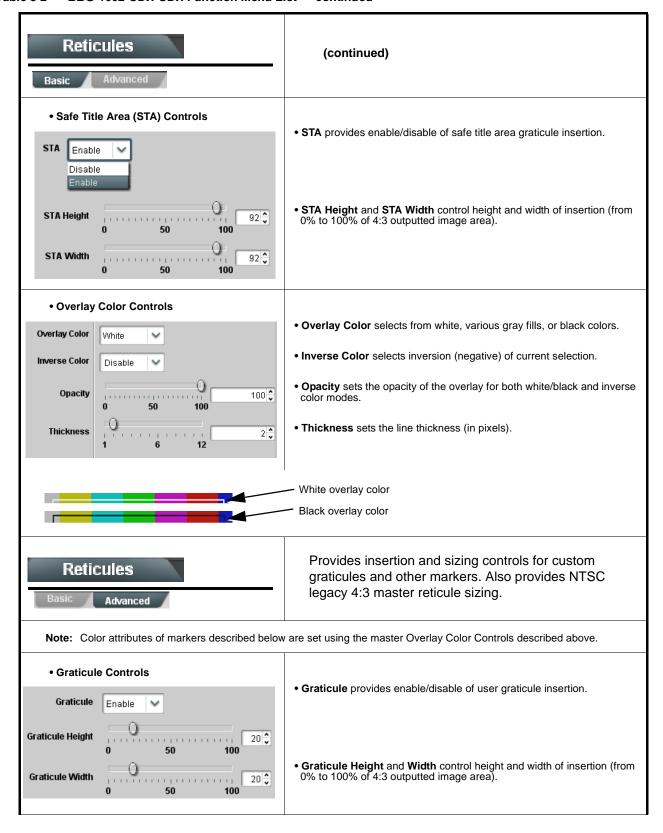


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

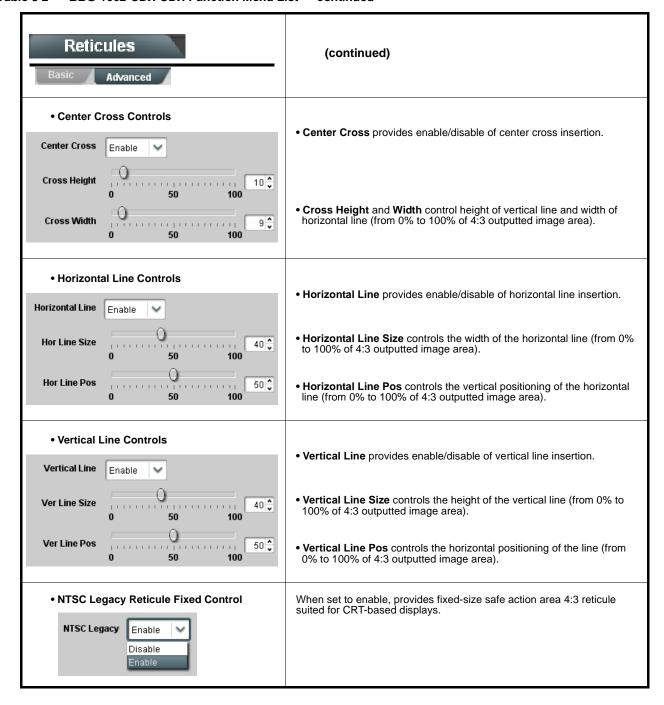


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

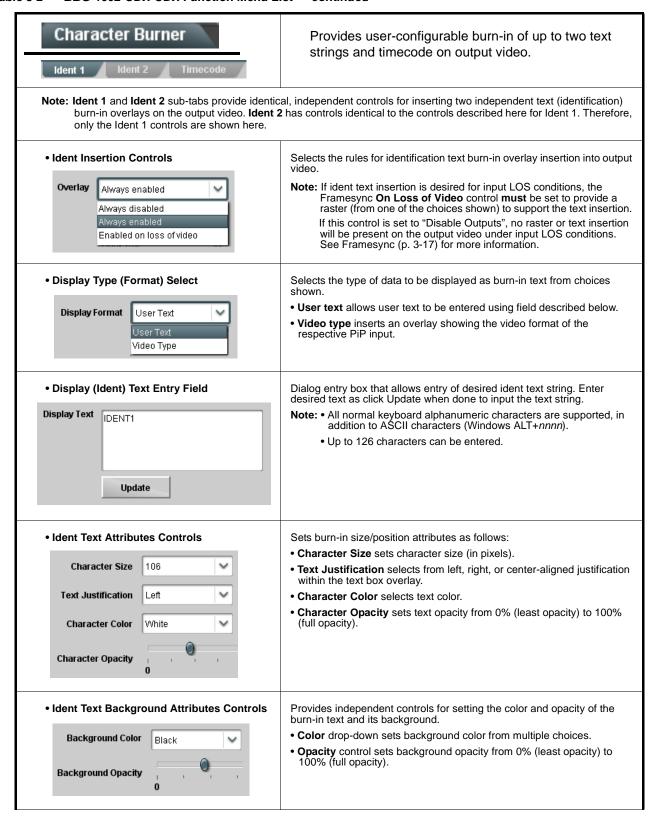


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

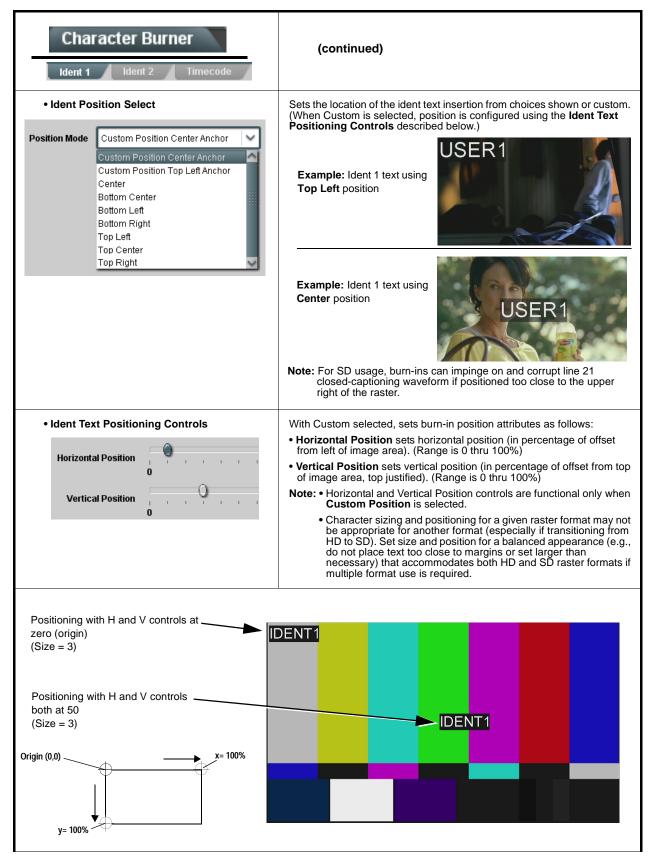


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

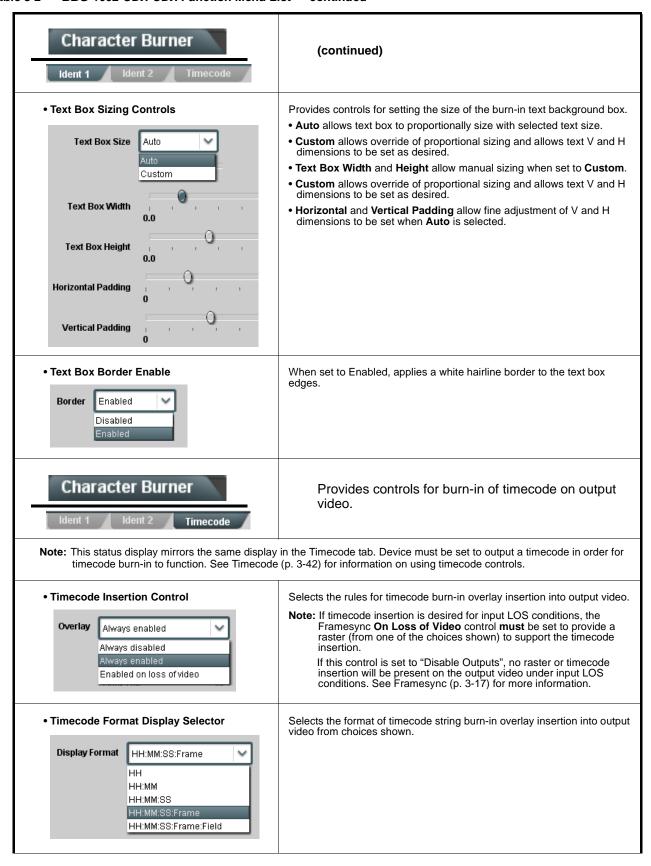


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

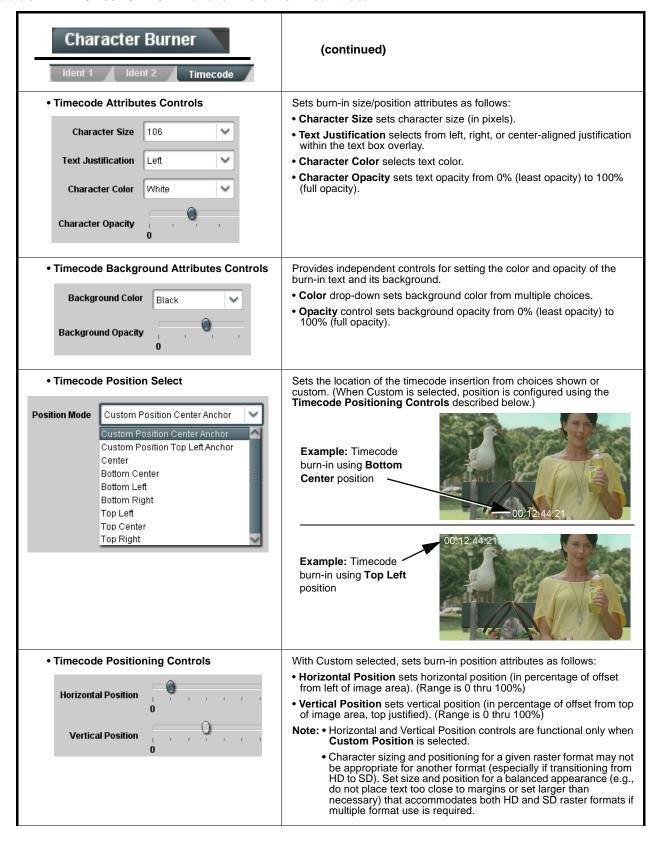


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

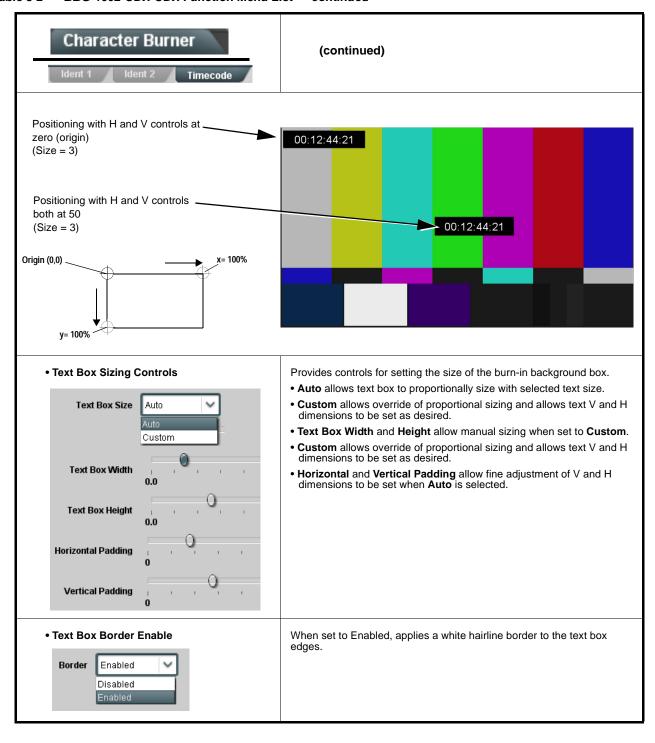
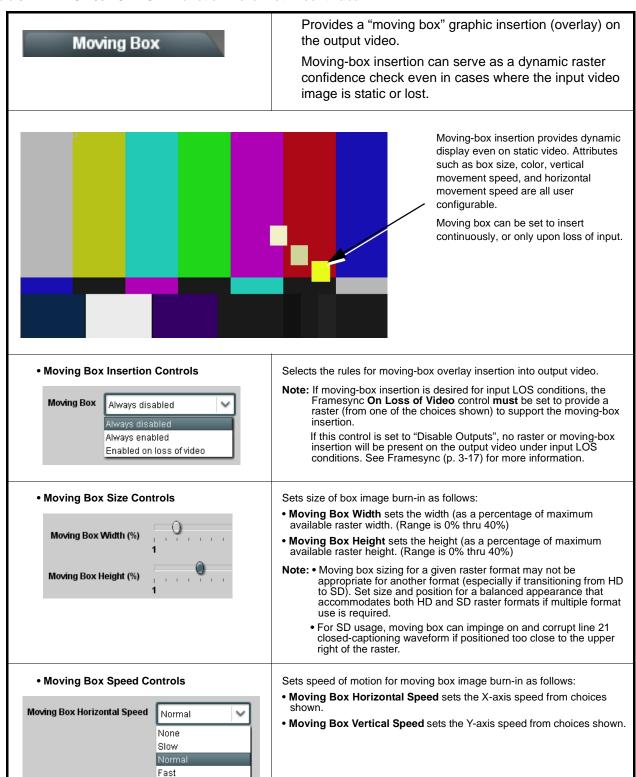


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



Moving Box Vertical Speed

Normal

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

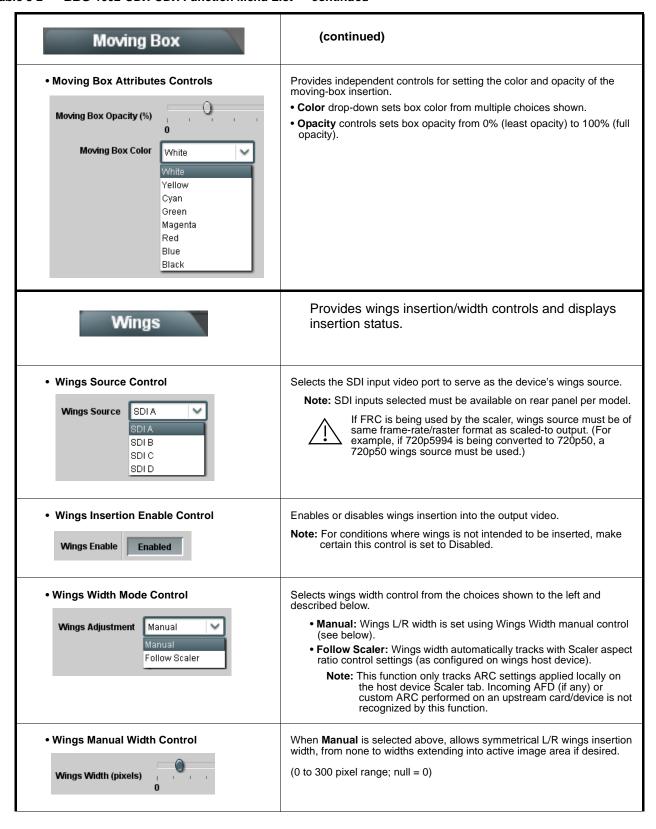


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

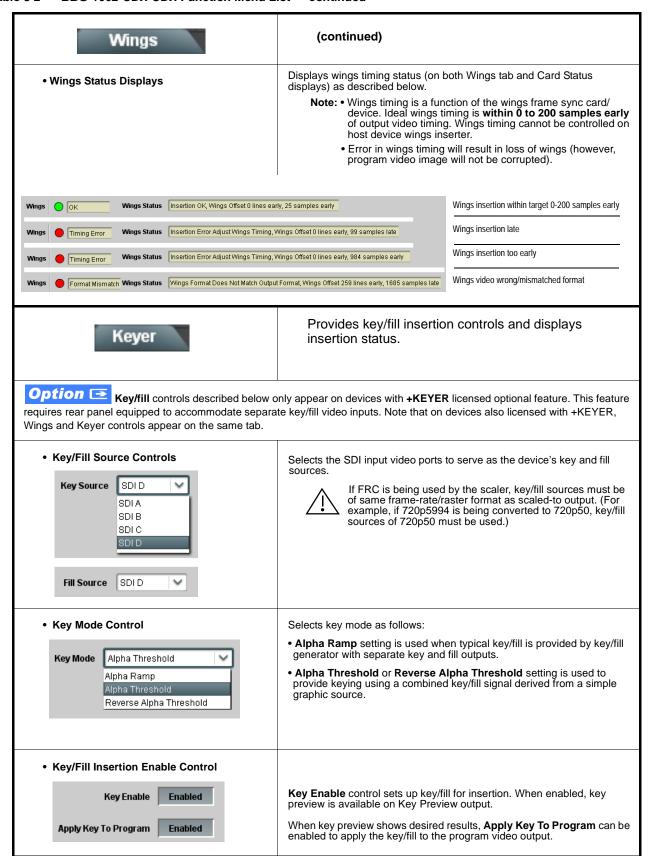
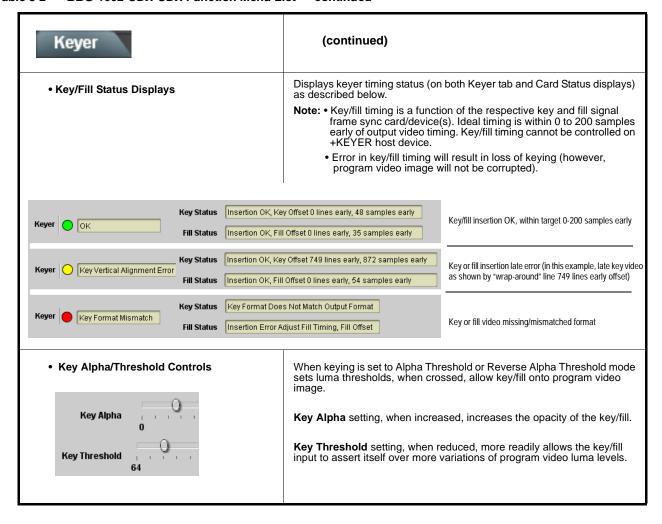
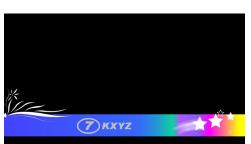


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued





Alpha Threshold keying allows cost-effective luminance keying from low-cost generic file-based graphic sources. With the graphic source applied to both the **Key** and **Fill** inputs, the **Key Alpha** and **Key Threshold** controls can be set to easily optimize the key/fill as shown below.





**Key Threshold** setting, when reduced, more readily allows the key/fill input to assert itself over more variations of program video luma levels. In the example to the right, progressively reducing the threshold setting allows more of the key/fill to assert iteslf over the program video.



**Key Alpha** setting, when increased, increases the opacity of the key/fill. In the example to the right, progressively increasing the alpha setting increases the key/fill opacity.



When both settings are optimized, the key/fill appears consistent in opacity and free from edge distortions or graphic bleed lines appearing in the image.



#### Alpha Threshold mode setting is suited for graphic sources using

black backgrounds.

Reverse Alpha

Alpha Threshold

Alpha Ramp

Alpha Threshold

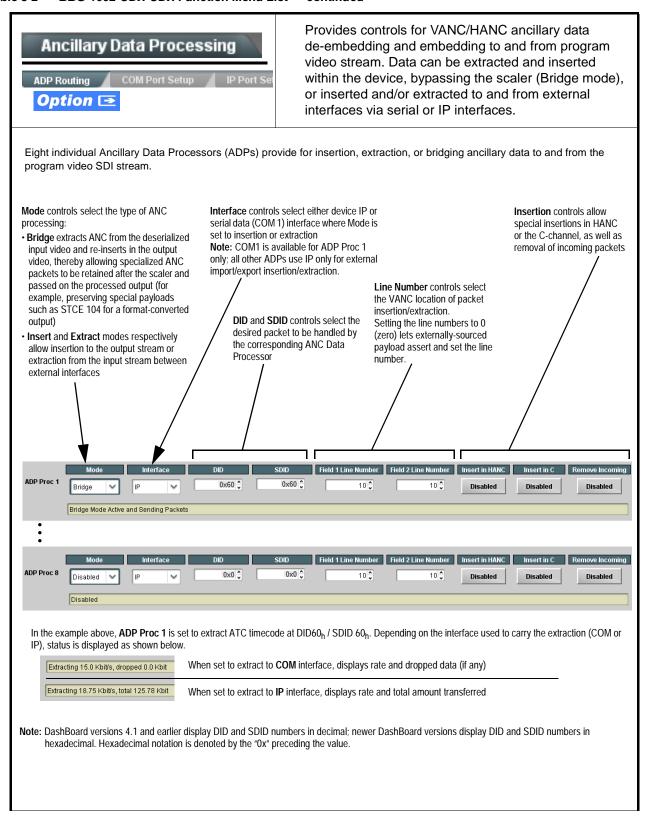
Reverse Alpha Threshold

Threshold mode setting is suited for graphic sources using white backgrounds.

When using either alpha threshold modes, set the **Key Source** and **Fill Source** to use the same source (in this example, SDI input D).

Key Source	SDID	~
Fill Source	SDI D	~

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



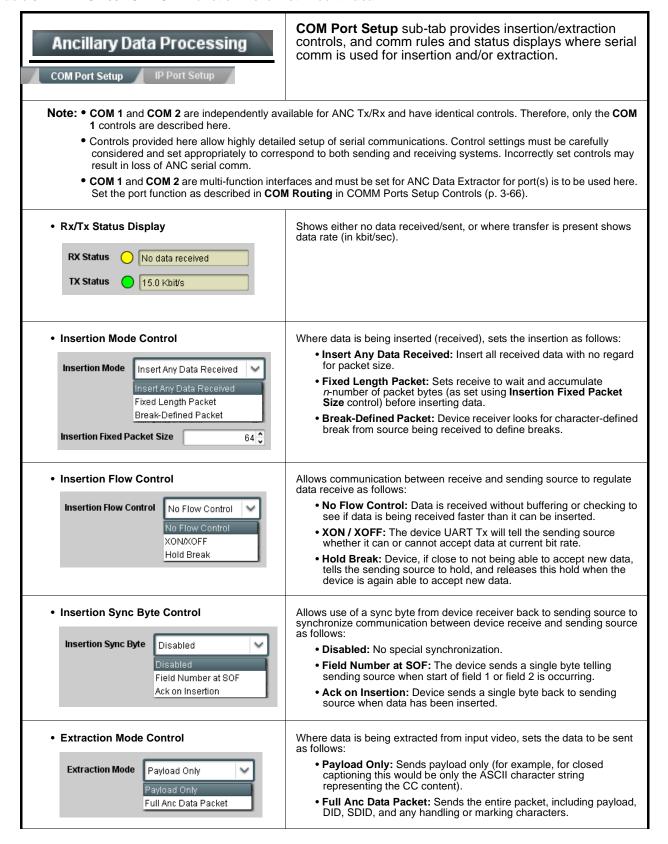
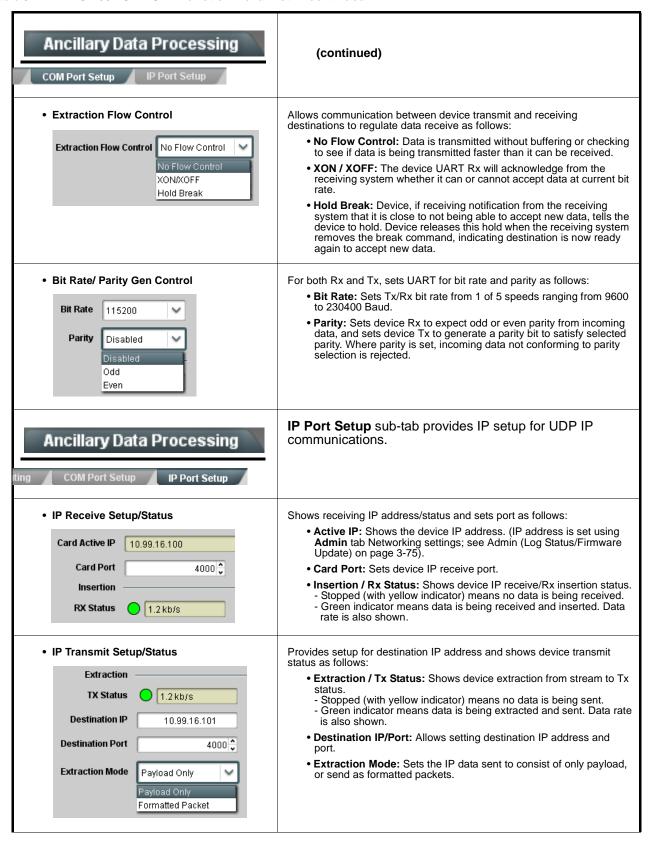


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



## Ancillary Data Processing (continued)

- Notes: Packets received must be sized to fit in a native ancillary data packet (i.e., payloads that span multiple ancillary packets need to be broken down by the sending controller before they are sent to the device).
  - Device can be configured to send back ACK packets each time data is inserted. The ACK packet is sent immediately after the data is actually inserted.
     Packets need to be broken down by the sending controller before they are sent to the device. Device can also be configured to send out "heartbeat" packets every two seconds as an additional safeguard.
  - Packet formatting for insertion/extraction, ACK, and heartbeat is as follows:

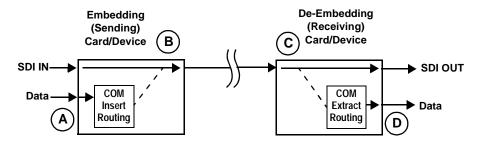
Packet f	ormatting used for insertion/extraction:		ACK Packet Format	Heartbeat Packets		
Bytes	Field	Bytes	Field	Bytes	Field	
3:0	Packet Type (0xF5AB02ED)	3:0	Packet Type (0xAC73B938)	3:0	Packet Type (0x20120831)	
5:4	Packet size	5:4	Received packet size	31:4	Reserved	
6	DID	6	Received DID			
7	SDID	7	Received SDID			
9:8	Line number for Insertion. If set to 0, use the line number set by software.	9:8	Line number on which the received packet was inserted			
11:10	Payload size	11:10	Received payload size			
15:12	User packet ID	15:12	Received user packet ID			
N:16	Payload	31:16	Reserved			

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



**Data-Over-Audio** sub-tab provides controls that allow SMPTE 337/338/339 non-PCM data to be embedded and de-embedded on embedded audio pairs, offering a very convenient self-contained transport within the program stream physical media.

Shown below is an example setup where serial data is embedded as SMPTE 337 non-PCM data on a sending embedded pair, and then extracted on a receiving pair and converted back to serial data using two cards/devices with the **+ANC** option.



- A The COM Routing tab and appropriate sub-tab is set to receive serial data, noting bit rate and parity settings to conform to the received serial data. (See COMM Ports Setup Controls (p. 3-66))
- B The received serial data is then directed to an embedded audio output channel pair by setting a pair to Embedded Data using the Output Audio Routing/Controls tab (in this example, Emb pair 7/8).



The embedded data pair on the receiving end is then selected using the De-Embed Source select drop-down on the **Data-Over-Audio Setup** sub-tab (in this example, Emb Pair 4 (channels 7/8) as correspondingly set on the sending card).



D On the **COM Routing** tab, select Audio Data Extractor to extract and route the received SMPTE 337 data to the desired COM port, noting bit rate, protocol, and parity settings. (See COMM Ports Setup Controls (p. 3-66))



When data is successfully being de-embedded, the status display shows green and indicates the bit rate (bit rate is bit rate configured on sending end; typically SMPTE 337 data transfer is much faster than serial)



Notes: • Embedded channel pair selected must be a standard boundary pair (e.g., 1/2, 3/4 and so on).

SMPTE 337/338/339 embedded pair carrying non-PCM data here is marked as "Non-PCM Data Unknown". Any intermediate devices between
the Cobalt sending card/device and the Cobalt receiving card/device will transfer this data intact, as long as these devices can transfer in a
bit-accurate manner. Most devices capable of carrying Dolby® streams are capable of this. However, any intermediate devices must have
functions such as PCM level controls and SRC disabled.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

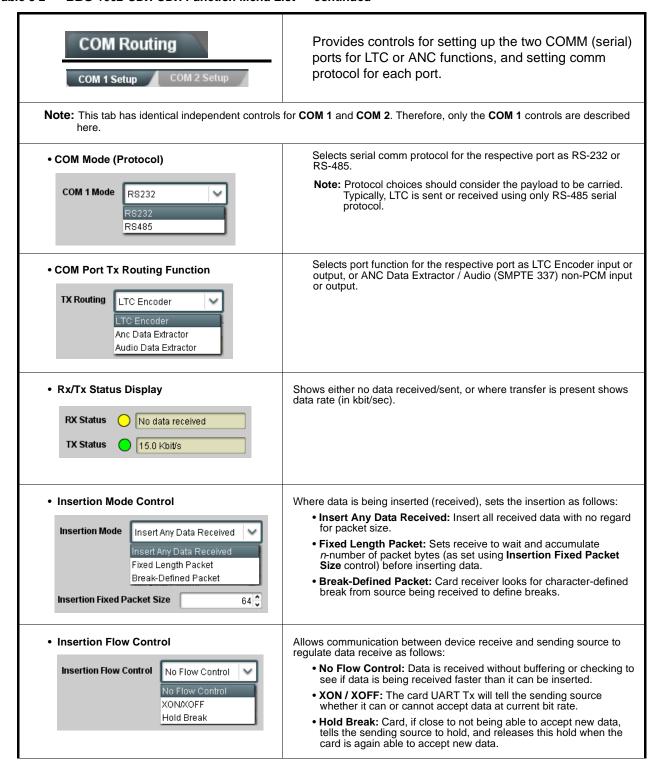
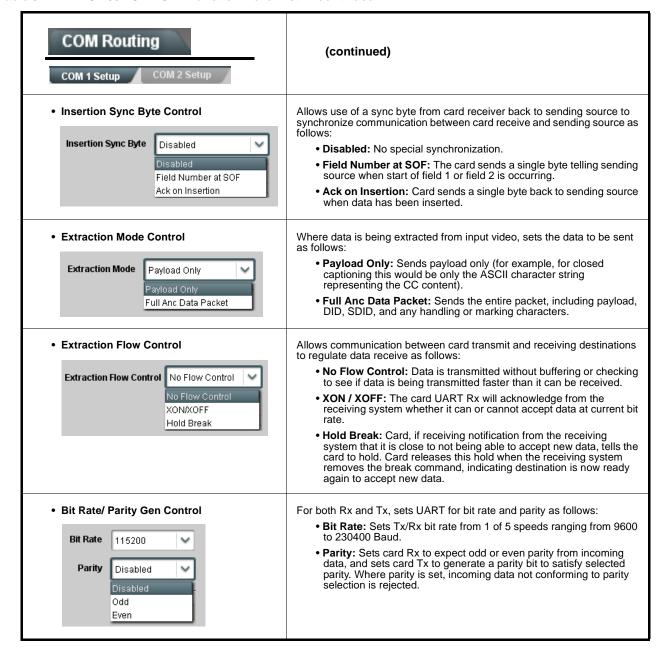


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

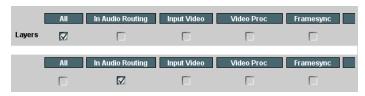


### Presets

Allows user control settings to be saved in a Preset and then loaded (recalled) as desired, and provides a one-button restore of factory default settings.

#### Preset Layer Select

Allows selecting a functional layer (or "area of concern") that the preset is concerned with. Limiting presets to a layer or area of concern allows for highly specific presets, and masks changing settings in areas outside of the layer or area of concern.



Default **All** setting will "look" at all device settings, and save and invoke **all** settings when the preset is invoked (loaded).

Selecting a layer (in this example, "In Audio Routing") will set the preset to **only** "look at" and "touch" input audio routing settings and save these settings under the preset. When the preset is invoked (loaded), **only** the input audio routing layer is "touched".

**Example:** Since EAS audio routing can be considered independent of scaler settings, if normal audio routing was set up with a particular scaler setting in effect, and at a later time EAS audio routing is desired to be saved as a preset, selecting **In Audio Routing** here limits preset-invoked changes to **only** the audio routing layer, "telling" the preset save/load to not concern itself with scaler settings. In this manner, when the EAS audio routing preset is invoked any scaler settings in effect will remain untouched, with only the input audio routing changes invoked.

# Preset Enter/Save/Delete Presets Controls Save/Delete Protected New/Updated Preset Name: New Preset Name Save Preset Save Protected state — Changes locked out Ready (open) state — Changes can be applied

Locks and unlocks editing of presets to prevent accidental overwrite as follows:

- Protect (ready): This state awaits Protected and allows preset Save/ Delete button to save or delete current settings to the selected preset.
   Use this setting when writing or editing a preset.
- Protected: Toggle to this setting to lock down all presets from being inadvertently re-saved or deleted. Use this setting when all presets are as intended.
- Create New Preset: Field for entering user-defined name for the preset being saved (in this example, "IRD Rcv122").
- Save: Saves the current settings under the preset name defined above.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

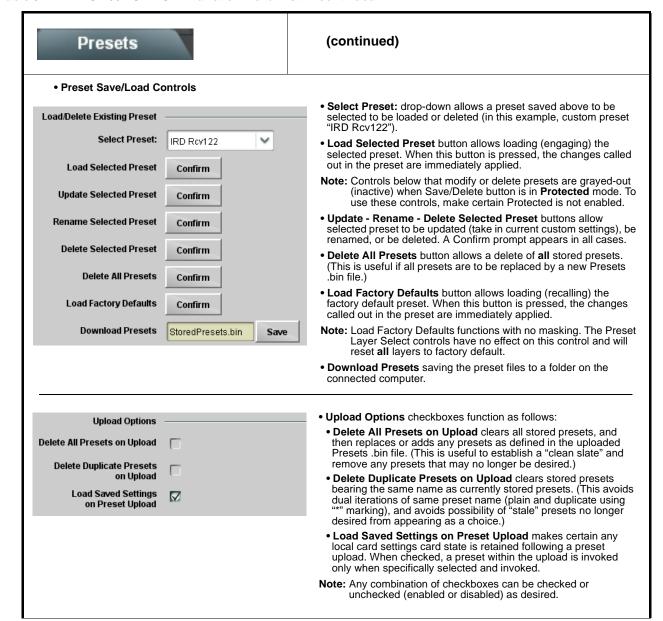


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

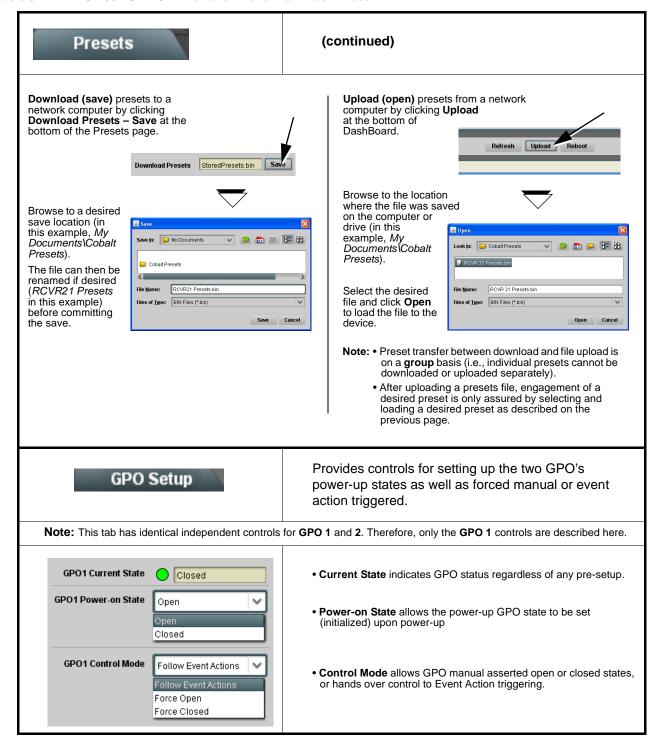


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



Provides event-based loading allowing a defined action to be automatically engaged upon various received signal status. Actions can be "canned" control commands or user-defined by going to a user preset.



- Event based preset loading is not passive and can result in very significant and unexpected control and signal processing changes if not properly used. If event based presets are not to be used, make certain the **Event Based Loading** button is set to **Disabled**.
- Because event based preset loading can apply control changes by invoking presets, loading conditions cannot be nested within a called preset (event-based loading settings performed here cannot be saved to presets, although the settings are persistent across power cycles).

Event triggers allow a variety of event screening criteria, and in turn provide an Event Action "go to" in response to the detected event(s). For each screened criteria, categories can be set as "Don't Care" or set to specific criteria to broaden or concentrate on various areas of concern.

- The Event based loading button serves as a master enable/disable for the function.
- Go-to **Event Actions** can be user-defined presets, "canned" (hard-coded) selections (such as GPO triggers or routing changes), or automated E-mail alert to a respondent (see Email Alerts (p. 3-74) for setting up e-mail alerts).
- Each Event (Event 1 thru Event 32) can be set to screen for any or several Definer criteria as shown in the example below. Up to 32 separate events can be defined.
- Event 1 thru Event 32 are arranged with Event 1 having the highest priority, descending down to Event 32. Where multiple event screening is enabled, lower-priority events are serviced first, with the highest-priority event being the final event serviced and last action taken as well as last item logged in the Event History (see below). This helps ensure that a lower-priority event does not mask detection of higher-priority event(s).
- The **Status** indicator and message shows the activation status of each Event. Green indicator means event is currently engaged.
- Some columns in the DashBoard Event Setup table are present only when certain options are installed (for example, Video Quality column appears only with option +QC).

#### **Event Definers**

Each event can be uniquely set up for any of the condition types in these columns. Unless set to Don't Care, all defined conditions will need to be true in order for the Event to be considered active



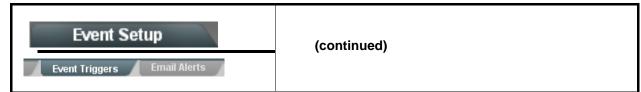
Note: Event criteria settings in any row comprise an AND function. Where multiple criteria are selected, a true (trigger) condition is not propagated unless all specified criteria are true. To independently screen for multiple criteria, rows should be set up where each criteria is screened in its own Event row. Examples of this are shown on the following pages.



The **Event History** log shows any triggered events in groups of five most recent events (newest at the top).

In the example here, log shows Event 2 as the most recent event, and its user-selected action of GPO 1 Close.

Pressing the **Force Event Refresh** button updates the list.



In the example here for Event 1, the **Video Quality Events** tab is set to screen for frozen video on Input A. When detected, this status can be used here (Video Quality set to "Input A Event Engaged" indicating black or frozen video detected). Using the Event Action selector, go-to action of "**go to B**" can be invoked (which in this example is a user preset that changes device routing to use an alternate input source).

Conversely, to go back to the original source, an event could be set up with Video Quality here looking for "Input A Event Disengaged" and in turn invoke an event action returning routing to the original video source (in this example, user preset "normal path A").



In the example here, **Event 1** and **Event 3** are respectively set for frozen video and closed captioning absence detection. Using separate Event rows for Video Quality and ANC Data (closed-captioning absence) screening allows these conditions to be independently detected and acted upon with user actions tailored to the event (when either of the conditions are detected, different actions can be taken as selected).

In this example, frozen video calls a preset using an input video routing change, while loss of closed captioning calls a preset to burn a "no CC" message on the raster. Both Events 1 and 3 have corresponding go-to actions to resume normal operation when the event ceases (in this example, a preset "normal path A").





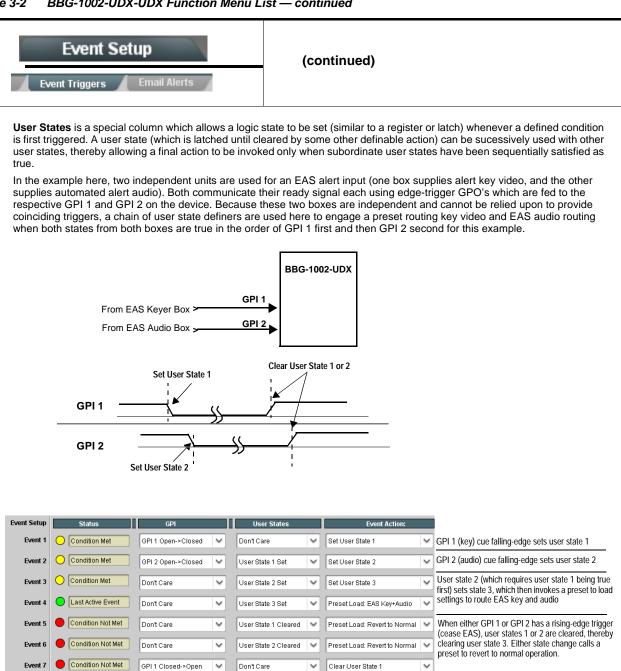
- **Note:** Screened conditions are triggered upon start of event. Any event-based setup must be done in advance of the triggering event in order for event to be detected.
  - If a desired user preset does not appear in the Event Action drop-down, press the DashBoard **Refresh** button at the bottom of the page to update the list in the drop-down.
  - Loss of true conditions does not disengage an event-based triggering. A new set of true conditions must be defined and then occur to transition from one event-based trigger to another.
  - Time required to engage an event-based trigger depends upon complexity of the called preset. (For example, a preset that invokes a video change will take longer to engage than a preset involving only an audio routing change.)
  - Make certain all definable event conditions that the device might be expected to "see" are defined in any of the Event 1 thru Event 32 rows. This makes certain that the device will always have a defined "go-to" action if a particular event occurs. For example, if the device is expected to "see" a 720p5994 stream or as an alternate, a 525i5994 stream, make certain both of these conditions are defined (with your desired go-to presets) in any two of the Event 1 thru Event 32 condition definition rows.
  - Event Actions defined using user presets must be used with care to prevent conditions that could cause looping or the removal or "override" of desired expected settings. When using presets, the Preset Layer selection should be used such that only required aspects are touched (for the example above, the preset "no-cc-msg" should be set to only touch the character burner layer to invoke a character burn).
  - Where multiple event screening is set up, the event you consider to be the highest priority should be set as higher priority than lesser events (as shown in the example above where Video Quality screening trumps CC absence). Also, this prioritization helps ensure that all desired events are screened for before a significant change (such as input video source change) is effected.

Condition Not Met

GPI 2 Closed->Open

Don't Care

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



Clear User State 2

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

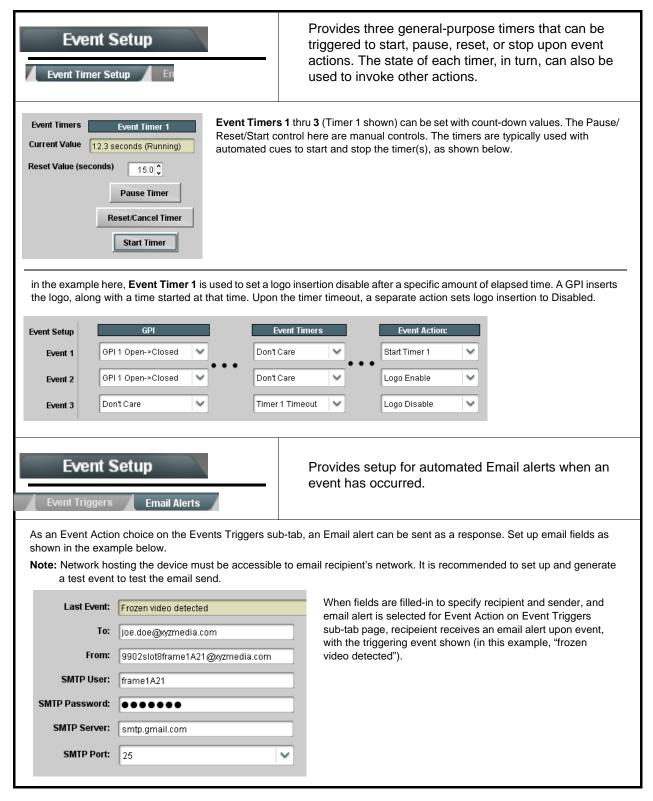


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

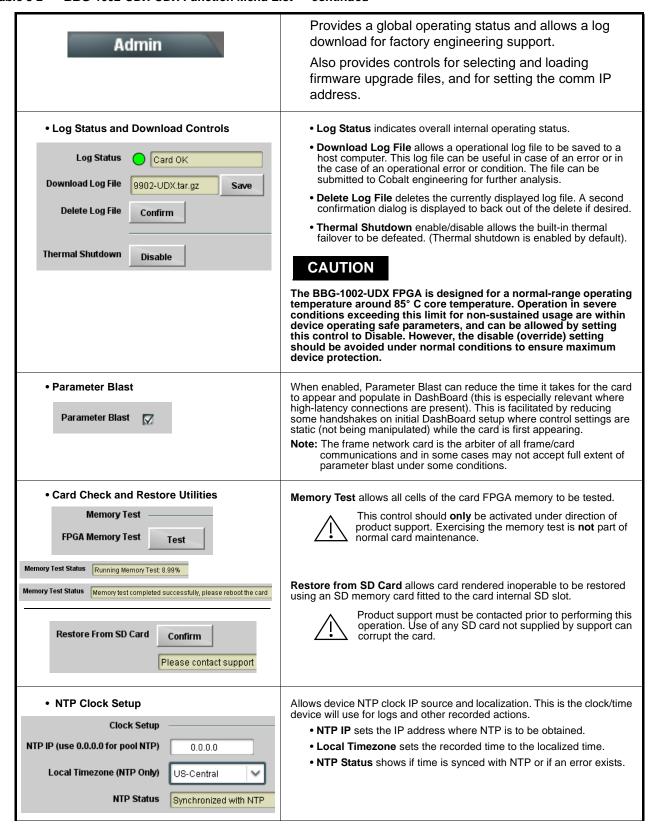


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

### (continued) Admin Firmware upgrade controls allow a selected firmware version (where Firmware Upgrade Controls multiple versions can be uploaded to the device's internal memory) to invoke an upgrade to a selected version either instantly, or set to install on the next device reboot (thereby allowing device upgrade downtime to be controlled at a scheduled point in time). Note: • The web interface allows for much faster file uploads than using the DashBoard interface described below. See

- Uploading Firmware Using Web Interface and GUI (p. 3-81) for details and instructions.
  - The page/tab here allows managing multiple firmware versions saved on the device. New upgrade firmware from our web site can always be directly uploaded to the device without using this page. Instructions for firmware downloading to your computer and uploading to the device can be found at the **Support>Firmware Downloads** link at www.cobaltdigital.com.
- 1. Access a firmware upgrade file from a network computer by clicking Upload at the bottom of DashBoard.
- 2. Browse to the location of the firmware upgrade file (in this example, My Documents\v1.0.0019.bin).
- 3. Select the desired file and click **Open** to upload the file to the device.
- Immediate firmware upload. The device default setting of Automatically Reboot After Upgrade checked allow a selected firmware version to be immediately uploaded as follows:
- 1. Click Firmware To Load and select the desired upgrade file to be loaded (in this example, "v1.0.0019").
- 2. Click Load Selected Firmware. The device now reboots and the selected
- Deferred firmware upload. With Automatically Reboot After Upgrade unchecked, firmware upgrade loading is held off until the device is manually rebooted. This allows scheduling a firmware upgrade downtime event until when it is convenient to experience to downtime.
- 1. Click Firmware To Load and select the desired upgrade file to be loaded (in this example, "v1.0.0019"). Note now how the display shows "Installs on Next
- 2. Click Load Selected Firmware. The device holds directions to proceed with the upload, and performs the upload only when the device is manually rebooted (by pressing the Reboot button).
- 3. To cancel a deferred upload, press Cancel Pending Upgrade. The device reverts to the default settings that allow an immediate upload/upgrade.



Refresh Upload Reboot







Automatically maintains a log of user actions and input lock status.

User Log shows input lock and other user conditions (with most recent event at top of list).

Clear User Log clears all entries.

Download Log File opens a browser allowing the log file to be saved on the host machine.

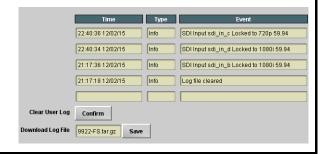


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

### Alarms

Provides controls for setting up controls which screen for and propagate input program video alarms for video, audio, and ancillary data defect conditions.

Conditions and alarm status can be propagated as DashBoard tree-view frame alarms, downloadable .txt files and/or Syslog IP-based alarms.

The **Alarms** tab has several sub-tabs which allow setting up detection and alarm severity/propagation for input program video alarms for video, audio, and ancillary data defect conditions (as described and shown below)

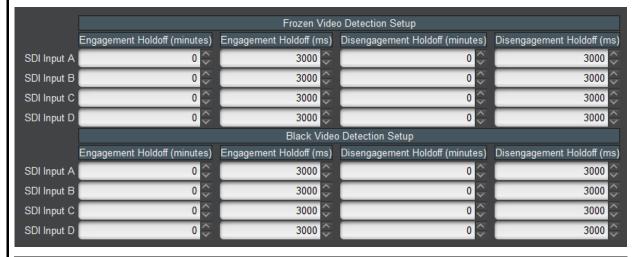
Video Alarm Setup Ancillary Data Alarm Setup Logging
Video Ancillary Data

### Video Alarm Setup

Video Alarm Setup sub-tab allows setting up screening engagement and disengagement holdoff for frozen and/or black video detection on the device's four SDI inputs (independent for each SDI input). In the default example settings shown here, engagement and disengagement of alarm generation occurs 3000 msec after event detect.



Factory default holdoff settings shown here are recommended for at least initial settings. If holdoff periods are too brief, nuisance alarms may be generated during transitions to and from programs and interstitials.



#### Audio Alarm Setup



**Audio Alarm Setup** sub-tab allows setting up screening trigger threshold, engagement and disengagement holdoff for low or missing audio levels on the device's embedded audio input channels.

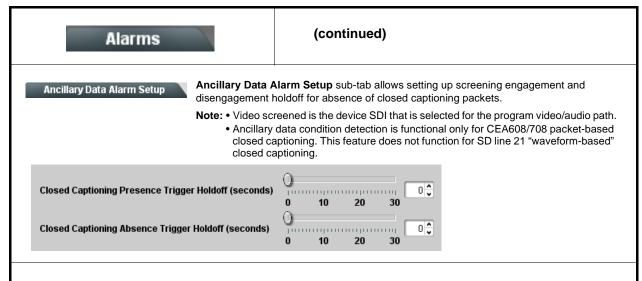
- Levels above the Failover Threshold are considered normal.
- Levels **below** the Failover Threshold (and exceeding the holdoff) are considered below normal.

Note: Audio channels screened are from the device SDI that is selected for the program video/audio path (for example, if SDI A is selected as the input source on the **Input Video** tab, the 16 embedded channels comprising this video/audio input are screened).



Factory default holdoff and threshold settings shown here are recommended for at least initial settings. If holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set too high), nuisance alarms may be generated during transitions to and from programs and interstitials, as well as during certain content.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



### **Alarm Propagation Tabs**

Video, Audio, and Ancillary Data sub-tabs set alarm propagation attributes, including:

- Logging of alarms and conditions
- Propagation of alarms to the device general Device State/DashBoard frame-based tree-view pane
- Ignore alarm, or set severity as Warning (yellow "LED") or Error (red "LED")

Each of these sub-tabs is described below.

Video

Video sub-tab independently shows for all four SDI inputs any LOS (loss of signal), frozen, or black conditions triggered for any of the SDI IN A thru SDI IN D inputs.

Condition/Status has LOS, Frozen, and Black status fields for all 4 SDI inputs. Illuminated "LED" indicates that condition is presently occurring. Color of LED is determined by user-set Severity level.

- Log (when checked) propagates the alarm to a log file.
- Alarm (when checked) propagates the alarm to the Card State and frame-level DashBoard tree-view "LEDs".
- Severity selects from Ignore/OK (green "LED"), Warning (yellow "LED"), and Error (red "LED") alarm escalation states.
- **Duration** and **Last Occurence** shows details for each triggered alarm event.



**Note:** The Log, Alarm, Severity, and Duration/Last Occurrence columns appear on the other alarm sub-tabs and function identically as described here.

Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued

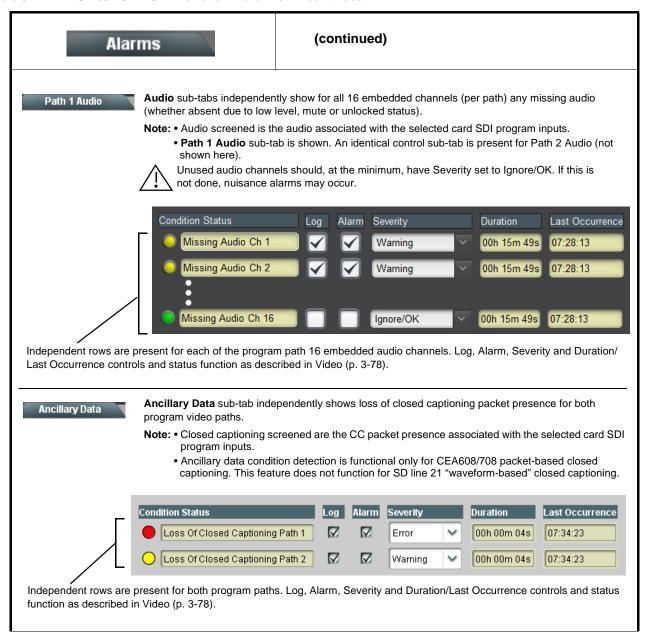
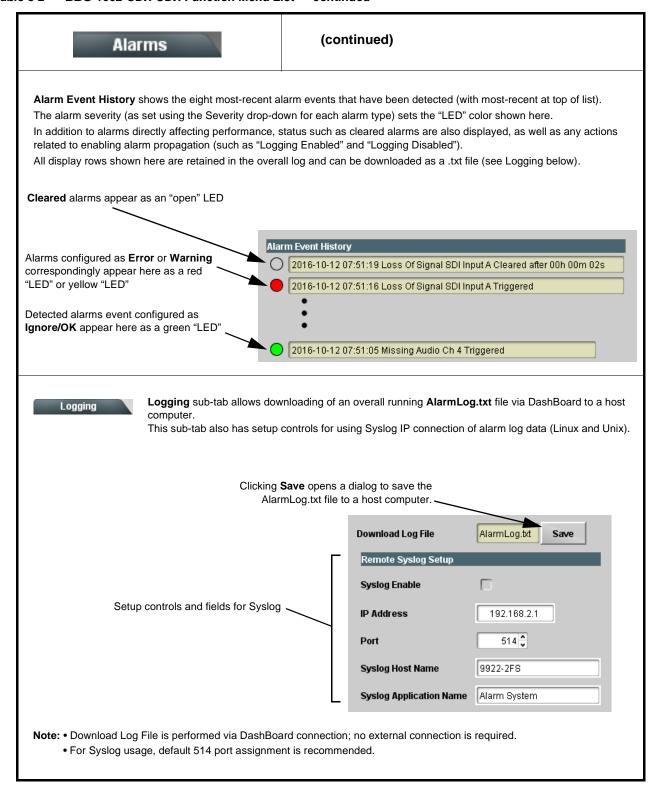


Table 3-2 BBG-1002-UDX-UDX Function Menu List — continued



## **Uploading Firmware Using Web Interface and GUI**

Firmware (such as upgrades, option keys, and presets .bin files) can be uploaded to BBG-1002-UDX directly via the web html5 interface without going through DashBoard (see Figure 3-8). In addition to allowing uploads without needing a DashBoard connection, this method transfers files typically much faster than using DashBoard.

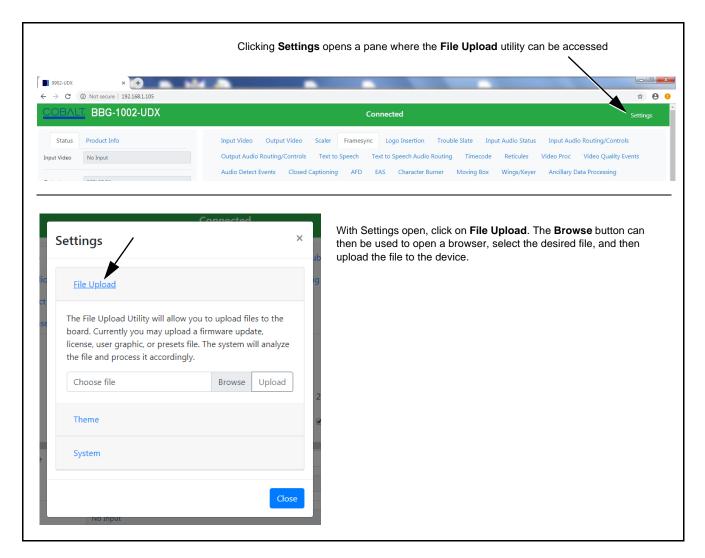


Figure 3-8 Uploads Using Web Interface/GUI

Front Panel User Menus

### **Front Panel User Menus**

All of the mode and parametric controls available using the web UI (as described in BBG-1002-UDX Function Menu List and Descriptions) are available using the front panel display and arrow navigating buttons. Table 3-3 lists the menu structure and identifiers for these functions, along with page references for detailed information about the functions and its controls.

The front panel menus offers a true standalone means to configure the BBG-1002 with no connection to a network required, and is useful where changes need to be done immediately (or in emergency situations) without the benefit of network access. However, the web GUI provides greatly simplified user interfaces as compared to using this menu and the arrow controls. For this reason, it is **strongly recommended** that the web GUI or DashBoard remote control be used for all applications other than the most basic cases.

#### Note:

- When a setting is changed using either the menu described here or the web GUI remote control, settings displayed are the settings as effected by the device itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the device.
- Items other than status displays have an additional submenu where a selection for the item can be made. Some submenu items listed in Table 3-3 have additional nested submenus (denoted by \*). These multiple-level submenus are not listed here; refer to the referenced page number for more information.

## **Setup/Operating Instructions**

Table 3-3 Front Panel User Menus

Menu>Submenu Items	Menu>Submenu Items	Menu>Submenu Items	
Status (pg 3-8)  Output Video SDI Input A SDI Input B SDI Input C SDI Input D GPI 1 GPI 2 Reference Card Voltage Card Power Card Temp(front) Card Temp (FPGA) Card Up Time Preset Engaged	Framesync (pg 3-17)  Lock Mode Output Rate Initial Startup Format Output Mode On LOS Test Pattern Vert Lines Offset Horiz Offset Frame Delay Report Delay Lock Status	Scaler (pg 3-13) Enb/Bypass Input Video Output Video Output Format Aspect Ratio H Aspect Ratio V H Pan V Pan	
Product Info (pg 3-8) Product Product Options Supplier Revision Build Date FPGA Rev FPGA Build Date S/N	GPIO (pg 3-46) GPI1 GPI2 GPI Coding	Timecode (pg 3-42) Ref VITC Status Input VITC Status Input ATC LTC Status Input ATC VITC Status Output Status	
Network Settings (pg 3-3) IP Addr Netmask Gateway Mode (DHCP/Stat)	Input Video (pg 3-11) Source SDI IN A Status SDI IN B Status SDI IN C Status SDI IN D Status	Presets (pg 3-68) Save/Delete Mode Select Preset Load Selected Preset Delete Selected Preset Load Factory Defaults	
Character Burner (pg 3-51) Ident 1* Ident 2* Timecode*	Moving Box (pg 3-56) Enable Mode Width Height Horiz Speed Vert Speed Opacity Color		
Closed Captioning (pg 3-47) Input Status HD Output Line CC Emb/Dis	Output Audio Routing (pg 3-31) Output Meters 1—8 Output Meters 9—16 Audio Bulk Delay		

**3** Troubleshooting

### **Troubleshooting**

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the BBG-1002-UDX and its remote control interface. The BBG-1002-UDX requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

### **Error and Failure Indicator Overview**

The BBG-1002-UDX itself and its remote control provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the BBG-1002-UDX is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various BBG-1002-UDX device and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

Note:

The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.

- Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-86)
- BBG-1002-UDX Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-86)

# **BBG-1002-UDX Front Panel Status/Error Indicators and Display**

Figure 3-9 shows and describes the BBG-1002-UDX front panel indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the device itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the device itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

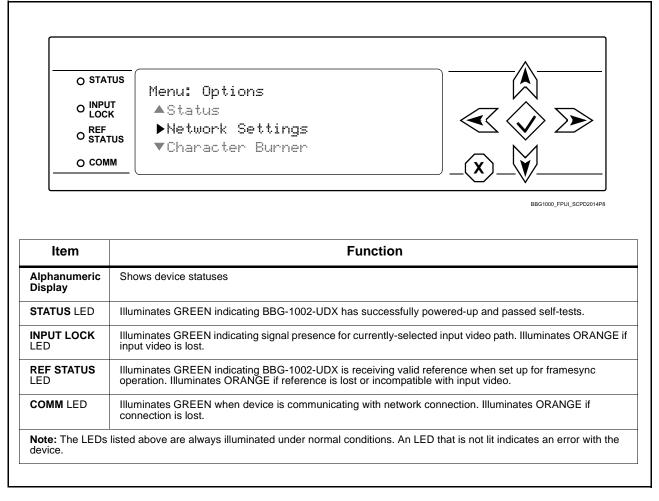


Figure 3-9 BBG-1002-UDX Device Edge Status Indicators and Display

3 Troubleshooting

### **Basic Troubleshooting Checks**

Failures of a general nature (affecting many devices and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-4 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

Table 3-4 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Item	Checks		
Verify power presence and characteristics	On the BBG-1002-UDX, in all cases when power is being properly supplied all indicators should be illuminated. Any device showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern.		
	<ul> <li>Check the Power Consumed indication for the BBG-1002-UDX. This can be observed using the Status front-panel or web UI pane.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>If display shows no power being consumed, the BBG-1002-UDX itself is defective.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>If display shows excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-15) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the BBG-1002-UDX may be defective.</li> </ul>		
Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points	Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended device inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules.		
Check status indicators and displays	On BBG-1002-UDX front panel and web interface indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.		
Troubleshoot by substitution	All devices can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect device with a known-good item.		

### **BBG-1002-UDX Processing Error Troubleshooting**

Table 3-5 provides BBG-1002-UDX processing troubleshooting information. If the BBG-1002-UDX exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-5, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the BBG-1002-UDX is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the device.

Note:

Where errors are displayed on both the BBG-1002-UDX and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

Table 3-5 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action	
BBG-1002 shows <b>Unlocked</b> message in BBG-1002-UDX Info pane.	No video input present	Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate BBG-1002-UDX video input. Make certain BNC cable connections are OK.	
Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode) not transferred	Control(s) not enabled	Make certain respective control is set to <b>On</b> or <b>Enabled</b> (as appropriate).	
through BBG-1002-UDX	VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items	<ul> <li>Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-9).</li> </ul>	
Audio not processed or passed through device	Enable control not turned on	On Output Audio Routing/Controls tab, Audio Group Enable control for group 1 thru 4 must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channel groups.	
(Option +QC only) Audio silence event not detected or triggered on	Holdoff set too long to detect condition	The <b>Trigger Holdoff</b> controls on the <b>Audio Detect Events</b> tab allow ignoring silence events unless the event duration exceeds the holdoff setting. Make certain holdoff is set sufficiently low to detect events as desired.	
SD closed captioning waveform or character rendering is corrupted	Character burner and/or moving box insertions running into line 21	For SD usage, burn-ins can impinge on and corrupt line 21 closed-captioning waveform if positioned too close to the upper right of the raster. Typically, character burn and/or moving box insertions are not intended for content (such as OTA) where CC is required. If CC is present and must be retained, make certain to check CC content if burn-in insertions are enabled and reposition burn-ins to avoid line 21 interference.	
Excessive or nuisance input signal quality events in log or Card State status display	Holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set too high)	If holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set too sensitive), nuisance alarms may be generated during transitions to and from programs and interstitials, as well as during certain content.	
Selected upgrade firmware will not upload	Automatic reboot after upgrade turned off	Device Presets > Automatically Reboot After Upgrade box unchecked. Either reboot the device manually, or leave this box checked to allow automatic reboot to engage an upgrade upon selecting the upgrade.	
Device does not pass video or audio as expected. Control settings spontaneously changed from expected settings.	Event-based preset inadvertently invoked	Event-based preset loading ( <b>Event Setup</b> tab) should be set to <b>Disabled</b> if this function is not to be used. Read and understand this control description before using these controls to make sure engagement for all expected conditions is considered. See Presets (p. 3-68) for more information.	
Device will not retain user settings, or setting changes or presets spontaneously invoke.	Event Based Loading sub-tab inadvertently set to trigger on event	If event based loading is not to be used, make certain event-based triggering on <b>Event Setup</b> is disabled (either using master <b>Enable/Disable</b> control or through events settings. See Presets (p. 3-68) for more information.	

3 Troubleshooting

### In Case of Problems

### **Recovering Card From SD Memory Card**

New production cards come equipped with an SD card installed in a slot receptacle on the underside of the card. The data on this SD card can be used to restore a card should the card become unresponsive (can't communicate with DashBoard or other remote control). Recovering a card using the procedure here will restore the card to any installed option licenses and the most recent firmware installed.

1. (See Figure 3-10.) Make certain the card has the proper SD card installed in the under-card slot. If SD card is **not** installed, contact Product Support to obtain an SD card.

- Note: (Option +TTS only) Cards shipped with option +TTS use an SD card for the TTS library in addition to recovery files. If your +TTS-equipped device was received earlier than December 2015, your SD may not contain the recovery files. Contact Product Support to obtain the updated SD card containing both TTS library and SD recovery files.
  - If unit is a BBG-1000 Series device, remove the top cover before proceeding.

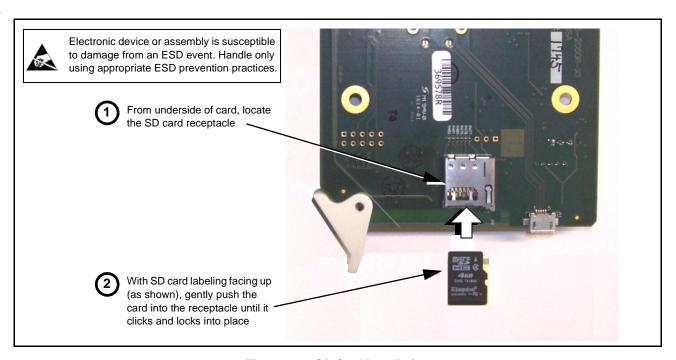


Figure 3-10 SD Card Installation

2. (See Figure 3-11.) With card powered-down, locate the **MMC BOOT** button on the card. Proceed as shown in picture.

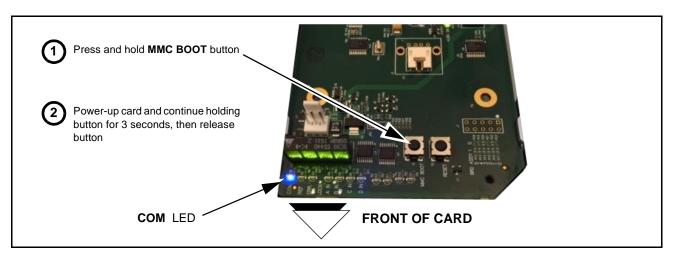


Figure 3-11 MMC Boot Button

- **3.** With button now released, the card will begin reprogramming:
  - **COM** LED illuminates and remains illuminated.
  - When reprogram is complete, **COM** LED turns off, on, and then off again (entire process takes about 1-1/2 minute).
- **4.** Remove power from the card (remove card from slot or power-down BBG-1000 Series unit).
- **5.** Re-apply power to the card. The card/device will display as "*UNLICENSED*" in DashBoard/remote control.
- **6.** In Dashboard or web remote control, go to **Admin** tab and click **Restore from SD Card**. After about 1/2-minute, the card license(s) will be restored and card will be using its most recently installed firmware.
- **7.** Card/device can now be used as normal. On BBG-1000 Series unit, re-install top cover.

### **Contact and Return Authorization**

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

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